



Forensic Services

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Overview

- Forensic Services Program Overview
- Demographics
- Referrals
- Treatment Progression
- Mutual Goals
- MI&D Taskforce Objectives

Forensic Services



Forensic Mental Health Program



Forensic Mental Health Program



Forensic Nursing Home



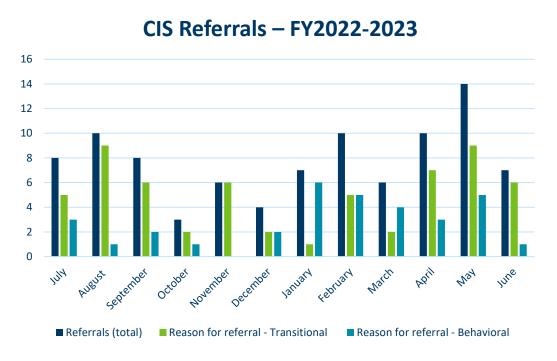
Forensic Nursing Home

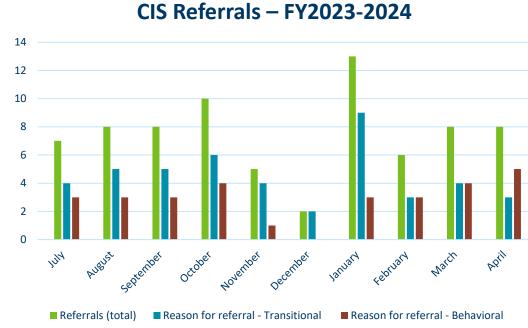


Community Integrated Services



Community Integrated Services





Forensic Examiner Network



Patient Census and Bed Capacity

Average daily census: 360 to 365 patients

• FMHP: 335 (93%)

• FNH: 28 (93%)

- Secure units and beds
 - Forensic Mental Health Program: 285 secure beds
 - 15 secure units in the Main Building with two secure units in Forest View (46)
 - Nursing home: 30 beds
- Non-secure units and beds = 74 non-secure beds
 - Two Prairie View units: 46 beds
 - North Campus: 28 beds

