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<th>Foster Care Rule Requirements</th>
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<td>2960.3000 The license holder must also promote the child’s development as a physically and mentally healthy person. To accomplish these outcomes, the license holder must:</td>
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<td>A. actively participate with the agency placing the child, to implement the case plan, meet the needs of the child; and</td>
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<td>B. as much as possible, considering the child’s age, the child’s needs, and the case plan, include the child in the daily life of the family, including eating meals with the family and participating in recreational activities.</td>
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<td>Subp. 4. <strong>Statement of intended use.</strong> The license holder must work with the licensing agency to develop a statement of intended use. The statement of intended use must specify:</td>
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<td>A. the number of children the foster home is licensed for, the age range of children to be placed in the home, and any limitations affecting the placement of children in the home;</td>
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<td>B. whether or not the home will serve as an emergency shelter home, a treatment foster care home, or a home for medically fragile children; and</td>
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<td>C. circumstances when the ratio of one adult to five children does not need to be maintained.</td>
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<td>The statement of intended use must be approved by the licensing agency, but may be modified at any time by agreement between the licensing agency and the license holder to reflect changes that affect the placement of children in the home.</td>
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<td>Subp. 5. <strong>Program outcomes.</strong> The license holder must cooperate with the licensing agency’s attempt to determine the outcomes of a child’s foster care placement. The outcome information must be shared with the license holder and incorporated into the evaluation process outlined in part 2960.3100, subpart 1, item G.</td>
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<td>Subp. 3. <strong>License does not guarantee placement.</strong> Licensure under parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340 is not an entitlement, a right, or a guarantee that children will be placed in the foster home. The agency responsible for the child retains the right to choose which licensed foster home is best suited for an individual child in need of foster care placement.</td>
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<td>Subp. 4. <strong>License not transferable.</strong> A license under parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340 is not transferable to another person, entity, or site.</td>
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<td>Subp. 5. <strong>Commissioner's right of access.</strong> The commissioner of corrections must have access to a Department of Corrections licensed foster home according to Minnesota Statutes, section 241.021.</td>
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<td>Subp. 6. <strong>Limited licensure.</strong> A license holder may be licensed through only one Minnesota-licensed child placing agency or county social services agency at a time. A license holder must not be licensed at the same time by both the DHS and the DOC. A license holder must not simultaneously hold a relative foster care emergency license issued according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.035, and a separate foster family setting license issued under this chapter.</td>
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<td>Subp. 7. <strong>Notice of changes in household conditions.</strong> The license holder must immediately notify the licensing agency of foster home and foster family or household member changes that effect the terms of the license or the ability of the license holder to provide care to children.</td>
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<td><strong>Roomers and boarders.</strong> A LH must not have adult roomers or boarders in the foster home without the licensing agency’s approval. Roomers or boarders are subject to an applicant background study according to part 2960.3060, subpart 2.</td>
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<td>Subp. 10. <strong>Other licenses.</strong> A license holder cannot concurrently hold a license for family child care or adult family foster care without a variance from the licensing agency.</td>
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<td>Subp. 11. <strong>Denial of license.</strong> The commissioner of corrections shall deny a license if the applicant fails to fully comply with laws or rules governing the program or fails to cooperate with a placing or licensing agency. Failure to fully comply shall be indicated by: A. documentation of specific foster home deficiencies that may endanger the health or safety of children; B. failure to be approved by fire, building, zoning, or health officials; C. documentation of a disqualification of the applicant for licensure or relicensure, or the controlling individual regarding a background study which has not been set aside; or D. any other evidence that the applicant is not in compliance with applicable laws or rules governing the program.</td>
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**Subp. 12. Department of Corrections licensed foster homes.** Foster homes licensed by the DOC under chapter 2925 and MN Statutes, section 241.021, subd 2, at the time of the adoption of this chapter, may continue to be licensed as foster homes by the DOC, acting as the licensing agency. Foster homes that are licensed by the DOC must meet the standards in parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340. The DOC will use the standards in this part to issue or deny a foster care license.

**2960.3030 CAPACITY LIMITS.** Subpart 1. **Maximum foster children allowed.** A foster home must have no more than 6 foster children. The maximum number of children allowed in a home is 8, including a foster parent's own children.

Subpart 2. **Capacity limits.** The capacity limits in items A to C apply to foster homes. A & B not applicable to DOC homes.

