

TABLE NO. 10—Continued.

Occupation.	During the Period.	Since Opening Hospital.	Occupation.	During the Period.	Since Opening Hospital.
Oilcloth printers ...		1	Soapmakers		1
Painters 7		50	Stockbreeders ..		1
Paperhangers ...		1	Storekeepers ...		6
Printers 2		21	Shirtmakers		2
Peddlers 1		16	Steamfitters		1
Physicians 2		24	Scale experts ...		1
Pilots 1		1	Traveling sales-		
Plumbers 3		3	men 4		9
Prostitutes 9		9	Tailors 1		29
Photographers ...		5	Teachers 3		62
Piano tuners ...		1	Teamsters 1		17
Piano makers ..		2	Typewriters		1
Porters 2		2	Telegraph oper-		
Policemen 6		6	ators 1		11
Plauers 1		1	Tinsmiths 4		4
Pressfeeders ...		1	Tramps 10		10
Plasterers 2		2	Timekeepers ...		2
Potters 1		1	Train dispatch-		
Real estate agts. ...		16	ers 2		2
Reporters 1		1	Typesetters		1
Seamstresses ...		51	Tanners 1		1
School children ...		21	Upholsterers ...		1
Students 10		56	Veterinary sur-		
Singers 1		1	geons 2		5
Shoemakers 1		42	Watchmakers ..		8
Stovemakers ...		1	Wagonmakers ...		11
Stonecutters 4		16	Well diggers ...		2
Section men ... 2		9	Weavers 8		8
Stenographers ... 2		5	Wheat buyers ..	1	10
Sailors 8		8	Watchmen 2		2
Soldiers 2		2	Washerwomen .	3	3
Stonemasons ... 3		3	No occupation ..	12	599
Salesmen 3		27	Not given 10		324
Saloonkeepers .. 2		14			
Spiritual medi-					
ums 1		1	Totals 577		9,359

REPORT
OF THE
SUPERINTENDENT
OF THE
Minnesota School for Feeble-Minded.

BIENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JULY 31, 1904.

OFFICERS AND TEACHERS—1902-1903.

ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent—A. C. Rogers, B. S., M. D.
Secretary and Stenographer—Miss Bertha Jeusen.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

First Assistant Physician—Wm. P. Baldwin, M. D.
Second Assistant Physician—Daniel Kriedt, M. D.
Hospital Matron—Miss Mabel Worthington.
Oculist and Aurist—A. F. Pringle, M. D.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Steward and Storekeeper—F. H. Grane (to Oct. 22, 1902), C. E.
Harkens (to Feb. 1, 1903), W. A. Richards.
Bookkeeper and Clerk—Miss Katherine Jellineck.
Stenographer—Miss Jean Monty.
Usher and Postmistress—Miss Eva Ober.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Principal Teacher—Miss Margaret McLean.

Teacher Boys' Industrial—H. G. Moser.

Band and Orchestra Teacher—Wesley E. Steppan.

Sloyd Teacher—Miss Georgia Sunstrom (to Jan. 25, 1903), Miss Edith Wagner (after May 1st).

Articulation Teacher—Miss Emily Sauter.

Music and Gymnastic Teacher—Miss Elizabeth La Selle.

Teachers—Mrs. Emily Tracy, Miss Addie B. Johnston, Miss Maud Stewart, Mrs. Anna La Grave, Miss Bertha B. Park, Miss Agnes Dillingham, Miss Nelly H. Pickard, Miss Zulma Requier (to Jan. 1, 1903), Miss Grace Blalock (after Jan. 1st), Miss Alice E. Smith, and Mrs. Margaret Cranbrook.

Printing Teacher—Miss Nellie Wittaus.

ENGINEERS' DEPARTMENT.

Chief Engineer—E. B. Dickinson.

Electrician—A. R. Tracy, E. E.

CARETAKERS' DEPARTMENT.

General Matron—Miss Margaret Wood.

Assistant Matrons—Mrs. Eugenia Wylie and Mrs. Belle Jackson.

Chaplain—J. C. Black.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Housekeepers—Miss Bettie Clements (to Oct. 18, 1902), Mrs. S. V. Avery, Mrs. May B. Stewart, and Miss Ella M. Weikel.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Head Farmer and Wife—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Thom.

EPILEPTIC DEPARTMENT—COTTAGE NO. 1 (BOYS).

Charge Attendants—Wm. Dickey and Chas. Rand.

COTTAGE NO. 2 (BOYS).

Charge Attendants—A. A. Swanbeck and N. A. Veit.

COTTAGE NO. 1 (GIRLS).

Supervisor—Mrs. Margaret M. Hatch.

OFFICERS AND TEACHERS—1903-1904.

ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent—A. C. Rogers, B. S., M. D.
Secretary and Stenographer—Miss Bertha Jensen.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

First Assistant Physician—H. A. La Moure, M. D.
Second Assistant Physician—Daniel Kriedt, M. D. (to Oct. 13, 1903),
P. Eugene Campbell, M. D. (after June 24, 1904).
Hospital Matron—Miss Mabel Worthington.
Oculist and Aurist—A. F. Pringle, M. D.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Steward and Storekeeper—W. A. Richards.
Bookkeeper and Clerk—Miss Katherine Jellineck.
Stenographer—Miss Jean Monty.
Clothing Clerk—Gny M. Robie.
Usher and Postmistress—Miss Eva Ober (to May 1, 1904), Miss
Marie Dummer (after May 1st).

