

## STATE of MINNESOTA

WHEREAS: For over 150 years, the United States pursued, embraced, or permitted a policy of forced

assimilation of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian people through the federal

Indian boarding school system; and

WHEREAS: From 1819 to 1969, the federal Indian boarding system was expansive, consisting of a minimum of

408 federal Indian boarding schools, comprising 431 specific sites across 37 states or then-

territories, including 21 schools in Alaska and seven schools in Hawaii; and

WHEREAS: The area known today as Minnesota had 23 Indian boarding schools, 21 of which were directly

funded or supported by state or federal resources, and all of which directly impacted the children and subsequent generations of the ll sovereign Tribal Nations sharing geography with Minnesota,

as well as Tribal Nations across the United States; and

WHEREAS: The creation of the federal Indian boarding school system was part of a broader policy aimed at

acquiring collective territories and severing the cultural and economic connections between Indian

WHEREAS: The assimilation of Indian children through the federal Indian boarding school system was part of

the broader goal of Indian territorial dispossession in service of the expansion of the United States, with assimilation eventually becoming an objective of federal policy in and of itself; and

Tribes, Alaska Native Villages, the Native Hawaiian Community, and their territories; and

WHEREAS: The removal and placement of these children in the boarding school system directly led to the

breakup of Indian families and the erosion of American Indian Tribes, Alaska Native Villages, and

the Native Hawaiian Community; and

WHEREAS: The deaths of children while under the care of the federal government or federally supported

institutions are a tragedy that has for too long been unknown or acknowledged by dominant society, despite this long-felt trauma remaining prevalent throughout American Indian Tribes,

Alaska Native Villages, and the Native Hawaiian Community; and

WHEREAS: The State of Minnesota is committed to educating, raising awareness, and supporting

reconciliation efforts to ensure that the tragic history and ongoing legacy of Indian Boarding Schools and the children who died while attending these institutions are never forgotten.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, TIM WALZ, Governor of Minnesota, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, September 30, 2025, as:

## DAY OF REMEMBRANCE FOR SURVIVORS AND FAMILIES IMPACTED BY UNITED STATES AMERICAN INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOLS

in the State of Minnesota.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota to be affixed at the State Capitol this 10th day of September.

GOVERNOR