C. The number of foster children a foster home may accept must be limited based on the factors in subitems (1) to (5): (1) the LH's ability to supervise, considering the adult-to-child ratio; (2) the LH's training, experience, and skills related to child care; (3) the structural characteristics of the home; (4) the LH's ability to assist children in the home during emergencies; and (5) the characteristics of the foster children, including age, disability, and emotional problems.

Subpart 3. **Exceptions to capacity limits.** A variance may be granted to allow up to eight foster children in addition to the license holder's own children if the conditions in items A to E are met:

- placement is necessary to keep a sibling group together, to keep a child in the child's home community, or is necessary because the foster child was formerly living in the home and it would be in the child's best interest to be placed there again; **A foster home licensed by the Department of Corrections need not meet the requirement in item A.**
- A. there is no risk of harm to the children currently in the home;
- B. the structural characteristics of the home, including sleeping space, can accommodate the additional foster children;
- C. the home remains in compliance with applicable zoning, health, fire, and building codes; and
- D. the statement of intended use states the conditions for the exception to capacity limits and explains how the LH will maintain a ratio of adults to children which ensures the safety and supervision of all the children in the foster home.

**2960.3040 FOSTER HOME PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT.** Subpart 1. **Fire, health, building, and zoning codes.** The foster home must comply with applicable fire, health, building, and zoning codes.

Subpart 2. **Sleeping space.** A foster child must be provided with a separate bed suitably sized for the child, except that two siblings of the same sex may share a double bed. A foster child must not be assigned sleeping space in a building, apartment, trailer, or other structure that is separate from the foster family home or in an unfinished attic, an unfinished basement, or a hall or any other room normally used for purposes other than sleeping. Bedrooms that are used by foster children must have two exits.

Subpart 3. **Space for belongings.** A foster child must have an identified space for clothing and personal possessions with cabinets, closets, shelves, or hanging space sufficient to accommodate clothing and personal possessions.

Subpart 4. **Dining area.** The dining area must be able to accommodate, at one time, all persons residing in the home.

Subpart 5. **Construction or remodeling.** Changes in a foster home resulting from construction or remodeling must meet applicable building codes. The license holder must notify the licensing agency of changes to the licensed setting resulting from construction if those changes affect a licensing requirement.

**2960.3050 FOSTER HOME SAFETY.**

Subpart 1. **Inspection by licensing agency.** Prior to licensure, the foster home must be inspected by a licensing agency employee using the home safety checklist from the commissioner of human services. The applicant must correct deficiencies in the foster home which were identified by the agency. The licensing agency may require a health inspection if the foster home's condition could present a risk to the health of a foster child.

Subpart 2. **Fire code inspections required.** If one of the conditions in items A to E exist, the foster home must document inspection and approval of the foster home according to Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.011, and the Uniform Fire Code by the state fire marshal or a local fire code inspector who is approved by the state fire marshal:

- A. the foster home contains a freestanding solid fuel heating appliance;
- B. the foster home is a manufactured home as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 327B.01, subdivision 13, and was manufactured before June 15, 1976;
C. the licensing agency identifies a potential hazard in a single-family detached home, or a mixed or multiple-occupancy building;
D. the home is to be licensed for four or more foster children; or
E. the foster home has a foster child sleeping in a room that is 50 % or more below ground level.

Subp. 3. Emergency procedures. The LH must give the licensing agency a floor plan of the foster home showing emergency evacuation routes. Emergency procedures must include a plan for care of children, evacuation, temporary shelter, and gathering at a meeting place to determine if anyone is missing. The plan must specifically address the needs of children whose behavior increases the risk of having a fire. The foster parent must give the emergency procedures to the agency, and the foster parent and licensing agency must review the emergency procedures during relicensure.

Subp. 4. Pets. A foster home serving children less than six years of age must not keep reptiles, chickens, or ducks as pets. A foster home serving children six years of age and older that keeps reptiles, chickens, or ducks as pets must require a thorough hand washing following the handling of the animal, its food, and anything the animal has touched. Pets in family residences must be immunized and maintained as required by local ordinances and state law.

