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Minnesota Racing Commission

Agency Profile 1

<https://mn.gov/mrc/>

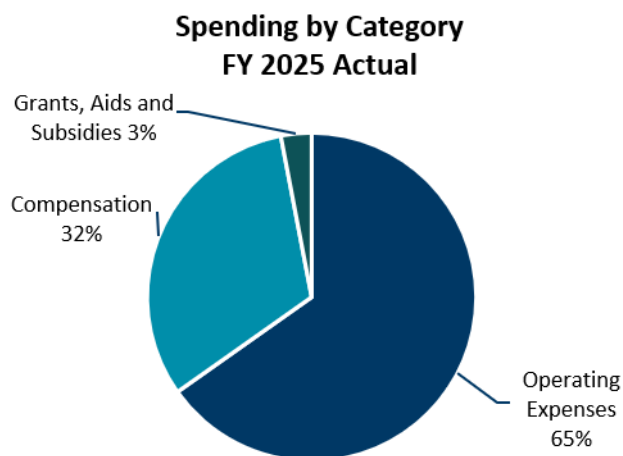
AT A GLANCE

- Regulates wagering activities on Horse Racing (\$79 million annually) and Card Playing (\$80 million annually) at both Canterbury Park and Running Aces Casino, Hotel and Racetrack
- Licenses Advance Deposit Wagering (ADW) providers and regulates wagering conducted in Minnesota on horseracing via ADW platforms (\$57 million annually)
- Administers \$1.3 million in purse supplements and \$600,000 in Breeders Awards from the Minnesota Breeders Fund for the benefit of owners and breeders of Minnesota bred racehorses
- Issues more than 3,700 occupational and vendor licenses to industry participants per year

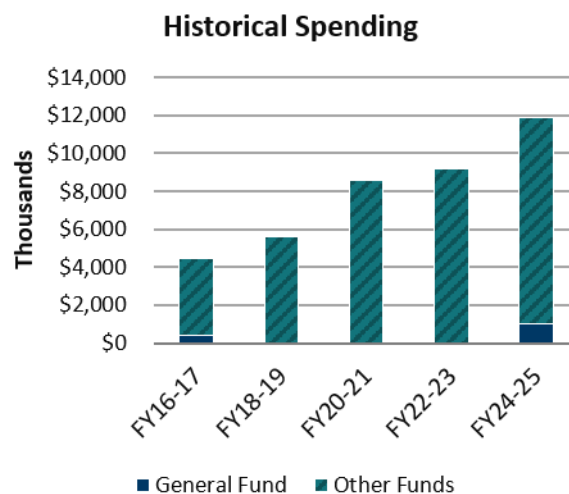
PURPOSE

The Minnesota Racing Commission (MRC) operates in the public interest to ensure the integrity of horseracing and card playing by providing robust regulatory oversight, overseeing the distribution of funds back into the industry, and providing for the safety and welfare of the human and equine participants. Additionally, the commission works to promote the horse racing and breeding industries in Minnesota to provide economic stimulus, offer residents and visitors exciting entertainment options, and support agriculture and rural agribusiness.

BUDGET



Source: Budget Planning & Analysis System (BPAS)



Source: Consolidated Fund Statement

The Racing Commission's basic operations are currently financed entirely by the industry it regulates. Racetrack and occupational license fees (limited by a direct appropriation from the special revenue fund per statute), reimbursements outlined in M.S 240.30 Subd.9 (<https://www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/cite/240.30>) and M.S. 240.155 Subd.1 (<https://www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/cite/240.155>) paid by the racetracks, and regulatory fees paid by advance deposit wagering (ADW) providers provide the funding for Commission operations.

STRATEGIES

To accomplish the Racing Commission's mission of regulating this extremely complex industry, administering the Breeders Fund, and overseeing the safety and welfare of the human and equine participants, several strategies are employed:

1. Licensing – Facilitate a licensing process that is detailed, accurate, and administered in a way that licenses are issued only to individuals and vendors who meet the criteria established in law and rule, and whose participation in racing and/or card playing is consistent with the best interests of the industry.
2. Fiscal Oversight – Ensure that all monies flowing through the pari-mutuel, ADW, and card revenue streams are reviewed, tested, and verified to keep associations in compliance with their obligations to the participants, the public, and the state.
3. Policing – Engage contractors and hire staff who are experts in the fields of veterinary science, criminal justice, and the rules of racing to conduct drug testing, investigate potential criminal activity, and administer the rules governing horseracing and card playing to maintain the highest level of integrity for the wagering public.
4. Civic Engagement – Lead the industry forward through active communication with all areas of state government to encourage public policy that will afford the greatest opportunity for the industry to expand and thrive.
5. Education – Educate all participants including licensees, vendors, and all those who work with our equines or the public, on what is expected under our laws and rules.

RESULTS

Part A: Performance Data

Measure	Measure type	Measure data source	Historical trend	Most recent data
Occupational licenses	Quantity	Licensing report	Slight decline in licensure, primarily in horse owners, which is consistent with decreasing population of horses racing in the state	3,786 in CY25 3,927 in CY24
Medication violations	Quality	Veterinarian reports	Medication violations continue to trend downward-largely due to increased education and increased severity of penalties for violations	2 violations in CY25 6 violations in CY24
Racing violations	Quality	Stewards' and Judges' rulings	Rulings by our racing officials are trending downward, likely due to better education for horsepersons and setting clear expectations with racing participants	75 rulings in CY25 97 rulings in CY24
Grants awarded to retired racehorse aftercare organizations	Results	Disbursements to aftercare organizations	MRC is gradually decreasing annual grant disbursements, due to diminishing revenue streams for grant account	\$160,000 in CY25 \$180,000 in CY24

Source: Minnesota Racing Commission record

Part B: Evidence of Effectiveness

Agency practices cannot be evaluated using a randomized control trial or quasi-experimental design study.

The Minnesota Racing Commission's legal authority comes from M.S. Chapter 240.

<https://www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/?id=240>