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Principal Teacher—Miss Margaret McLean.
Teacher Boys Industrial—H. G. Moser.
Band and Orchestra Teacher—Wesley E. Steppan.
Sloyd Teacher—Miss Alberta B. Herrick.
Music and Gymnastics—Miss Elizabeth La Selle.
Music—Miss Marian Johnston.
Teachers—Mrs. Emily Tracy, Miss Addie B. Johnston, Miss Maud
Stewart, Miss Mary I. Douglass, Mrs. Margaret Cranbrook, Miss
Agnes M. Dillingham, Miss Nelly Pickard (to Jan. 1, 1904), Miss
Elizabeth Bass (after Jan. 1st), Mrs. Anna La Grave, Miss Dora
McRoberts, Miss Alice E. Smith, and Miss Grace E. Blalock.
Printing Teacher—Miss Nellie Wittaus.

ENGINEERS' DEPARTMENT.

Chief Engineer—E. B. Dickinson.
Electrician—A. R. Tracy, E. E.

CARETAKERS' DEPARTMENT.

General Matron—Miss Margaret Wood.
Assistant Matrons—Mrs. Eugenia Wylie and Mrs. Belle Jackson.
Chaplain—C. F. Carson.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Housekeepers—Mrs. Ella Sanborn, Mrs. May B. Stewart, and Miss Ella M. Weikel.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Head Farmer and Wife—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Thom.

EPILEPTIC DEPARTMENT—COTTAGE NO. 1 (BOYS).

Charge Attendants—A. W. Logghe, Wm. Dickey (to Feb. 1st), G. W. Gillispie.

COTTAGE NO. 2 (BOYS).

Charge Attendants—A. A. Swanbeck and N. A. Veit.

COTTAGE NO. 1 (GIRLS).

Supervisor—Mrs. Margaret Hatch.

Board of Control of State Institutions,
St. Paul, Minn.

Gentlemen:

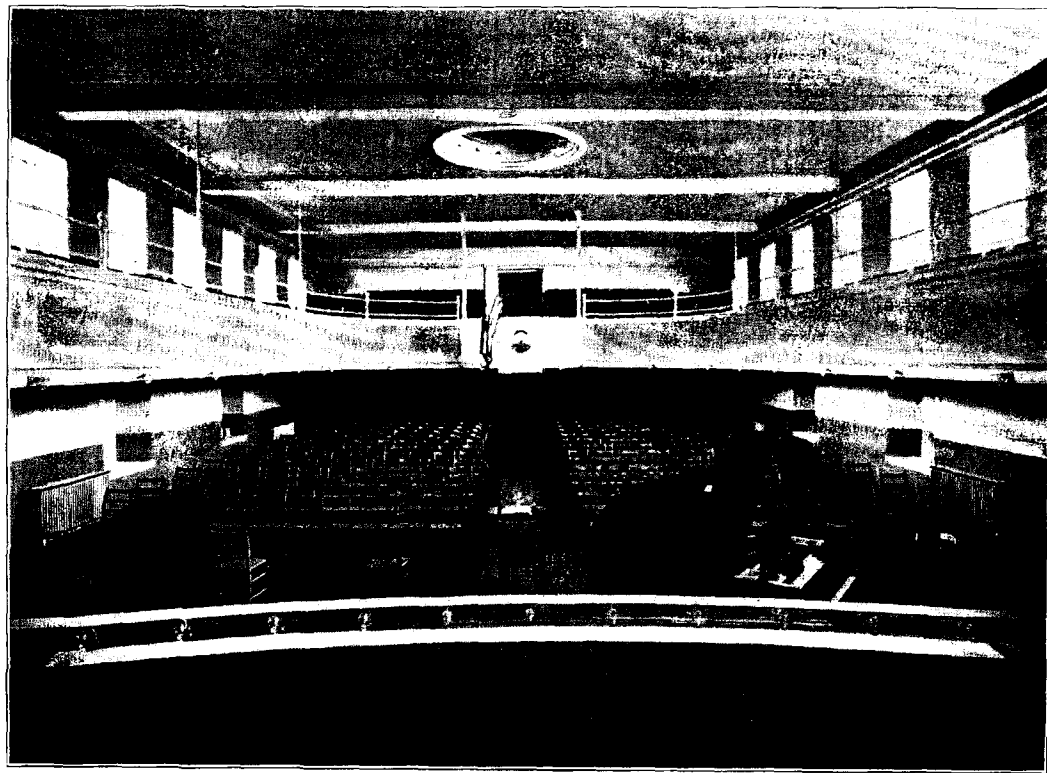
I have the honor herewith to submit the thirteenth biennial report of the administration of the Minnesota School for Feeble-Minded as follows:

The movement of population at the school from July 31, 1902 to Aug. 1, 1904, was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Present August 1, 1902	382	304	686
Absent for the time (summer vacation).....	118	83	201
Admitted during the two years	161	145	306
Readmitted during the two years.....	4	5	9
Totals	665	537	1,202
Discharged and dropped	79	43	122
Died	47	33	80
Absent for the time (summer vacation).....	112	80	192
Present July 31, 1904	427	381	808
Totals	665	537	1,202

The total attendance was: 1902-1903, 975; 1903-1904, 1,050.

