

Minnesota State Demographic Center

Major Demographic Trends Transforming MN & the Golden Valley area

Presentation to the Golden Valley Human Rights Commission

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Website: mn.gov/demography | Twitter: @MN_StateData





What is the role of the MN State Demographic Center?

- Serve as a liaison to the Census Bureau and assist with the decennial census counts
- Create MN population estimates and projections
- Analyze, interpret and distribute data from the state, U.S. Census Bureau and other sources
- Offer data and technical assistance to legislators, all levels of government, organizations and citizens across the state
- Monitor trends and help MN to make data-informed decisions



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Population Shifts
Aging Trends
Growing Diversity

Major trends shaping Minnesota
& Golden Valley

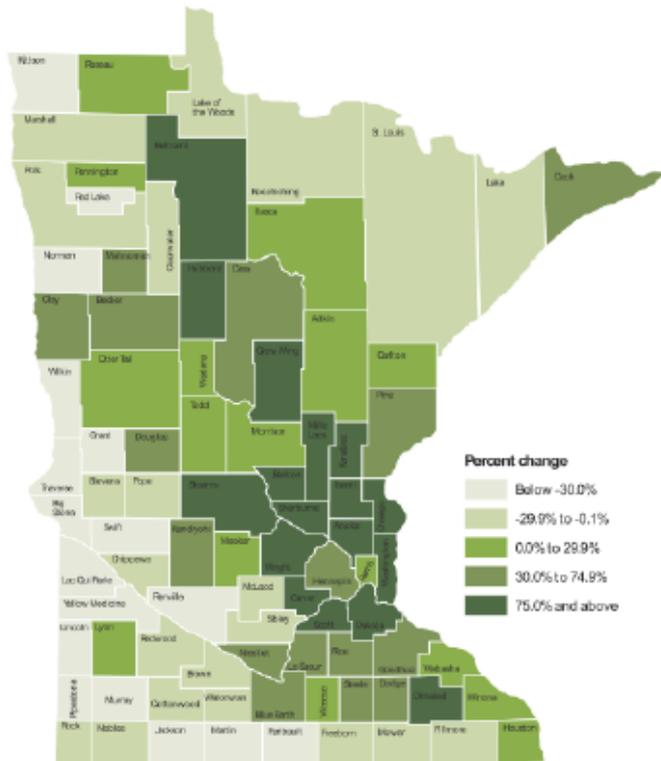


Population Shifts



The long, historic view... population change since 1960

Long-term population change, 1960-2013



Data source:
U.S. Census Bureau,
Population Estimate Program
©Center for Rural Policy and Development



QUIZ QUESTION

Where do 1 in 5 of Minnesota's residents live?



- A. The 7-county Twin Cities metro
- B. Otter Tail County
- C. Hennepin County



Counties are not comparable units for measurement!

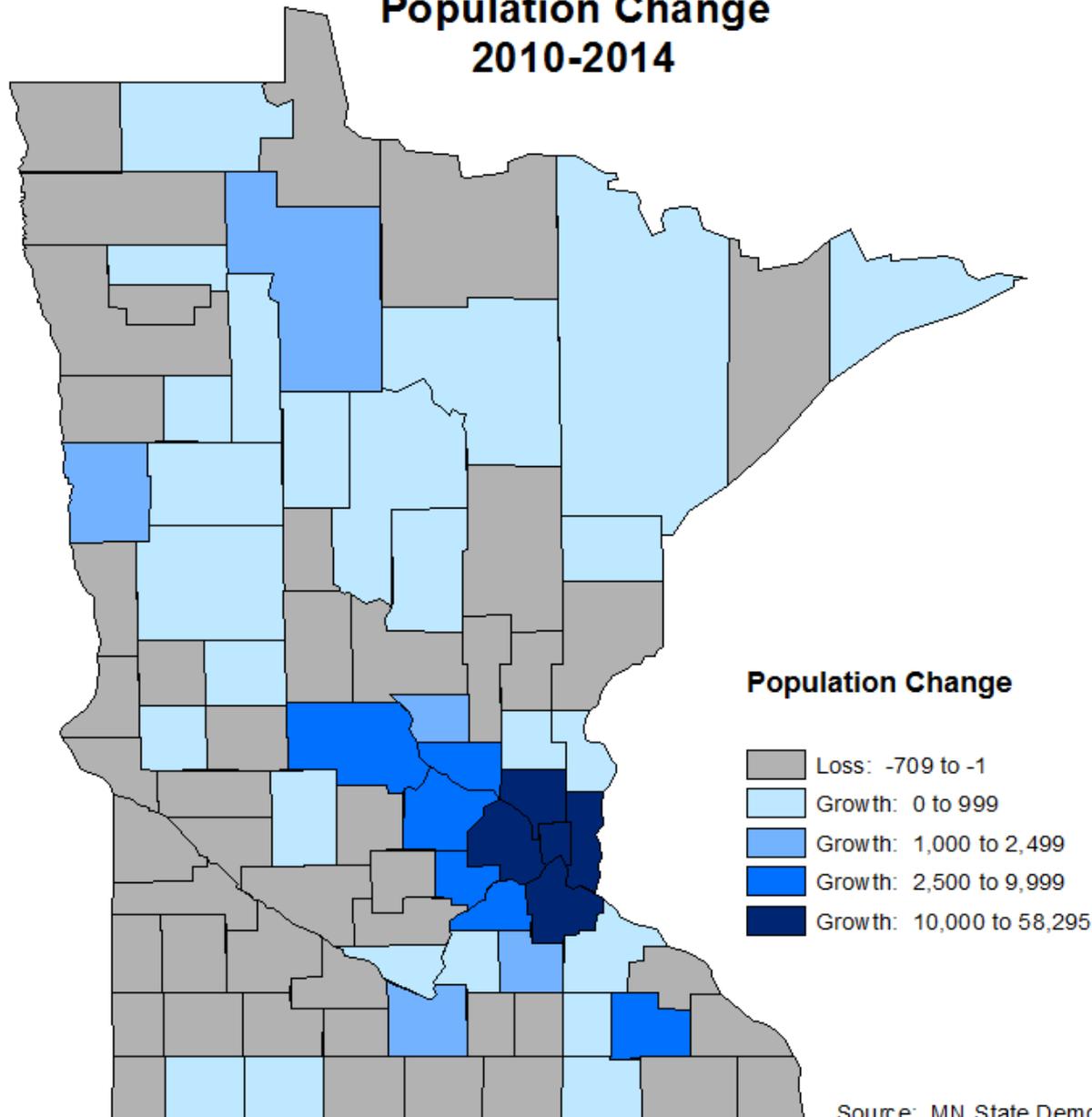
5 largest MN counties in 2014:

