

Theft of a Firearm, § 609.52 Subd 3(1).: Statewide, Sentenced 2014-2023

Data Request

The Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission has a statutory charter to serve as the state's clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on sentencing practices.¹ This data request serves to fulfill this charter.²

Information Requested: Departure rate for Theft of a Firearm.

Offense Details:

- Theft of a Firearm, under Minn. Stat. § 609.52 Subd 3(1).
- Excludes attempts under Minn. Stat. § 609.17 and conspiracies under Minn. Stat. § 609.175
- Severity Level 4.

Analysis:

- Statewide.
- Sentenced 2014-2023.
- Dispositional departure rates by presumptive disposition and criminal history score.
- Durational departure rates by prison sentence and criminal history score.
- Most frequently cited reasons for mitigated departures.
- Prosecutorial agreement for mitigated departures.

Note on Data:

Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission (MSGC) monitoring data are person-based, meaning cases represent persons rather than individual charges. Persons sentenced within the same county in a one-month period are generally counted only once, based on their most serious offense. This data request was prepared by the research staff of MSGC in fulfillment of the Commission's statutory role as a clearinghouse and information center for information on sentencing practices. This is not a policy document. Nothing in this request should be construed as a statement of existing policy or recommendation of future policy on behalf of the Commission itself, or as an authoritative interpretation of the Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines, Minnesota statutes, or case law.

¹ See [Minn. Stat. § 244.09, subd. 6](#).

² Submit data requests online at <https://mn.gov/sentencing-guidelines/contact/data-requests.jsp>

Dispositional Departures

Statewide, from 2014-2023, 265 people were sentenced for Theft of a Firearm, under Minn. Stat. § 609.52 Subd 3(1). 231 (87.2%) had a presumptive disposition of stay and 34 (12.8%) had a presumptive disposition of commit.

Among persons with a presumptive stay/non-prison sentence, 215 (93.1%) were not departures; 9 (3.9%) were not departures, but the defendant requested an executed prison sentence even when the court pronounced a stayed sentence³; none were aggravated dispositional departures, when the Guidelines recommended a stayed sentence, but the court pronounced an executed prison sentence; and 7 (3.0%) were aggravated departures where the defendant requested an executed prison sentence even when the court pronounced a stayed sentence⁴.

Among persons with a presumptive commit/prison sentence, 19 (55.9%) were not departures and 15 (44.1%) were mitigated dispositional departures, when the Guidelines recommended a commit/prison sentence, but the court pronounced a stayed sentence.

Table 1. Dispositional Departure Rate by Criminal History Score

Theft of a Firearm, § 609.52 Subd 3(1): Statewide, Sentenced 2014-2023

CHS	All Cases Total	Presumptive Disposition ^a		Dispositional Departures ^b					
				Presumptive Stays ^c				Presumptive Commits ^f	
				No Departures ^d		Aggravated Departures ^e			
		Stay	Commit	None	None (Req) ^g	Agg ^g	Agg (Req) ^g	None ^g	Mit
0	130	130	0	125	4	0	1	--	--
	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	96.2%	3.1%	0.0%	0.8%	--	--
1	54	54	0	51	2	0	1	--	--
	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	94.4%	3.7%	0.0%	1.9%	--	--
2	29	29	0	26	0	0	3	--	--
	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	89.7%	0.0%	0.0%	10.3%	--	--
3	18	18	0	13	3	0	2	--	--
	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	72.2%	16.7%	0.0%	11.1%	--	--
4	13	0	13	--	--	--	--	5	8
	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	--	--	--	--	38.5%	61.5%
5	3	0	3	--	--	--	--	2	1
	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	--	--	--	--	66.7%	33.3%
6 or more	18	0	18	--	--	--	--	12	6
	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	--	--	--	--	66.7%	33.3%
Total	265	231	34	215	9	0	7	19	15
	100.0%	87.2%	12.8%	93.1%	3.9%	0.0%	3.0%	55.9%	44.1%

Source: Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission Monitoring Data. Notes: Percents refer to rows, cases within each group of defendants by criminal history score (CHS).

a. **Presumptive Disposition:** Guidelines recommended sentence based on offense severity and defendant CHS; either a "Stay" a stayed/non-prison sentence; or "Commit" a commit/prison sentence.

b. **Dispositional Departures:** when the court pronounced a sentence that was different from the presumptive sentence provided by the Guidelines.