The average attendance was: 1902-1903, 826; 1903-1904, 872.



ASSEMBLY HALL. SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE MINDED. FARIBAULT,

APPLICATIONS.

Applications have been received as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total
1902-1903	96	59	155
1903-1904	86	69	155
Totals	182	128	310
Applications previous	1,116	858	1,974
Total received to July 31, 1904.....	1,298	986	2,284

HEALTH AND MORTALITY.

There has been no serious epidemic during the period, and about the usual sickness and mortality—4.8 per cent during the first year and 3.1 per cent during the second. The following table shows the

MORTALITY.

Table showing causes of death during the biennial period:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Accident (railroad)	1	...	1
Asphyxia .....	...	1	1
Bronchitis and pleurisy .....	...	1	1
Broncho-pneumonia	3	2	5
Burn, accidental .....	...	1	1
Cancer of stomach	1	...	1
Cerebral hemorrhage	1	...	1
Chorea and tuberculosis	1	...	1
Diabetes	1	...	1
Dilatation of heart, acute .....	...	1	1
Drowning, accidental	1	...	1
Endocarditis	1	...	1
Enteritis, Acute	1	...	1
Epilepsy	5	3	8
Fracture of Spine	1	...	1
Gastro-Enteritis, Acute	1	...	1
Gangrene of foot.....	1	...	1
General paralysis and tuberculosis of genito-urinary tract	1	...	1
Heart failure .....	...	2	2
Intussusception	1	...	1
Meningitis, tubercular	1	1	2
Marasmus .....	...	1	1
Pneumonia	1	1	2
Pulmonary Oedema	1	1	2
Pulmonary tuberculosis	20	17	37
Pyemia	1	...	1
Suicide by poison .....	...	1	1
Valvular disease of heart	2	...	2
Totals	47	33	80

THE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

What shall a feeble-minded child study? As to this, in theory at least there seems to be no question. He should study that which he can comprehend, assimilate and use for the good of himself and others.

Everything that a feeble-minded child can do well is a part of his education. Learning to dress properly, developing cleanliness of person and correct habits, are fundamental. The play room (family) life and the school room life should be done in direction and purpose. The education of a feeble-minded child should be a preparation for the life he must lead and he should be taught to be a good citizen in his community. It is true that his community, in a majority of cases, will be that of the public institution but the course of training should be the same.

Our schools endeavor to make the children healthful, cheerful, helpful, trustworthy and industrious.

The schools are classified as follows:

First Kindergarten.

Second Kindergarten.

First Primary.

Second Primary.

First Intermediate (Class B).

Second Intermediate (Class A).

In the kindergartens the training of the work or play may be two or even three fold: for example, a ball game will exercise the body and train the sense of sight (mind) and in the way it is played may bring in incidentally lessons in order, courtesy, and so on.

Marches, dance steps, rhythmical exercises, calisthenics, games, etc., are given for physical exercise, precision and grace.

Games for sense training, songs and rhymes for language and memory training.

Stories, talks, representative games, care of plants and animals, and the kindergarten life itself, afford training of the heart, give material for thought, and teach habits of industry, order, promptness, accuracy, neatness, independence, gratitude, thoughtfulness and unselfishness.

Gift lessons, give elementary ideas of number, size, form, color, etc.

Occupation work, training head to control hand so far as possible, but the hand to work even though mechanically.

Free play, developing individuality.

The kindergarten is the basis of all school work—the ideas brought out there are carried into all grades.

The most advanced work is done in Class A, where the Fourth Reader is completed, supplemented with reading from magazines and papers.

Spelling, penmanship, arithmetic, language, oral geography, and United States History are taught.

Special attention is given to articulation in all classes.

The majority of the children are as lacking physically as they are mentally—a vigorous, healthy body that can ward off disease is rarely met with among them, hence the necessity for physical training.

GYMNASTIC WORK.

Special classes (twenty minutes in gymnasium).

Special exercises are conducted for deformed children, paralytics, etc.

Marching, special free exercises, running, mat work, use of chest weights and ladders, use of bean bags, soft rubber balls, basket balls, foot balls and medicine balls are employed. The gymnasium is used by all the children in the school department. Work is given as they require it and are capable of taking it, along the following course:

FIRST YEAR.

Free developing exercises, marching, elementary drills in rings, simple gymnastics, plays and games.

SECOND YEAR.

Marching, figure marching, elementary drills with wooden dumb bells and rings, exercises on jump stand, Swedish free gymnastic games.

THIRD YEAR.

Marching and figure marching, free developing exercises, advanced drills with wooden dumb bells, elementary work in Indian clubs and balls, use of rings, jump-stand, elementary dancing, and gymnastic games.

FOURTH YEAR.

Facing and marchings in military drill, free developing exercises, light gymnastics, including advanced drills in wands, wooden dumb-bells, Indian clubs and bounding balls, dancing steps (Delsarte), gymnastic games, including basket ball, touch ball, and hand ball.

Class room work is conducted by teacher of room, for five minutes each session.

SLOYD.