1. **Hennepin (1.2M residents, 22% of state)**
2. Ramsey (530K, 10% of state)
3. Dakota (412K, 8% of state)
4. Anoka (343K, 6% of state)
5. Washington (249K, 5% of state)

■ Everywhere else (2.7M, 50% of state)

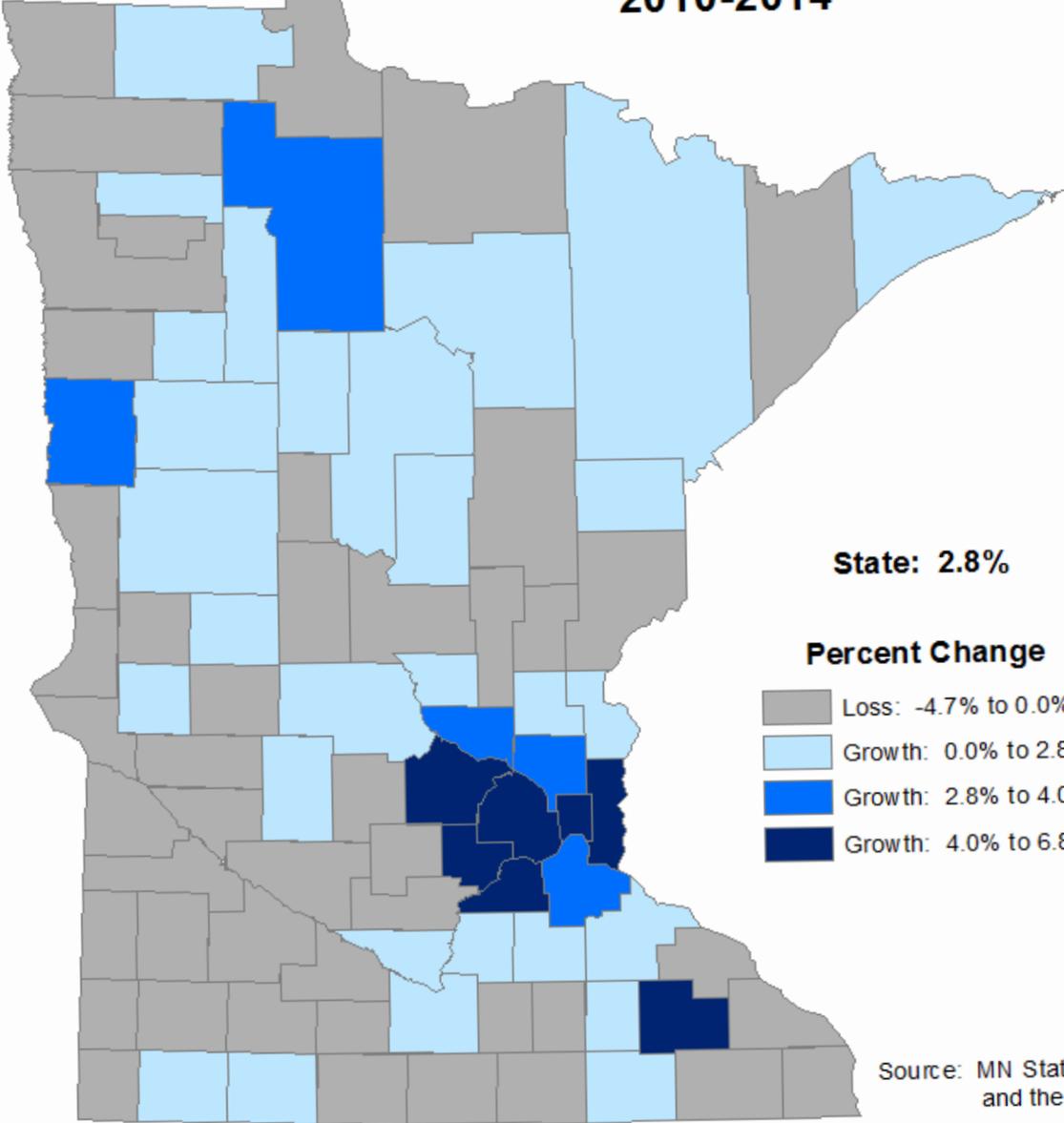
-Wright County (nearly 130,000, or 2.4% of state, 10th largest)