c. **Among Presumptive Stays:** Dispositional departures among only presumptive stayed sentences; only aggravated dispositional departures are possible for presumptive stays.

d. **No Departures:** includes "None", no departure, and "None (Req)", where the defendant used their right to demand/request execution of their prison sentence even when the presumptive sentence was stay and the court pronounced a stayed sentence; for offenses on or after 8/1/2015 the Guidelines no longer deemed these cases to be departures. See Guidelines § 2.D.1.

e. **Aggravated Departures:** includes "Agg", an aggravated dispositional departure, where the Court pronounced a commit sentence (prison) but the Guidelines recommended a stayed sentence (non-prison), and "Agg (Req)" an aggravated dispositional departure, where the defendant used their right to demand/request execution of their prison sentence even when the presumptive sentence was stay and the court pronounced a stayed sentence; for offenses before 8/1/2015 the Guidelines deemed these cases to be departures. See Guidelines § 2.D.1.

f. **Among Presumptive Commits:** Dispositional departures among only presumptive commit sentences; includes "None", no departure, and "Mit", a mitigated dispositional departure when the Court pronounced a stayed sentence (non-prison) when the Guidelines recommended a commit sentence (prison); only mitigated dispositional departures are possible for presumptive commits.

g. The total number of defendants who received a prison sentence is a combination of presumptive stayed sentences which demanded a prison sentence, "None (Req)", and who received an aggravated dispositional departure, "Agg" or "Agg (Req)", as well as presumptive commits which did not receive a mitigated departure, "None".

³ Offenses committed on or after of 8/1/2015 are not considered aggravated departures, see amendments to Guidelines § 2.D.1.

⁴ Offenses committed before 8/1/2015 are considered aggravated departures, see amendments to Guidelines § 2.D.1.

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The most common reasons cited⁵ among the 15 mitigated dispositional departures were amenable to probation (10; 66.7%), amenable to treatment (8; 53.3%), and shows remorse/accepts responsibility (7; 46.7%).

Table 2. Reasons Provided for Mitigated Dispositional Departures
Theft of a Firearm, § 609.52 Subd 3(1): Statewide, Sentenced 2014-2023

Reasons Provided for Mitigated Dispositional Departure ^a	Number	Percent ^b
Amenable to probation	10	66.7%
Amenable to treatment	8	53.3%
Shows remorse/accepts responsibility	7	46.7%
Recommended by court services	4	26.7%
Less onerous/weapon type less serious/gun not loaded	3	20.0%
Compliance with probation/extended supervision	2	13.3%
Priors occurred in short period of time/crime spree	1	6.7%
Imposed rest. or other financial penalty/ensure paid	1	6.7%
Sentence appropriate/just	1	6.7%
Save taxpayers cost of a trial/judicial efficiency	1	6.7%
Total Cases	15	.

Source: Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission Monitoring Data.

Notes: Percents refer to the proportion of mitigated dispositional departures receiving each reason.

a. Mitigated Dispositional Departures: When the Court pronounced a stayed sentence (non-prison) when the Guidelines recommended a commit sentence (prison); mitigated dispositional departures are only possible for presumptive commits.

b. Percent: Since each sentence may receive multiple reasons, combined percents may not add up to 100.0%.

The prosecutor agreed to/recommended/ did not object to the departure in 13 (86.7%) cases, objected to the departure in none of the cases, and in 2 (13.3%) cases the position of the prosecutor was unknown.

⁵ The court may provide multiple reasons for mitigated dispositional departures; percents may not add up to 100.0%.

Durational Departures

Statewide, from 2014-2023, among people sentenced for Theft of a Firearm, under Minn. Stat. § 609.52 Subd 3(1, in total, 35 (13.2%) people received a prison sentence⁶, and 230 (86.8%) people received a non-prison sentence.

Of the people that received a non-prison sentence, 209 (90.9%) were not departures, 4 (1.7%) received an aggravated durational departure, none received a mitigated durational departure, and 17 (7.4%) received a mitigated departure to a misdemeanor/gross misdemeanor sentence.

Of the people that received prison, 31 (88.6%) were not departures, none received an aggravated durational departure, and 4 (11.4%) received a mitigated durational departure.