2960.30 LICENSE HOLDER QUALIFICATIONS. Subpart 1. Experience. The prospective license holder must agree to cooperate with the licensing agency and:
A. have at least the equivalent of two years of full-time experience caring for or working with the issues presented by the children they will care for, whether they are the license holder's own children or other children;
B. agree to receive training in child care and development as needed in order to meet the individual needs of the children placed in the foster home;
C. be related to the child needing foster care; or
D. be an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant contact.

2960.3070 FOSTER PARENT TRAINING. Subpart 1. Orientation. A nonrelative foster parent must complete a minimum of six hours of orientation before admitting a foster child. Orientation is required for relative foster parents who will be licensed as a child's foster parents. Orientation for relatives must be completed within 30 days following the initial placement. The foster parent's orientation must include items A-E:
A. emergency procedures, including evacuation routes, emergency telephone numbers, severe storm and tornado procedures, and location of alarms and equipment;
B. relevant laws and rules, including, but not limited to, chapter 9560; Minnesota Statutes, chapters 245A, 260, and 260C; and Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556; and legal issues and reporting requirements;
C. cultural diversity, gender sensitivity, culturally specific services, cultural competence, and information about discrimination and racial bias issues to ensure that caregivers will be culturally competent to care for foster children according to MN Statutes, section 260C.212, subd 11;
D. information about the role and responsibilities of the foster parent in the development and implementation of the case plan and in court and administrative reviews of the child's placement; and
E. requirements of the licensing agency.

Subp. 2. In-service training. Each foster parent must complete a minimum of 12 hours of training per year in one or more of the areas in this subpart or in other areas as agreed upon by the licensing agency and the foster parent. If the foster parent has not completed the required annual training at the time of relicensure and does not show good cause why the training was not completed, the foster parent may not accept new foster children until the training is completed. The nonexclusive list of topics in items A to Z provides examples of in-service training topics that could be useful to a foster parent: A. cultural competence and transcultural placements; B. adoption and permanency; C. crisis intervention, including suicide prevention; D. SO behaviors; E. children's psychological, spiritual, cultural, sexual, emotional, intellectual, and social development; F. legal issues including liability; G. foster family relationships with placing agencies and other service providers; H. first aid and life-sustaining treatment such as CPR; I. preparing foster children for independent living; J. parenting children who suffered physical, emotional, or sexual abuse or domestic violence; K. chemical dependency, and signs or symptoms of alcohol and...
drug abuse;  L. mental health and emotional disturbance issues;  M. Americans with Disabilities Act and Individuals With Disabilities Education Act;  N. caring for children with disabilities and disability-related issues regarding developmental disabilities, emotional and behavioral disorders, and specific learning disabilities; O. privacy issues of foster children;  P. physical and nonphysical behavior guidance, crisis de-escalation, and discipline techniques, including how to handle aggression for specific age groups and specific issues such as developmental disabilities, chemical dependency, emotional disturbances, learning disabilities, and past abuse;  Q. birth families and reunification; R. effects of foster care on foster families; S. home safety; T. emergency procedures; U. child and family wellness;  V. sexual orientation; W. disability bias and discrimination; X. management of sexual perpetration, violence, bullying, and exploitative behaviors; Y. medical technology-dependent or medically fragile conditions; and  Z. separation, loss, attachment.

2960.3080 PLACEMENT, CONTINUED STAY, AND DISCHARGE.
Subpart 1. Placement criteria. Foster care placement is governed by the statement of intended use developed by the licensing agency and the license holder. The license holder may decline to accept a foster child without a stated reason. The requirements of parts 2960.0510 to 2960.0530 do not apply if the foster home serves as an emergency shelter home.

Subp. 2. Screening. The LH must cooperate with the placing agency to ensure that the child's needs are identified/addressed.

Subp. 3. Child's property. The foster child must be allowed to bring personal possessions, as agreed upon between the child, the child's parent, the placing agency, and the license holder, to the foster home and must be allowed to accumulate possessions to the extent the home is able to accommodate them.

Subp. 4. Information about foster children. Before placement or within five days following placement, the placing agency shall give the license holder written information in items A to K about the child:     A. the child's placement history summary; B. name and nicknames;  C. date of birth; D. gender;  E. name, address, and telephone number of the child's parents, guardian, and advocate; F. race or cultural heritage of the child, including tribal affiliation, if any; G. description of the child's presenting problems, including medical problems, circumstances leading to placement, mental health concerns, safety concerns including assaultive behavior, and victimization concerns;  H. description of assets and strengths of the child and, if available, related information from the child, child's family, including siblings, and concerned persons in the child's life;  I. name, address, and telephone number of the contact person for the last educational program the child attended, if applicable; J. spiritual or religious affiliation of the child and the child's family; and   K. information about the child's medication and diet needs and the identities of the child's recent health care providers. The child's placing agency shall update the information in items A to K as new information becomes available.