This continues to furnish valuable training for fifty children. The sloyd teacher also has classes in wood-carving, basketry, pyrography, etc.

OTHER MANUAL TRAINING.

Sewing.—The sewing and lace classes are large and doing excellent work.

Net Class.—A most valuable training for lower grades—making of hammocks, tennis nets, laundry bags, shopping bags, fly nets, etc.

Printing Office.—In this is published the Journal of 'Psycho-Asthenics and the North Star, and nearly all the printing required in the institution.

Music.—All the children are taught chapel songs, etc. A chorus class has special drill daily, and this class furnishes all the musical entertainments, operettas, etc.

Our band and orchestra have increased in number and play a better grade of music than ever before. Their work is above that of the average amateur band or orchestra.

INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT OUTSIDE OF THE SCHOOLS.

FARM.

The farm, garden and dairy afford, as usual, the most satisfactory employment for our older boys. The action of the Board in renting the Winter farm in Jewett's Valley has enlarged the possibilities and usefulness in this department. The desirability of extending this department is well understood by your Board and referred to elsewhere in this report.

SHOP.

As a step beyond the sloyd training, the carpenter, brush, furniture repair work, mattress-making and shoe repairing, afford diversified employment for the boys, giving them additional training and directing their efforts along practical constructive lines. The work here is under practical mechanics, but falls short of its greatest possibilities for the pupils and patients, for lack of room and facilities, as will be explained under recommendations.

TAILOR SHOP.

The girls' dresses, and the boys' suits, are manufactured here by the older girls, under trained instructors, and it is one of our most useful and successful departments.

SUNDAY EXERCISES.

Sunday School is held from nine to ten a. m. The chaplain addresses the children in the evening, at which time about five hundred children assemble from all departments. Music of a high order is always given at this service.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The weekly dances are held on Tuesday and Thursday evening of each week. Once each month a musical entertainment is provided by the pupils of our music classes.

Band concerts are frequent, out of doors whenever the weather will permit, and are always greatly enjoyed.

The Amusement Fund provides lectures, etc., on occasion.

AMUSEMENT FUND AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Our Amusement Fund, provided by (1) surplus from the Christmas donations, (2) profits from the sale of candy and notions at the Children's Store, and (3) from private donations, affords the means for numerous entertainments and amusements that could not well be provided otherwise.

I take pleasure in acknowledging the following:

June 15, 1903, H. N. Schwallen, Roberts, Wis.....	\$26.38
June 19, 1903, D. Tapper, Young America, Minn.....	.38
Sept. 3, 1903, Mrs. M. Jones, Virginia, Minn.....	25.19
Oct. 7, 1903, Visitors.....	1.00
Jan. 25, 1904, John Elliott, Eyota, Minn.....	15.55
Jan. 26, 1904, O. R. Berkness, Willmar, Minn.....	3.45
Jan. 27, 1904, Edw. Aalia, Summit, S. D.....	.98
Jan. 30, 1904, Miss Flora B. Merrill, Tiburon, Cal.....	1.94
Jan. 30, 1904, Chas. Martin, Manaana, Minn.....	10.00
Mar. 10, 1904, S. Lang, Minneapolis, Minn.....	1.00
Apr. 19, 1904, Mrs. N. Schon, St. Paul, Minn.....	2.00

I wish to acknowledge the kindness shown by some of the young people of Faribault in presenting a play "Under Difficulties," to our family, February 12, 1903, also some of the Christian Endeavor Young People for their entertainment "A Scrap of Paper" on April 27, 1903. Both entertainments were highly appreciated.

We are also under obligations to the publishers of the following periodicals sent to the institution gratis: The Farmers Tribune, Minneapolis; Our Visitor and Dispatch, St. Paul; the Mantorville Express, the Democrat and Pilot, Faribault.

Some of the amusements or entertainments which the Amusement Fund has furnished, are as follows: A round of sleigh rides each winter; a play "David Garrick" by the North Bros., in the assembly hall (Jan. 12, 1903); two visits to the Gentry Bros.' dog and pony show (June 15, 1903, and May 25, 1904); admission of forty children to the Faribault theatre, for "Shore Acres" (Nov. 24, 1903); and a stereopticon entertainment in the assembly hall by J. H. Brookes-Smith on "Children in other Countries." We have also purchased a shetland pony for the children's use, besides some gold fishes and aquarium for the kindergarten.

Children's Store.—This has paid for itself and added \$100.00 to the Amusement Fund.

TABLE No. 1.

TABLE SHOWING ALLEGED DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF DEFICIENCY.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Congenital	368	293	661
From birth to 7 years.....	446	290	736
From 7 to 14 years.....	52	49	101
Fourteen years and later.....	24	17	41
No data	157	127	284
Totals	1,047	776	1,823
Re-admissions	40	34	74
Total admissions, August 1, 1904.....	1,087	810	1,897

TABLE NO. 2.

TABLE SHOWING BIRTHPLACE OF CHILDREN, AS SHOWN BY ALL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED TO DATE, (AUG. 1, 1904).

United States	1,825	Iceland	3
Austria	9	Norway	59
Bohemia	1	New Zealand	1
Belgium	1	Poland	1
Denmark	13	Russia	6
England	14	Roumania	2
English Prov. in America... 48		Scotland	3
France	4	Sweden	69
Finland	2	Switzerland	2
Germany	73	Wales	4
Holland	2	Unknown	129
Ireland	12		
India	1	Total	2,284

TABLE NO. 3.