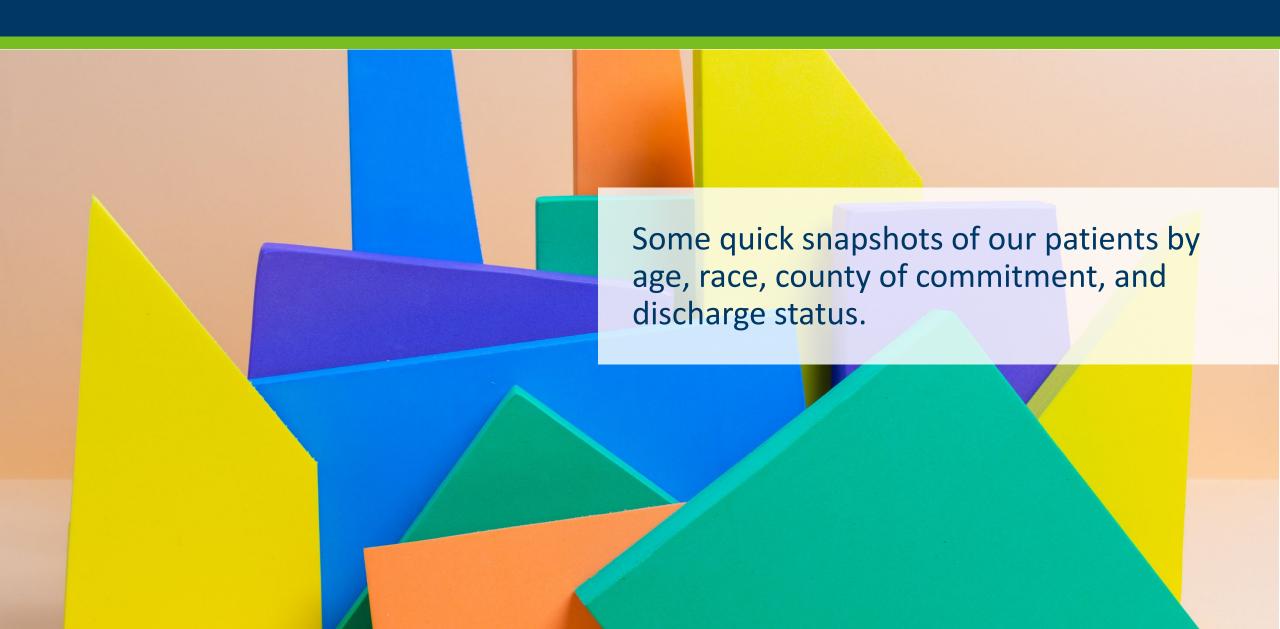
Staffing Levels



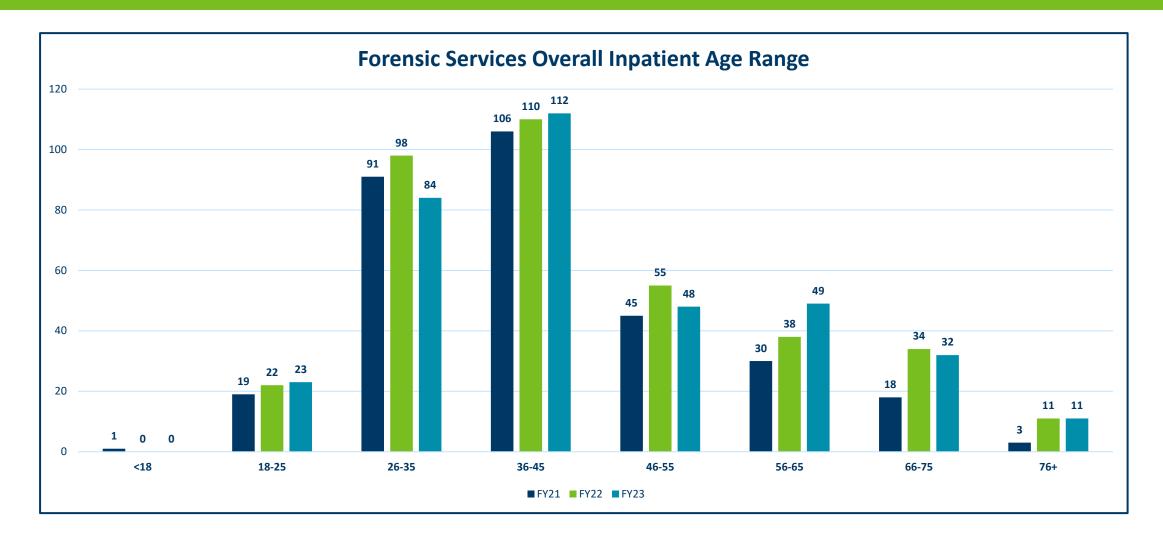
Expansion and Renovation Project



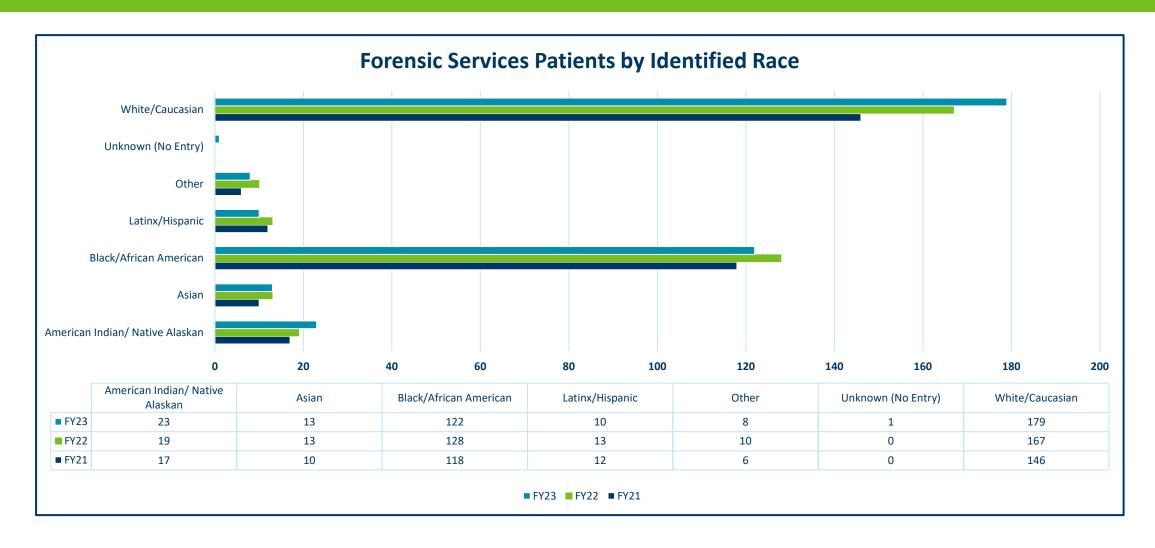
Patient Demographics



Patient Age Range



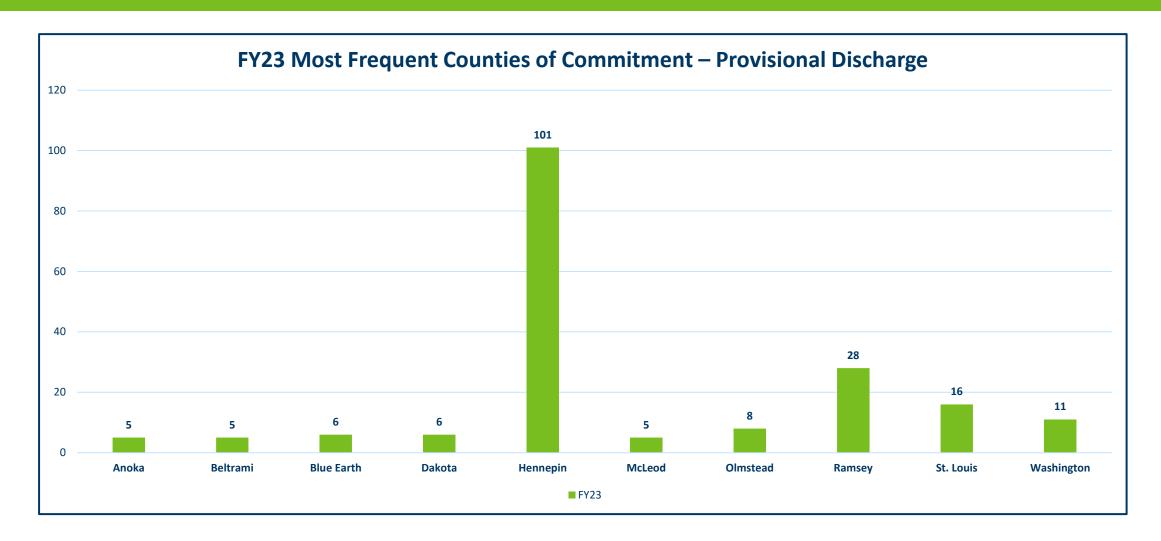
Patients by Race



Patients by County of Commitment

| | Anoka | Beltrami | Blue Earth | Crow Wing | Dakota | Hennepin | Ramsey | St. Louis | Stearns | Steele | Washington |
|-------|-------|----------|------------|-----------|--------|----------|--------|-----------|---------|--------|------------|
| FY 21 | 13 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 12 | 127 | 50 | 12 | <10 | <10 | 14 |
| FY 22 | 18 | <10 | 10 | <10 | 11 | 148 | 58 | 13 | <10 | <10 | 15 |
| FY 23 | 16 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 11 | 148 | 49 | 12 | <10 | <10 | 16 |

Patients on Provisional Discharge by County of Commitment



Referrals to Forensic Mental Health Program

- Majority of admissions are facilitated through Central PreAdmission Services (CPA).
- The referral may come after a pre-petition screening, Initial Commitment as MI&D, or as otherwise requiring treatment in a secure treatment environment.

Mentally III & Dangerous

A "person who has a mental illness and is dangerous to the public" is a person:

- (1) who has an organic disorder of the brain or a substantial psychiatric disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation, or memory that grossly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize reality, or to reason or understand, and is manifested by instances of grossly disturbed behavior or faulty perceptions; and
- (2) who as a result of that impairment presents a clear danger to the safety of others as demonstrated by the facts that (i) the person has engaged in an overt act causing or attempting to cause serious physical harm to another and (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that the person will engage in acts capable of inflicting serious physical harm on another.