Subp. 5. Cooperation required. The license holder must cooperate with the child's placing agency according to items A-B.  
A. The license holder must provide basic services to the child.  
B. The license holder must cooperate with the child's case manager & other appropriate parties to develop & implement the child's case plan during the child's stay in the foster home.  
(1) identify and share information, if appropriate, with persons who are directly involved in the child's treatment plan and tell those persons about major treatment outcomes the child will achieve while in the home, including attaining developmentally appropriate life skills that the child needs to become functional in the community; 
(2) report the child's behaviors and other important information to the placing agency and others as indicated in the child's case plan;  
(3) recommend changes in the child's case plan to the case manager if needed;  
(4) give the placing agency additional significant information about the foster child as it becomes known;  
(5) facilitate the child's school attendance and enroll the child in a local school district or, if appropriate, the child's district of residence;  
(6) provide a child with timely access to basic, emergency, and specialized medical, mental health, and dental care and treatment services by qualified persons; and  
(7) maintain a record of illness reported by the child, action taken by the foster parent, and the date of the child's medical, psychological, or dental care.
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<th>Subp. 6. <strong>Foster child services.</strong> The license holder must:</th>
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| A. work with the child's placing agency and child's parents to develop a plan to identify and meet a foster child's immediate needs. The license holder must collaborate with the placing agency to provide the basic services to the child;  
B. encourage age-appropriate activities, exercise, and recreation for the foster child;  
C. seek consultation or direction from the placing agency if issues arise that cannot be resolved between the license holder and the foster child;  
D. explain house rules and tell the foster child about the license holder's expectations about behavior, the care of household items, and the treatment of others; and  
E. know the whereabouts of the child in the license holder's care. The license holder must be guided by the case plan or court order in determining how closely to supervise the child. The license holder must immediately notify the placing agency if the child runs away or is missing. |

| Subp. 7. **Foster child diet.** A foster child must be provided food and beverages that are palatable, of adequate quantity and variety, served at appropriate temperatures, and have sufficient nutritional value to promote the child's health. If the child has a medically prescribed diet, then the LH must provide the diet as ordered by a physician or other licensed health care provider. |

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<th>Subp. 8. <strong>Discipline.</strong> The license holder must consider the child's abuse history and developmental, cultural, disability, and gender needs when deciding the disciplinary action to be taken with the child. Disciplinary action must be in keeping with the license holder's discipline policy. The discipline policy must include the requirements in items A and B.</th>
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| A. Children must not be subjected to: (1) corporal punishment, including, but not limited to: rough handling, shoving, ear or hair pulling, shaking, slapping, kicking, biting, pinching, hitting, throwing objects at the child, or spanking; (2) verbal abuse, including, but not limited to: name calling; derogatory statements about the child or child's family, race, gender, disability, sexual orientation, religion, or culture; or statements intended to shame, threaten, humiliate, or frighten the child; (3) punishment for lapses in toilet habits, including bed wetting or soiling; (4) withholding of basic needs, including, but not limited to: a nutritious diet, drinking water, clothing, hygiene facilities, normal sleeping conditions, proper lighting, educational services, exercise activities, ventilation and proper temperature, mail, family visits, positive reinforcement, nurturing, or medical care. However, a child who destroys bedding or clothing, or uses these or other items to hurt the child's self or others, may be deprived of such articles according to the child's case plan; (5) assigning work that is dangerous or not consistent with the child's case plan; (6) disciplining one child for the unrelated behavior or action of another, except for the imposition of restrictions on the child's peer group as part of a recognized treatment program; (7) restrictions on a child's communications beyond the restrictions specified in the child's treatment plan or case plan, unless the restriction is approved by the child's case manager; and (8) requirements to assume uncomfortable or fixed positions for an extended length of time, or to march, stand, or kneel as punishment.  
B. The license holder: (1) must not require a child to punish other children; (2) must follow the child's case plan regarding discipline; (3) must not use mechanical restraints or seclusion, as defined in part 2960.3010, subpart 38, with a foster child; (4) must ensure that the duration of time-out is appropriate to the age of the child; and (5) must meet the requirements of part 9525.2700, subpart 2, item F, regarding the use of aversive or deprivation procedures with a foster child who has mental retardation or a related condition. |