TABLE SHOWING AGE OF PUPILS AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION, DURING BIENNIAL PERIOD AND SINCE OPENING OF INSTITUTION.

	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
Under 5 years.....	12	8	36	19	75
Over 5 years and under 10.....	39	31	169	135	374
Over 10 years and under 15.....	44	40	295	191	570
Over 15 years and under 20.....	28	34	217	155	434
Over 20 years and under 25.....	19	13	84	62	178
Over 25 years and under 30.....	6	7	30	26	69
Over 30 years and under 35.....	3	6	29	21	59
Over 35 years and under 40.....	6	4	16	15	41
Over 40 years and under 45.....	3	2	10	8	23
Over 45 years and under 50.....	2	1	4	9	16
Over 50 years and under 55.....	...	3	9	4	16
Over 55 years and under 60.....	1	1	4	2	8
60 years and over.....	1	...	3	1	5
Unknown	1	...	16	12	29
Totals	165	150	922	660	1,897

TABLE NO. 4.

SHOWING DISEASES TREATED IN HOSPITAL FROM AUG. 1, 1902, TO AUG. 1, 1904.

MEDICAL.

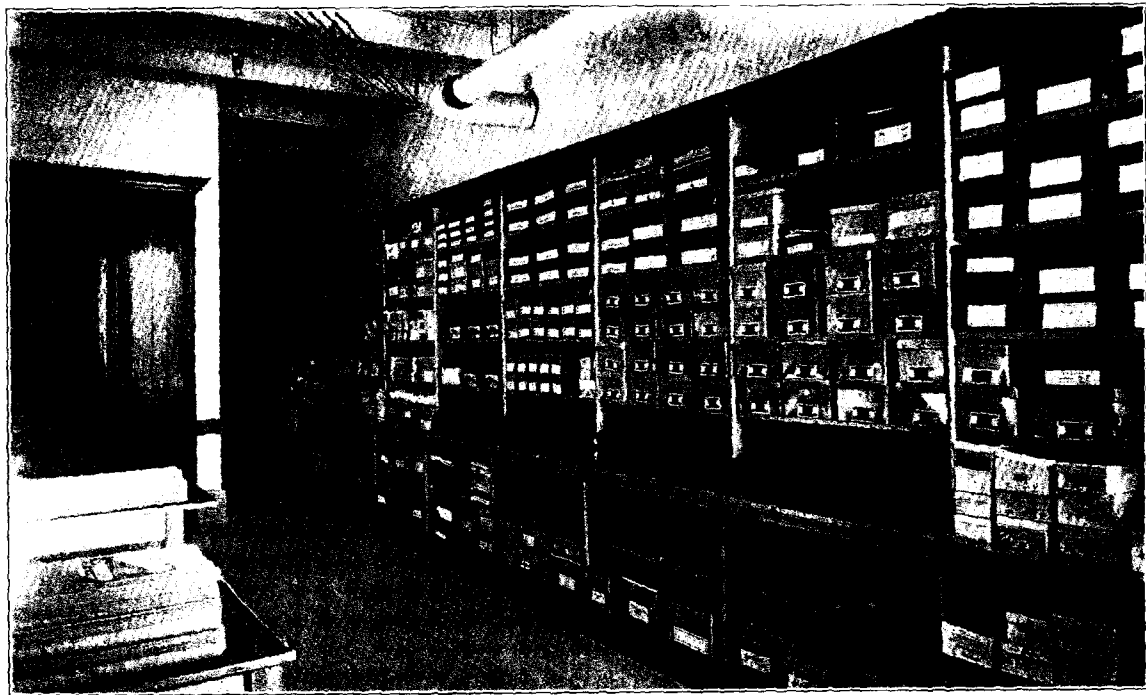
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Adenitis	3	..	3
Anaemia	2	3	5
Anorexia	1	1	2
Arterio-Sclerosis	1	..	1
Ascitis .....	..	1	1
Bronchitis	21	16	37
Broncho-Pneumonia	4	3	7
Cardiac Insufficiency	1	3	4
Constipation	7	7	14
Conjunctivitis	13	10	23
Concussion of Brain.....	1	..	1
Chorea .....	..	2	2
Diabetes	1	..	1
Diphtheria	1	1	2
Dermatitis	4	1	5
Eczema	43	2	45
Endometritis .....	..	2	2
Enuresis	1	..	1
Enteritis	13	5	18
Epilepsy	49	9	58
Erysipelas	4	6	10
Erythema	1	4	5
Gastritis	27	6	33
Gastro-Enteritis	4	..	4
Hysteria	3	5	8
Insanity	5	3	8
Intussusception	1	..	1
Impetigo	25	6	31
Jaundice	2	..	2
La Grippe	7	2	9