MI&D Civil Commitment Process

- Pretrial/Preliminary hearing
- Examination by court-appointed examiner
- Initial hearing to determine whether the patient meets the criteria for commitment
- 60-day report filed by the treatment facility or state-operated treatment program
- Final hearing after 60-day treatment report

Final Determination

...After a final determination that a patient continues to be a person who is mentally ill and dangerous to the public, the patient is indeterminately committed and is to be transferred, provisionally discharged or discharged only as provided in Minn. Stat. 253B.18.

Treatment Progression

A look at the typical steps patients take as they progress in treatment and work toward provisional discharge

Admission to the Secure Perimeter

Initial focus on

- -Stabilization
- -Assessment
- -Treatment

Initial unit placement

Treatment planning

- -Treatment team
- -Abuse prevention plan
- -Admission treatment plan
- -Individual treatment plan



Residential Treatment

Residing in secure units with patients who have similar mental illnesses

Programming directed toward patient's individual needs

Services include:

- -Mental health therapy, support groups
- -Case management, crisis intervention
- -Independent living skills, recreation
- -Vocation, education



Pre-Transition Units

Patients continue to live on secure units.

Primary focus

- -Continue treatment interventions
- -Continue community integration
- -Work towards grounds planning



Non-Secure Treatment Setting

Supervised residential units

Primary Focus

- -Independent management
- -Community integration and community supports
- -Provisional discharge planning

Services offered

- -Psychosocial rehabilitation
- -Skill enhancement
- -Collaboration with community partners
- -Crisis consultation and intervention



Provisional Discharge

Conditional discharge without termination of civil commitment.

Patients on provisional discharge live in community settings and are supported by county social services and Community Integrated Services, as needed.



Full Discharge

Final discharge with termination of civil commitment.

Step Six

Barriers to Discharge

Limited placement options

- -Complexity of needs
- -Housing shortage

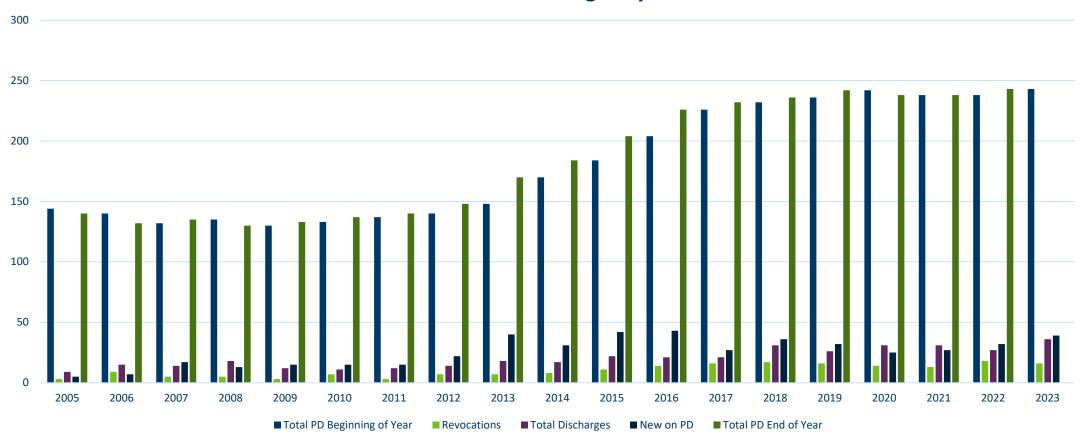
Few services for patients with sex offense histories