| Subp. 9. **Visitation and communication.** The license holder must follow the visitation and communication plan in a foster child's case plan, which was developed by the placing agency and child's parents, or required by court order. In the absence of a case plan or court order regarding visitation, the license holder must work with the placing agency and the child's parents to jointly develop a visitation plan. |

| Subp. 10. **Complaints and grievances.** The license holder must work with the licensing agency to develop written complaint and grievance procedures for foster children. The procedures must meet at least the following requirements:  
A. the agency or license holder must tell the child and the child's parent or legal representative about the complaint and grievance procedures and upon request give the child or the child's parent or legal representative a copy of the procedures and any forms needed to complain or grieve; |
B. the license holder must notify the placing and licensing agency about a written complaint or grievance and the resolution of the complaint or grievance; and
C. a license holder's response to a complaint or grievance that alleges abuse or neglect must meet the requirements of the Maltreatment of Minors Act, Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556.

Subp. 11. Discharge. The license holder must work with the child's placing agency to ensure a planned discharge and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.212, subdivision 3. Before an unplanned discharge, the license holder must confer with other interested persons to review the issues involved in the decision. During this review process, which must not exceed 30 days, the license holder must determine whether the license holder, treatment team, if any, interested persons, and the child can develop additional strategies to resolve the issues leading to the discharge and to permit the child an opportunity to continue to receive services from the license holder. If the review indicates that the decision to discharge is warranted, the reasons for it and the alternatives considered or attempted must be documented. A child may be temporarily removed from the foster home during the review period if the child is a danger to self or others. This subpart does not apply to a child removed by the placing authority or a parent or guardian.

2960.3090 RESPITE AND SUBSTITUTE CARE FOR FAMILY SETTINGS.
Subpart 1. Notice requirements. In nonemergency situations, the license holder, parent, and placing agency must agree on respite care and substitute care arrangements within ten working days prior to the use of respite care or substitute care or must agree on respite care according to an ongoing written agreement. In an emergency that may require the use of respite or substitute care, the license holder must notify the placing agency of the emergency as soon as possible. The license holder must notify the placing agency when respite care or long-term substitute care is being provided.

Subp. 2. Qualifications of long-term substitute caregiver. A substitute caregiver must:
A. be at least 18 years of age;
B. have completed a background study within the past 12 months;
C. have no statutory or rule disqualification;
D. if providing more than 30 cumulative days of substitute care in a 12-month period:
   (1) submit a signed statement attesting to good health and being physically able to care for foster children; and
   (2) have at least six hours of training or 20 hours of experience in caring for children with the particular needs of the foster children to be cared for; and
E. provide documentation of medical equipment training on the equipment used to care for the foster child from an appropriate training source.

Subp. 3. Short-term substitute caregiver. As used in parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340, "short-term substitute care" means less than 72 hours of continuous care for a child. A short-term substitute caregiver does not have to meet the requirements of subpart 2. However, the foster parent and the placing agency must agree that the short-term substitute caregiver is able to meet the needs of the foster child. The short-term substitute caregiver must provide documentation of medical equipment training on the equipment used to care for the foster child from an appropriate training source.

Subp. 4. Information to respite caregiver. The license holder must give a respite care provider the information in items A to D related to the foster child's health, safety, and welfare:
A. information about the foster child's emotional, behavioral, medical, and physical condition;
B. any medication the foster child takes;
C. the foster child's daily routine and schedule; and
D. the names and telephone numbers of individuals to contact in case of emergency and information about medical providers and how to obtain medical care for the child.

Subp. 5. Information to substitute caregivers. The license holder must give a substitute care provider the information in subpart 4, and in items A to D:
A. the location of a fire extinguisher and first aid supplies;
B. emergency and fire evacuation plans;
C. information about child abuse and mandatory reporting laws; and
D. if an emergency occurs which involves the foster child, the substitute caregiver must notify the placing agency as soon as possible about the emergency.