TABLE NO. 4.—Continued.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Laryngitis	3	..	3
Meningitis, Tubercular .....	..	1	1
Myalgia	2	..	2
Nephritis	1	..	1
Neurasthenia .....	..	1	1
Observation and Special Care.....	44	25	69
Orchitis	1	..	1
Otitis Media	5	2	7
Ovaritis .....	..	2	2
Parotitis	2	5	7
Pertussis .....	..	1	1
Pericarditis .....	..	1	1
Pharyngitis	2	..	2
Pleurisy	1	3	4
Pneumonia	11	3	14
Poisoning	1	1	2
Pregnancy .....	..	2	2
Pulmonary Oedema .....	..	1	1
Rheumatism	2	4	6
Rhinitis	1	..	1
Rhus Toxicodendron Poison.....	5	1	6
Scabies	18	25	43
Septicaemia	1	..	1
Specific	2	1	3
Tonsillitis	16	18	34
Tuberculosis	33	27	60
Urticaria .....	..	1	1

SURGICAL.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Adenoids	1	..	1
Amputation of cervix.....	..	1	1
Amputation of toe.....	1	..	1
Appendicitis	1	1	2
Bed Sores	2	..	2
Burn .....	..	6	6
Bursitis	3	3	6
Cancer of Mouth	1	..	1
Cancer of Stomach	1	..	1
Carbuncle	5	..	5
Dislocations	10	..	10
Fractures	5	..	5
Fistula in Ano.....	2	..	2
Frost Bite	1	..	1
Hernia	1	..	1
Haemorrhoids	3	..	3
Leg Ulcers	1	1	2
Minor abscesses, wounds, etc.....	73	18	91
Phimosis	2	..	2
Ruptured Eyeball	1	..	1
Salpingitis and Ovaritis.....	..	1	1
Sebaceous Cyst .....	..	1	1
Sprained Ankle	7	2	9
Synovitis	1	..	1
Stricture of Urethra.....	2	..	2
Talipes Varus	1	..	1
Tubercular Ulcers	2	2	4



SECTION OF STOREROOM, SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE MINDED, FARIBAULT.

TABLE SHOWING CAUSES OF DISMISSAL DURING BIENNIAL PERIOD.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Died	47	33	80
Cared for by parents or relatives.....	74	35	109
Removed from State.....	5	6	11
Sent to Hospital for Insane.....	..	2	2
Totals	126	76	202

TABLE NO. 6.

TABLE SHOWING AGE OF PUPILS AT TIME OF DEATH DURING BIENNIAL PERIOD AND SINCE THE OPENING OF THE INSTITUTION.

	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
Under 5 years.....	1	1	9	1	12
5 to 10 years.....	3	3	22	22	50
10 to 15 years.....	9	4	41	35	89
15 to 20 years.....	10	11	66	32	119
20 to 25 years.....	6	5	31	19	61
25 to 30 years.....	4	1	15	10	30
30 to 35 years.....	3	2	8	7	20
35 to 40 years.....	4	3	5	5	17
40 to 45 years.....	1	..	7	2	10
45 to 50 years.....	2	..	2	2	6
50 to 55 years.....	1	1	2	3	7
55 to 60 years.....	1	1	1	..	3
60 to 65 years.....	1	1	1	..	3
65 and over.....	1	..	2	..	3
Unknown .....	..	..	3	1	4
Totals	47	33	215	139	434

TABLE NO. 7.

TABLE SHOWING MENTAL CONDITION OF PUPILS ON ROLL AUG. 1, 1904.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Feeble-Minded, high grade.....	108	91	199
Feeble-Minded, medium grade.....	103	101	204
Feeble-Minded, low grade.....	175	154	329
Idio-Imbecile	133	99	232
Idiots	20	16	36
Totals	539	461	1,000

TABLE NO. 8.

RESIDENCE OF PUPILS ON ROLL AUG. 1, 1904.

Counties	Males.	Females.	Total.
Anoka	6	6	12
Beltrami	1	1	2
Becker	6	1	7
Benton	3	...	3
Big Stone	1	1	2
Blue Earth	8	9	17
Brown	10	4	14
Carlton	2	1	3
Carver	7	4	11
Cass	1	...	1
Clearwater	1	...	1
Chippewa	5	...	5
Chisago	1	2	3
Clay	5	3	8
Cottonwood	5	1	6
Crow Wing	1	2	3
Dakota	9	3	12
Dodge	2	2	4
Douglas	3	4	7
Faribault .....	...	1	1
Fillmore	10	5	15
Freeborn	4	5	9
Goodhue	16	9	25
Grant	1	1	2
Hennepin	83	102	185
Houston	7	2	9
Hubbard	3	1	4
Isanti	5	...	5
Itasca .....	...	1	1
Jackson	1	1	2
Kandiyohi	3	5	8
Kanabec	1	...	1
Kittson	3	1	4
Lac qui Parle.....	3	4	7
Lake .....	...	1	1
Le Sueur	4	4	8
Lincoln	3	3	6
Lyon	3	3	6
McLeod	6	2	8
Martin	8	8	16
Marshall	2	1	3
Meeker	4	8	12
Mille Lacs	1	1	2
Morrison	3	4	7
Mower	5	5	10
Murray .....	...	1	1
Nicollet	7	3	10
Nobles	6	3	9
Norman	4	1	5
Olmsted	4	2	6
Otter Tail	11	20	31
Pine	10	...	10
Polk	10	11	21

TABLE NO. 8.—Continued.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Pope	6	5	11
Ramsey	62	76	138
Red Lake	1	2	3
Redwood	6	2	8
Renville	9	6	15
Rice	14	17	31
Rock	1	2	3
Roseau	2	1	3
St. Louis	14	9	23
Scott	9	7	16
Sherburne	4	1	5
Sibley	6	3	9
Stearns	7	10	17
Steele	7	1	8
Stevens	2	6	8
Swift	4	2	6
Todd	9	9	18
Traverse	2	...	2
Wabasha	4	6	10
Wadena	2	1	3
Waseca	10	4	14
Washington	10	1	11
Watsonwan	7	1	8
Winona	13	8	21
Wright	10	10	20
Yellow Medicine	10	6	16
Totals	539	459	998

FIRE.