Cognitive limitations

Civil commitment statutory language

Provisional Discharges

Provisional Discharges by Year

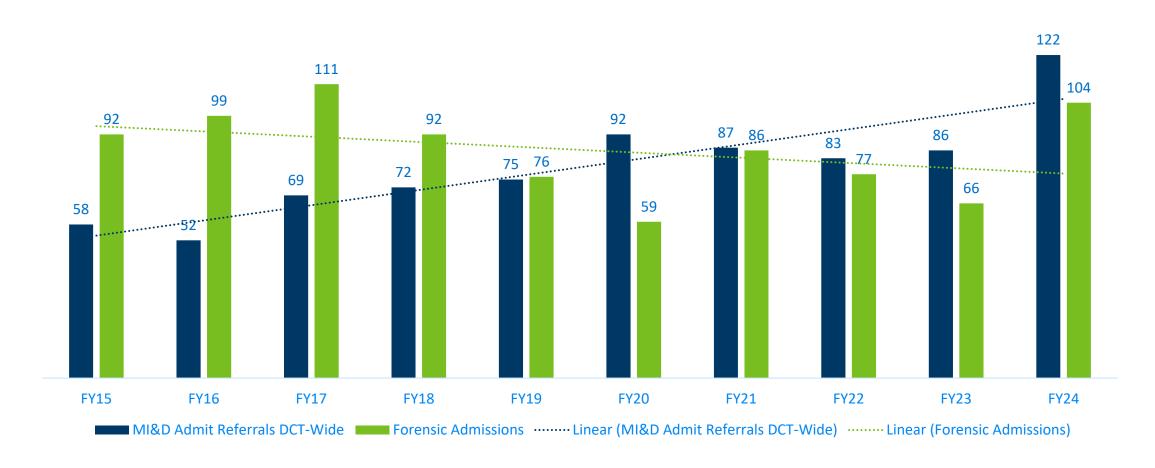


Purpose of MI&D Task Force

- Establishment and purpose:
 - The Mentally III and Dangerous Civil Commitment Reform Task Force is established to evaluate current statutes related to mentally ill and dangerous civil commitments and develop recommendations to optimize the use of state-operated mental health resources and increase equitable access and outcomes for patients.

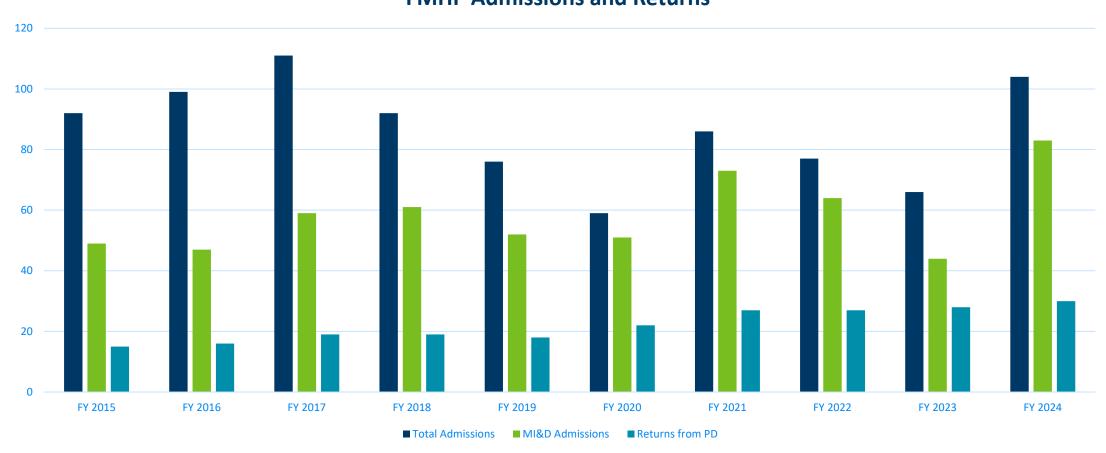
MI&D Referrals

MI&D Referrals & Forensic Admissions



FMHP Admissions and Returns

FMHP Admissions and Returns



The Task Force must:

- (1) Analyze current trends in mentally ill and dangerous civil commitments, including but not limited to the length of stay for individuals committed in Minnesota as compared to other jurisdictions
- (2) Review national practices and criteria for civil commitment of individuals who have a mental illness and represent a danger to the public

- (3) Develop recommended statutory changes necessary to provide services to the high number of mentally ill and dangerous civilly committed individuals
- (4) Develop funding and statutory recommendations for alternatives to the current mentally ill and dangerous civil commitment process
- (5) Identify what types of placements and services are necessary to serve individuals civilly committed as mentally ill and dangerous in the community

- (6) Make recommendations to reduce barriers to discharge from the forensic mental health program for individuals civilly committed as mentally ill and dangerous
- (7) Develop recommended plain language statutory changes to clarify operational definitions for terms used within Minnesota Statutes, section 253B.18

- (8) Develop recommended statutory changes to provide clear direction to the commissioner of human services and facilities to which individuals are civilly committed to address situations in which an individual is committed as mentally ill and dangerous and is later determined to not have an organic disorder of the brain or a substantial psychiatric disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation, or memory
- (9) Evaluate and make statutory and funding recommendations for the voluntary return of individuals civilly committed as mentally ill and dangerous to community facilities.



Thank you!