Disseminate Child Pornography, Victim Under 14 Years Old Statewide, Sentenced 2019-2023

Data Request

The Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission has a statutory charter to serve as the state's clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on sentencing practices. This data request serves to fulfills this charter. 2

Information Requested: Departure data for Child Porn Dissemination, Victim is Under 14 Years Old. **Offense Details:**

- Disseminate Pornographic Work, Minor Under Age 14 under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(3).
- This statute was created on 8/1/2019.
 - Prior to offenses committed on 8/1/2019, there was no statute which defined that the victim was a child under the age of 14.
 - Dissemination of Child Pornography offenses committed before 8/1/2019 were either first or subsequent offenses, under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(a), or committed by someone who was a registered predatory offender (see 243.166), under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b); these offenses did not have a ranked severity level.
 - Dissemination of Child Pornography offenses committed on or after 8/1/2019 are now, generally, First Offense, under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(a), Subsequent Offense, under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(1), Person Registered Predatory Offender, under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(2), and Involved Minor Under 14 Years Old, under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(3).
- This statute changed its definition on 9/15/2021.
 - Offenses committed on or after 9/15/2021, "Victim is Under 14 Years Old," Severity Level C.
 - o Offenses before 9/15/2021, but after 8/1/2019, "Victim is Under 13 Years Old," Severity Level D.
- This analysis will include all offenses on or after 8/1/2019.
- Excludes attempts under Minn. Stat. § 609.17 and conspiracies under Minn. Stat. § 609.175.

Analysis:

- Statewide.
- Sentenced 2019-2023.
- Dispositional departure rates by presumptive disposition and criminal history score.
- Durational departure rates by prison sentence and criminal history score.
- Most frequently cited reasons for mitigated departures.
- Prosecutorial agreement for mitigated departures.

Sentences by Statute:

- There were 15 sentences under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(3) sentenced between 2019-2023.
- 11 (73.3%) were for "Minor Under Age 13".
- 4 (26.7%) were for "Minor Under Age 14".

Note on Data:

Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission (MSGC) monitoring data are person-based, meaning cases represent persons rather than individual charges. Persons sentenced within the same county in a one-month period are generally counted only once, based on their most serious offense. This data request was prepared by the research staff of MSGC in fulfillment of the Commission's statutory role as a clearinghouse and information center for information on sentencing practices. This is not a policy document. Nothing in this request should be construed as a statement of existing policy or recommendation of future policy on behalf of the Commission itself, or as an authoritative interpretation of the Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines, Minnesota statutes, or case law.

Source: MSGC Monitoring Data Page 1 of 3

¹ See Minn. Stat. § 244.09, subd. 6.

² Submit data requests online at https://mn.gov/sentencing-guidelines/contact/data-requests.jsp

Dispositional Departures

From 2019-2023, 15 people were sentenced for Disseminate Pornographic Work, Minor Under Age 14 under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(3). 10 (66.7%) had a presumptive disposition of stay and 5 (33.3%) had a presumptive disposition of commit.

Among persons with a presumptive stay/non-prison sentence, all 10 (100.0%) were not departures.

Among persons with a presumptive commit/prison sentence, 4 (80.0%) were not departures and 1 (20.0%) was a mitigated dispositional departure, when the Guidelines recommended a commit/prison sentence, but the court pronounced a stayed sentence.

The reasons cited³ for the mitigated dispositional departure were amenable to probation (1; 100.0%), amenable to treatment (1; 100.0%), and virtually all parties/victims/family agreed on the sentence. The prosecutor objected to the departure.

Table 1. Dispositional Departure Rate by Criminal History Score

Disseminate Child Pornography, Victim Under 14 Years Old Statewide, Sentenced 2019-2023

		<u> </u>		Dispositional Departures ^b						
	All	Presur	nptive		Presumptiv	Presumptive Commits f				
	Cases	Disposition ^a		No Departures d		Aggravated Departures e				
CHS	Total	Stay	Commit	None	None (Req) g	Agg ^g	Agg (Req)g	None ^g	Mit	
0	7	5	2	5	0	0	0	1	1	
	100.0%	71.4%	28.6%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%	
1	5	5	0	5	0	0	0			
	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
2	1	0	1					1	0	
	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%					100.0%	0.0%	
3										
4										
5										
6 or	2	0	2					2	0	
more	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%					100.0%	0.0%	
Total	15	10	5	10	0	0	0	4	1	
	100.0%	66.7%	33.3%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	80.0%	20.0%	

Source: Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission Monitoring Data. Notes: Percents refer to rows, cases within each group of defendants by criminal history score (CHS).

a. Presumptive Disposition: Guidelines recommended sentence based on offense severity and defendant CHS; either a "Stay" a stayed/non-prison sentence; or "Commit" a commit/prison sentence

b. Dispositional Departures: when the court pronounced a sentenced that was different from the presumptive sentence provided by the Guidelines.