On the morning of December 20, 1902, at about 1:30 o'clock, a fire was discovered in the attic of the Center building by one of the lady night watches, and by a lady employe sleeping on the floor directly underneath. The flames had involved the whole attic and its contents of clothing and storage, and was breaking through the roof when discovered. The City fire department responded promptly to the call and the children were removed from the entire building and wings. The furniture was entirely removed from the center portion of the building which was directly under the fire. Although the night was windy, the fire walls assisted in limiting the flames to one section of the building.

Their own fire system was inadequate for the lack of water pressure, but after some delay, (a special messenger was dispatched, telephones being useless for the purpose), the engineer at the School for Deaf started the fire pump at that place and thus gave us sufficient water pressure to enable the firemen to quickly control the flames.

The roof and attic floor were burned and the balance of the wood work beneath ruined or badly injured by the water.

The employees of the school, with rare exceptions, displayed courage and energy in looking after the children and saving state property. The Faribault fire company did most excellent service and without their assistance I do not believe our own force could have controlled the fire.

Fortunately, no one was injured, and no particular suffering experienced, although the grounds were covered with snow. The weather, fortunately, was not severely cold. The children were removed to Sunnyside and Skinner Hall until daylight and the Center building was safe from further danger.

We do not know the origin of the fire but I am inclined to think that it started from contact of a live, high voltage electric current with the telephone system, as the switchboard drops during the evening previous were constantly falling, showing that some foreign currents were passing through the board.

Advantage was taken of the condition of the Centre building, after the fire to make a number of changes from the original plan, the most important of which was the moving of the former tower entrance to the north side of the building and the fitting out of two offices in the tower in its place for the superintendent and physicians. Both offices are pleasantly located and furnished, and they are very highly appreciated by the officers interested.

The work of reconstruction has been charged to the insurance fund, and the funds for improvements and betterments.

IMPROVEMENTS.

The construction and completion of a second cottage for epileptic women near Skinner Hall, with capacity for sixty patients, and of an Annex to Sunnyside with a capacity for fifty persons, have increased the total capacity of the institution to that extent. The reconstruction of an assembly hall in the main building, involving the raising of the walls and the construction of a gallery, with a seating capacity for two hundred and fourteen persons and the reconstruction of the adjacent corridors have provided the institution with a most beautiful audience room, of sufficient capacity to allow practically all of the available patients and children to witness or take part in the various entertainments and chapel exercises of the school.

The completion of the farm boys' cottage, now under process of construction, will increase the capacity of this colony about fifteen

beds, besides giving the boys a very pleasant, and comfortably equipped building in place of the much overcrowded room that they have heretofore occupied.

RENTED FARM.

The experiment of renting additional land this year is proving satisfactory. The Winter property, consisting of three hundred twenty acres, and located about five miles from the school, has been profitably cultivated during the current year, the staple crop of corn, oats and potatoes have predominated, leaving a good meadow and pasturage of young and dry stock. A small dormitory for nine boys afford quarters to that extent for the colony from the Centre, who are engaged in working this place from time to time.

NEEDS OF THE INSTITUTION.

1. Additional Land.

If it had not been well understood for many years by all conversant on the subject that farming, gardening and dairying were appropriate occupations for our feeble-minded boys who had had school training, the experience of this institution has abundantly demonstrated it. Under judicious management, our farm boys form a happy, contented family of valuable workers. In my judgment, the central features of an institution farm for the feeble-minded should be dairying and gardening. These, of course, involve the support of a large amount of stock and miscellaneous crops upon the farm, would therefore be required to support the stock. This means a large acreage for corn, oats, meadow and pasture, in addition to that required for vegetables, among which potatoes, in this climate, naturally require the largest acreage. I earnestly urge upon the Board the desirability of recommending to the legislature the purchase of another large addition of land for the use of the school.

I would also suggest that instead of enlarging the capacity of the institution at this present time beyond the construction of the building for which appropriations are now made, the legislature be requested to provide the institution with the following much needed improvements for the present plant. Some of these features have been ample, but are much outgrown by the present institution.

2. Shop and equipments for boys.

The necessity for additional shop and equipment is very urgent. The present accommodations are very limited for the boys under school training. In addition to this, we have quite a number of epileptic men for whom it is essential that there should be some

form of agreeable employment. Out of door employment is preferable for epileptic patients, yet there is a percentage who so utterly dislike that kind of occupation, but who are fond of mechanical work, that ample provision should be made for them. Again, in this climate, the long winters preclude the possibility of that extended out door employment which can be maintained in other latitudes.