Subp. 6. **Overnights and short trips.** The license holder must seek direction from the placing agency about whether or not the foster child may go on overnights or short trips outside the supervision of the license holder.
Subp. 7. **Foster residence settings.** Foster residence settings may not use respite caregivers, long-term substitute caregivers, and short-term substitute caregivers. Subparts 1 to 6 do not apply to foster residence settings.

### 2960.3100 RECORDS.
Subpart 1. **Foster care license records.** The license holder must cooperate with the licensing agency to ensure the agency has the following records:

- A. a copy of the application for licensure signed by the applicant;
- B. a license holder agreement form supplied by the Department of Human Services which is signed by the applicant and the agency;
- C. reports and signed statements from specialists, and signed statements from the license holder, the license holder's children, and other household members concerning the physical health of the license holder, the license holder's children, and other household members;
- D. a current completed commissioner's home safety checklist (D.S.-644) plus a written report from the fire marshal on any specific fire hazards, if required;
- E. the prelicensing home study and supporting documentation;
- F. references obtained through the licensing process;
- G. a documented annual evaluation of the licensed foster home, conducted jointly by the license holder and the licensing agency, including, at a minimum:
  1. a review of all foster placements in the past year and an assessment of the impact and outcomes of the placement on the child, child's family, license holder, and development and implementation of the case plan;
  2. a review of any comments, suggestions, or concerns raised by placing agencies and an assessment of implications for training and foster home policies or procedures;
  3. a review of any grievances, their outcomes, and an assessment of implications for training and foster home policies or procedures;
  4. a review of the ability of the license holder to care for children; and
  5. the development of a plan for the next year's foster care training and development;
- H. documentation for any rule variance from this chapter; and
- I. a record of training received by the license holder and staff, if any, and foster parents, including a list of training on medical equipment used to sustain life or monitor a medical condition.

Subp. 2. **Foster child records.** The license holder must keep a record for each foster child in care. The record must include the child's medical records, which includes records of illnesses and medical care provided to the child; grievance records, including documentation of the grievance resolution; and other documentation as required by the child's case plan.

### 2960.3200 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FOSTER RESIDENCE SETTING LICENSE HOLDERS.
Subpart 1. **Scope.** Parts 2960.3200 to 2960.3230 apply to foster homes which are foster residence settings. Subp. 2. **Purpose and applicability.** Parts 2960.3200 to 2960.3230 apply to foster homes in which the license holder does not reside at the licensed foster home. The foster residence setting license holder must meet the requirements of parts 2960.3200 to 2960.3230, in addition to the requirements of parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3100. Subp. 3. **Exemption.** The training and orientation requirements of part 2960.3070 do not apply to foster residence settings.

### 2960.3210 STAFF TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.
Subpart 1. **Orientation.** The license holder must ensure that all staff attend and successfully complete at least six hours of orientation training before having unsupervised contact with foster children. The number of hours of orientation training are not
Orientation training must include at least the topics in items A to F:

A. emergency procedures, including evacuation routes, emergency telephone numbers, severe storm and tornado procedures, and location of facility alarms and equipment;

B. relevant statutes and administrative rules and legal issues, including reporting requirements for abuse and neglect specified in MN Statutes, sections 626.556 and 626.557, and other reporting requirements based on the age of the child;

C. cultural diversity and gender sensitivity, culturally specific services, and information about discrimination and racial bias issues to ensure that caregivers have cultural sensitivity and will be culturally competent to care for children according to Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.212, subdivision 11;

D. general and special needs, including disability needs, of children and families served;

E. operational policies and procedures of the license holder; and

F. data practices regulations and issues.

Subp. 2. **Personnel training.** The license holder must provide training for staff that is modified annually to meet the current needs of individual staff persons. The license holder must develop an annual training plan for employees that addresses items A to C.

A. Full-time and part-time direct care staff and volunteers must have sufficient training to accomplish their duties. To determine the type and amount of training an employee needs, the license holder must consider the foster care program's target population, services the program delivers, and outcomes expected from the services, as well as the employee's position description, tasks to be performed, and the performance indicators for the position. The license holder and staff who care for children who rely on medical equipment to sustain life or monitor a medical condition must meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.155.

B. Full-time staff who have direct contact with children must complete at least 18 hours of in-service training per year. One-half of the training must be skill development training. Other foster home staff and volunteers must complete in-service training requirements consistent with their duties.