Table 3. Durational Departure Rate by Criminal History Score

Theft of a Firearm, § 609.52 Subd 3(1): Statewide, Sentenced 2014-2023

CHS	All Cases	Executed Prison Sentence ^a		Durational Departures ^b						
		No	Yes	Non-Prison Sentences ^c				Prison Sentence ^d		
	Total			None	Agg	Mit	Misd/GM	None	Agg	Mit
0	130	125	5	110	1	0	14	5	0	0
	100.0%	96.2%	3.8%	88.0%	0.8%	0.0%	11.2%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1	54	51	3	49	0	0	2	2	0	1
	100.0%	94.4%	5.6%	96.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%	66.7%	0.0%	33.3%
2	29	26	3	25	0	0	1	2	0	1
	100.0%	89.7%	10.3%	96.2%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%	66.7%	0.0%	33.3%
3	18	13	5	12	1	0	0	4	0	1
	100.0%	72.2%	27.8%	92.3%	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%	20.0%
4	13	8	5	7	1	0	0	4	0	1
	100.0%	61.5%	38.5%	87.5%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%	20.0%
5	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
	100.0%	33.3%	66.7%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
6 or more	18	6	12	5	1	0	0	12	0	0
	100.0%	33.3%	66.7%	83.3%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	265	230	35	209	4	0	17	31	0	4
	100.0%	86.8%	13.2%	90.9%	1.7%	0.0%	7.4%	88.6%	0.0%	11.4%

Source: Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission Monitoring Data. Notes: Percents refer to rows, cases within each group of defendants by criminal history score (CHS).

a. **Executed Prison Sentence:** the pronounced disposition from the Court, either "No," a non-prison sentence (stay), or "Yes," a prison sentence (commit; regardless of the Guidelines recommendation).

b. **Durational Departures:** when the Court pronounced a sentence duration that is different from the recommended duration provided by the Guidelines; either more or less than the fixed duration for presumptive stays, or outside of the duration range (15% lower and 20% higher) for presumptive commits, provided the minimum sentence is not less than one year and the maximum sentence is not more than the statutory maximum (See section 2.C.1-2).

c. **Non-Prison Sentences:** among non-prison sentences, "None" the pronounced non-prison sentence length from the Court matched the length recommended by the Guidelines; "Agg" an aggravated durational departure for a non-prison sentence when the pronounced non-prison sentence was more than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 20% higher than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence; "Mit" a mitigated durational departure for a non-prison sentence when the pronounced non-prison sentence was less than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 15% lower than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence; "Misd/GM" a mitigated durational departure where the Court imposed a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor sentence for a felony-level conviction, meaning up to 364 days of confinement in a local jail or other non-jail sanctions can be imposed as a condition of probation.

d. **Prison Sentence:** Among prison sentences, "None" the pronounced prison sentence length from the Court matched the length recommended by the Guidelines; "Agg" an aggravated durational departure for a prison sentence when the pronounced prison sentence was more than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 20% higher than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence; "Mit" a mitigated durational departure for a prison sentence when the pronounced prison sentence was less than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 15% lower than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence.

⁶ The total number of defendants that received a prison includes the following: persons who demanded execution of sentence where it was not considered an aggravated dispositional departure, all aggravated dispositional departures among presumptive stays, and non-departures among presumptive commits.

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The most common reason⁷ cited among the 4 mitigated durational departures among prison sentences was shows remorse/accepts responsibility (3; 75.0%).

Table 4. Reasons Provided for Mitigated Durational Departures among Prison Sentences
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Reasons for Mitigated Durational Departure Among Prison Sentences ^a	Number	Percent ^b
Shows remorse/accepts responsibility	3	75.0%
Less onerous/weapon type less serious/gun not loaded	1	25.0%
Revocation and imprisonment/imprisonment on other	1	25.0%
Unknown	1	25.0%
Total Cases	4	.

Source: Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission Monitoring Data.

Notes: Percents refer to the proportion of mitigated dispositional departures receiving each reason.

a. Mitigated Durational Departures Among Prison Sentences: When the pronounced prison sentence was less than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 15% lower than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence.

b. Percent: Since each sentence may receive multiple reasons, combined percents may not add up to 100.0%.

The prosecutor agreed to/recommended/ did not object to the departure in all 4 (100.0%) cases.

⁷ The court may provide multiple reasons for prison sentences receiving mitigated durational departures; percents may not add up to 100.0%.