This improvement also contemplates provision for storage of lumber and material for repairs. A much larger amount of repair work could be done by the mechanics regularly employed, and that more economically, by having our lumber worked by power in a well equipped shop. This also contemplates provision for mattress-making which is carried on at the present time in any odd corner of basement or cellar, that can be made available, with poor light and at much inconvenience to those employed, besides rendering it difficult to care for the material used. A shoe-maker shop could also be provided for in this building.

This would also provide a place and facilities for handling steam and water pipes—cutting and threading all sizes to six inches by power, and for doing ordinary forge and iron repair work.

In this connection it should be stated that the engine which supplies power for our shop, and for the lighting of the farm buildings, is now inadequate for the power required, to say nothing of the increasing demands upon it, and it should be replaced by a larger one.

The most desirable location for a shop is at or near the boiler house.

3. Reconstruction of and equipment for laundry.

It is unnecessary to explain the necessity for the very best facilities for laundering in an institution of this kind, and while we have been well provided for in the past, the institution has entirely outgrown the present laundry equipment.

Additional machines are required and much of the building and counter shafting should be discarded and replaced by electric motors, and the dry room should be entirely reconstructed and built of metal. To afford the required room, an extension of the building is required.

4. Construction and equipment of a central kitchen.

The necessity for this arises from the fact that we find from experience that many separate kitchens involve an extra amount of work, both in issuing of supplies and their care after being issued, and increasing unnecessarily the cost of preparing and serving of food. I am satisfied that a central kitchen, well equipped and in charge of thoroughly competent help, would not only insure the

very best of dietary service, but would reduce the expense of this department materially. Experience has demonstrated that there is no serious difficulty about distribution of food after its preparation, from a central kitchen.

5. A residence for the engineer and at least two cottages for other employees.

We have reached the period in the growth of this institution when some provision should be made for the employees with families. At the present time we have a number of them, who not being able to secure residences near the grounds, are obliged to live at a distance of from one to one and one-half miles from the school and, consequently, they are not available many times when needed to meet emergencies arising in their departments. I think it is a serious matter for an engineer to be forced to reside at such a distance from the institution that he cannot be obtained promptly in case of fire. On the other hand, the state cannot afford to lose the services of an honest, faithful man because he has a family, and supply his place by a young, inexperienced person. Again, no officer or employee feels like building a home at or near the institution without some guarantee from the state that he be recompensed for his investment in the event of his leaving the service. It seems to me the wisest and best plan is for the state to provide a few residences of appropriate but modest character for employees of this class, adjusting compensation for the services of such employees with reference to rental and care of said property.

6. Large cistern and connections.

We have a very insufficient cistern capacity so that all but a very small portion of the rain water upon our roofs is lost. The necessity for a cistern is too evident to require explanation.

7. Green-house.

We need a properly equipped place, not only for early vegetables and a starting house for gardens, but proper provision for the growth of flowers during the entire year.

8. Bakery enlargement and equipment.

Our bakery should be enlarged and provisions made for better storage and handling of flour.

9. In addition to the above, I wish to heartily second the suggestion of your Board that our present barns and dairy be removed and relocated at a greater distance from the building for epileptics. A very excellent site is the hill side about one-third mile from the Farmer's Cottage.

10. The Superintendent's Cottage requires some reconstruction for which no funds have been available during the last two years.

11. Concert Grand Piano.

Our Assembly Room piano has been in constant use for something over sixteen years and a new instrument of larger design would be very acceptable.

SUMMARY OF IMPROVEMENTS SUGGESTED.

Additional land	\$25,000.00
Shop and equipment, including engine, pipe, machinery and coal carrying apparatus	22,000.00
Center kitchen and equipment	15,000.00
Enlarging laundry and equipment.....	5,000.00
Engineer's residence and two employees cottages.....	7,500.00
Cistern and connections.....	3,000.00
Greenhouse	1,500.00
Bakery	1,500.00
Moving and repairing barns.....	4,500.00
Superintendent's cottage.....	1,500.00

CHANGES IN OFFICIAL CORPS.

There have been the usual number of changes in the staff, but I am glad to note that at the present time the institution has a complete and efficient corps of officers and teachers.

I wish to express a deep sense of gratitude for the cordial support of your Board in the administration of the institution.

Very respectfully submitted,

A. C. ROGERS,
Superintendent.

REPORT

—OF THE—

SUPERINTENDENT

—OF THE—

STATE TRAINING SCHOOL

BIENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JULY 31, 1904.

OFFICERS OF THE SCHOOL.

F. A. WHITTIER.....	Superintendent
H. W. GEORGE.....	Assistant Superintendent
MISS A. E. WILLARD.....	Steward
MISS GRACE JOHNSTON.....	State Agent
MISS LOUISE M. ORR.....	State Agent's Stenographer and Clerk
T. G. KENNEY.....	Stenographer
DR. B. JAEHNING.....	Physician

"A" FAMILY.

W. E. SCOTT.....	Manager and Painter
MISS LOUISE M. ARNOLD.....	Matron

"B" FAMILY.

GEO. E. SHAW.....	Manager
MISS JENNIE A. PLATT.....	Matron

COTTAGE ONE.

W. W. AMIDON.....	Manager and Farmer
MRS. M. E. BENBOW.....	Matron