C. Part-time direct care staff must receive sufficient training to competently care for children. The amount of training must be provided at least at a ratio of one hour of training for each 60 hours worked, up to 18 hours of training per part-time employee per year.

### 2960.3220 STAFFING PATTERNS AND PERSONNEL POLICIES.

Subpart 1. **Job descriptions.** The license holder must have written job descriptions for all position classifications and post assignments that define the responsibilities, duties, and qualifications staff need to perform those duties. The job descriptions must be readily available to all staff.

Subpart 2. **Recruitment of culturally balanced staff.** To the extent permitted by law, it is the license holder's responsibility to actively recruit, hire, and retain staff who are responsive to the diversity of the population served. If the license holder's staffing plan does not meet the cultural and racial needs of the child, the license holder must document the reasons why and work with cultural or racial communities to meet the needs of the child. In addition, the license holder must contact a cultural or racial community group related to the child's racial or cultural minority background and seek information about how to provide opportunities for the child to associate with adult and peer role models with similar cultural and racial backgrounds on a regular basis.

Subpart 3. **Professional licensure.** The license holder must keep records showing that staff's professional licensure which is related to staff's foster care duties is current.

Subpart 4. **Staffing plan.** The license holder must prepare and obtain approval from the licensing agency of a written staffing plan that shows staff assignments and meets the needs of the children in care. The license holder must use the criteria in items A to D to develop the foster home's staffing plan.

A. The license holder must designate a person in charge at each facility.

B. In the temporary absence of the person designated as the person in charge at the facility, a different staff person must be designated as the person in charge of the facility.
C. The license holder must designate a person to coordinate volunteer services, if volunteers are used by the facility. The license holder must have a system for registration and identification of volunteers. Volunteers who have unsupervised contact with children must have a background check. The license holder must require volunteers to agree in writing to abide by facility policies. Volunteers must be trained and qualified to perform the duties assigned to them. D. The staffing plan must be appropriate for the program services offered to the children, the physical plant features and characteristics of the facility, and the condition of the children in care. The license holder must consider the factors in subitems (1) to (8) when developing the staffing plan: (1) the age of the children served; (2) the children's physical and mental health; (3) the vulnerability of the children; (4) the children's capacity for self-preservation in the event of an emergency; (5) the degree to which the children may be a threat to self or others; (6) the gender of the children; (7) disabilities of the children; and (8) the number and types of service programs offered or coordinated for the children.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subp. 5. <strong>License holder and staff qualifications.</strong></th>
<th>The LH and staff must have the education and experience required to meet the functions and program activities that the LH declared in the foster home's statement of intended use according to part 2960.3000, subpart 4. The LH must be a responsible, mature, healthy adult who is able to carry out the license holder's duties. The LH must be able to accomplish the LH's duties and meet the child's needs as stated in the case plan. Staff must be at least 21 years of age.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Subp. 6. <strong>Drug and alcohol use prohibited.</strong></td>
<td>The license holder must have a policy regarding use of illegal drugs or alcohol by staff, volunteers, and contract employees while staff, volunteers, and contract employees care for or have contact with foster children. The license holder's policy must prohibit the use of illegal drugs and use of alcohol by staff and others while caring for foster children, and require that staff and others who use illegal drugs or use alcohol while caring for foster children are subject to dismissal.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medication administration.</td>
<td>The license holder must have a policy on medication administration by staff. The LH's medication administration policy must require that staff document medication administration errors.</td>
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| 2960.3230 **COMMUNICATIONS AND DOCUMENTATION.** Subpart 1. **Communication plan.** | The license holder must have a communication plan that ensures that all important information about a child is communicated to the license holder and staff. At a minimum, the communication plan must ensure that: A. updated information about the child's needs, condition, care plan changes, medications, incidents, and other information which affects the health and safety of the child is documented and made available to staff and other persons who care for the child; and B. staff who help the child meet care plan and treatment plan goals are given the information needed to carry out the staff's duties to help the child attain care plan and treatment plan goals. |
| Subp. 2. **Documentation.** | A license holder must: A. maintain and make available to the commissioner of human services or corrections sufficient documentation to verify that all requirements of the rules governing the care of the child have been met; B. keep and share the child's records according to the requirements of statute; and C. collect demographic information about children and their families and outcome measures about the success of services that meet the requirements of Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, section 60, subdivision 2, clause (1)(iii). |