 $c. \ \textbf{Among Presumptive Stays}. \ Dispositional \ departures among only presumptive stayed sentences; only aggravated \ dispositional \ departures are possible for presumptive stays.$

d. **No Departures**: includes "None", no departure, and "None (Req)", where the defendant used their right to demand/request execution of their prison sentence even when the presumptive sentence was stay and the court pronounced a stayed sentence; for offenses on or after 8/1/2015 the Guidelines no longer deemed these cases to be departures. See Guidelines § 2.D.1.
e. **Aggravated Departures**: includes "Agg", an aggravated dispositional departure, where the Court pronounced a commit sentence (prison) but the Guidelines recommended a stayed sentence (non-prison),

e. Aggravated Departures: includes "Agg", an aggravated dispositional departure, where the Court pronounced a commit sentence (prison) but the Guidelines recommended a stayed sentence (non-prison), and "Agg (Req)" an aggravated dispositional departure, where the defendant used their right to demand/request execution of their prison sentence even when the presumptive sentence was stay and the court pronounced a stayed sentence; for offenses before 8/1/2015 the Guidelines deemed these cases to be departures. See Guidelines § 2.D.1.

f. Among Presumptive Commits: Dispositional departures among only presumptive commit sentences; includes "None", no departure, and "Mit", a mitigated dispositional departure when the Court pronounced a stayed sentence (non-prison) when the Guidelines recommended a commit sentence (prison); only mitigated dispositional departures are possible for presumptive commits.

g. The total number of defendants who received a prison sentence is a combination of presumptive stayed sentences which demanded a prison sentence, "None (Req)", and who received an aggravated dispositional departure, "Agg" or "Agg (Req)", as well as presumptive commits which did not receive a mitigated departure, "None".

³ The court may provide multiple reasons for mitigated dispositional departures; percents may not add up to 100.0%.

Durational Departures

From 2019-2023, among people sentenced for Disseminate Pornographic Work, Minor Under Age 14 under Minn. Stat. § 617.247 Subd 3(b)(3), in total, 4 (26.7%) people received a prison sentence⁴, and 11 (73.3%) people received a non-prison sentence.

Of the people that received a non-prison sentence, 7 (63.6%) were not departures, 2 (18.2%) received an aggravated durational departure, 2 (18.2%) received a mitigated durational departure, and none received a mitigated departure to a misdemeanor/gross misdemeanor sentence.

Of the people that received prison, 3 (75.0%) were not departures, none received an aggravated durational departure and 1 (25.0%) received a mitigated durational departure.

The reasons⁵ cited for the mitigated durational departure among prison sentences were crime less onerous (1; 100.0%), recommended by court services (1; 100.0%), amenable to treatment (1; 100.0%), and amenable to probation (1; 100.0%). The prosecutor objected to the departure.

Table 2. Durational Departure Rate by Criminal History Score

Disseminate Child Pornography, Victim Under 14 Years Old Statewide, Sentenced 2019-2023

	All	Executed Prison Sentence ^a		Durational Departures ^b							
	Cases			Non-Prison Sentences ^c				Prison Sentence d			
CHS	Total	No	Yes	None	Agg	Mit	Misd/GM	None	Agg	Mit	
0	7	6	1	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	
	100.0%	85.7%	14.3%	50.0%	33.3%	16.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
1	5	5	0	4	0	1	0				
	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%				
2	1	0	1					1	0	0	
	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%					100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
3											
4											
5											
6 or	2	0	2					1	0	1	
more	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%					50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	
Total	15	11	4	7	2	2	0	3	0	1	
	100.0%	73.3%	26.7%	63.6%	18.2%	18.2%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%	25.0%	

Source: Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission Monitoring Data. Notes: Percents refer to rows, cases within each group of defendants by criminal history score (CHS).

d. **Prison Sentence**: Among prison sentences, "None" the pronounced prison sentence length from the Court matched the length recommended by the Guidelines; "Agg" an aggravated durational departure for a prison sentence when the pronounced prison sentence was more than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 20% higher than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence; "Mit" a mitigated duration for a presumptive stay or more than 15% lower than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 15% lower than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence.

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a. Executed Prison Sentence: the pronounced disposition from the Court, either "No," a non-prison sentence (stayed), or "Yes," a prison sentence (commit; regardless of the Guidelines recommendation. b. Durational Departures: when the Court pronounced a sentence duration that is different from the recommended duration provided by the Guidelines; either more or less than the fixed duration for presumptive stays, or outside of the duration range (15% lower and 20% higher) for presumptive commits, provided the minimum sentence is not less than one year and the maximum sentence is not more than the statutory maximum (See section 2.C.1-2).

c. Non-Prison Sentences: among non-prison sentences, "None" the pronounced non-prison sentence length from the Court matched the length recommended by the Guidelines; "Agg" an aggravated durational departure for a non-prison sentence when the pronounced non-prison sentence was more than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 20% higher than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence; "Mit" a mitigated durational departure for a non-prison sentence when the pronounced non-prison sentence was less than the fixed duration for a presumptive stay or more than 15% lower than the fixed duration for a presumptive commit sentence; "Misd/GM" a mitigated durational departure where the Court imposed a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor sentence for a felony-level conviction, meaning up to 364 days of confinement in a local jail or other non-jail sanctions can be imposed as a condition of probation.

⁴ The total number of defendants that received a prison includes the following: persons who demanded execution of sentence where it was not considered an aggravated dispositional departure, all aggravated dispositional departures among presumptive stays, and non-departures among presumptive commits.

⁵ The court may provide multiple reasons for prison sentences receiving mitigated durational departures; percents may not add up to 100.0%.