Population Change 2010-2014



Source: MN State Demographic Center
and the Metropolitan Council

Percent Population Change 2010-2014

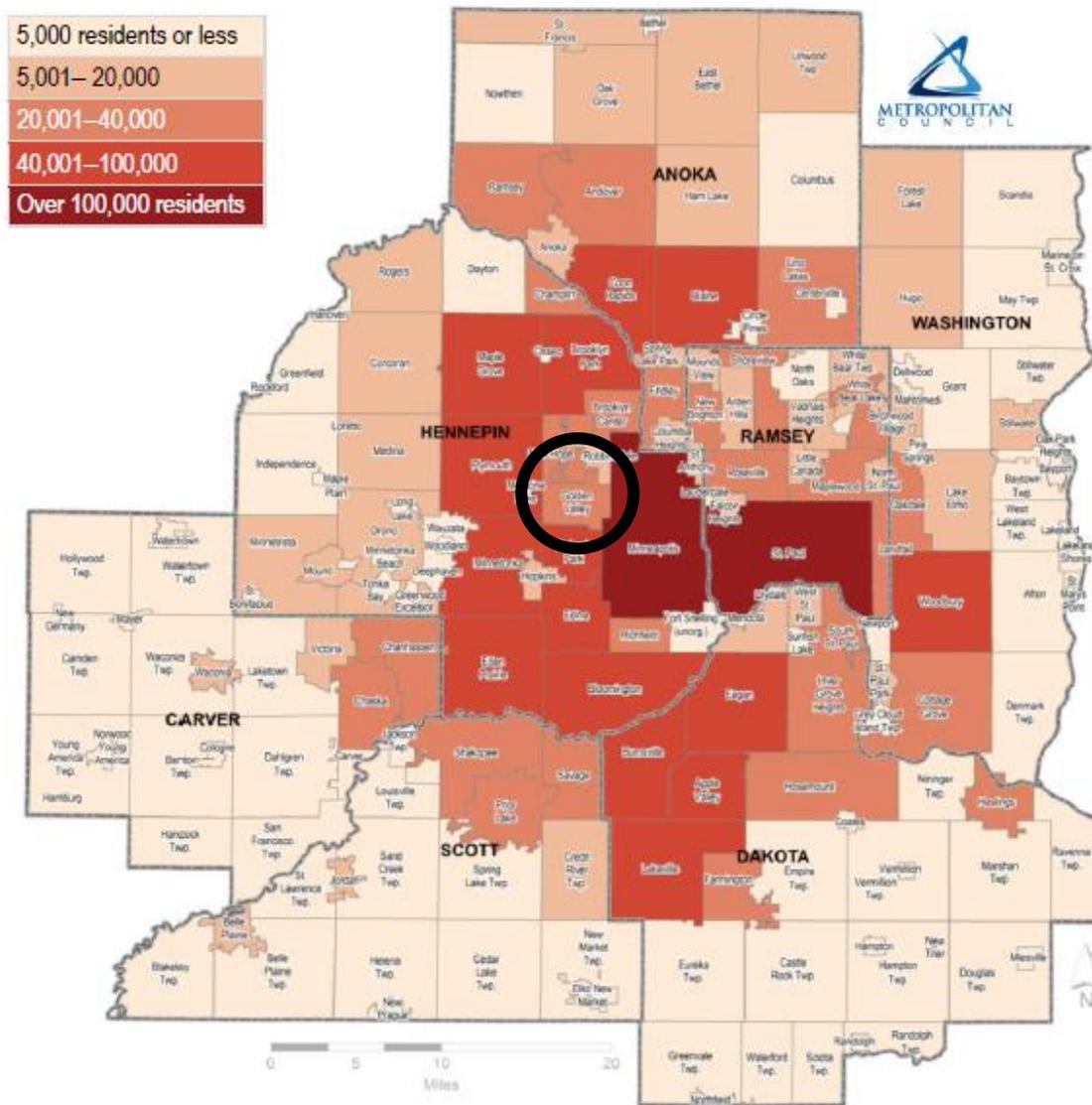




Focus on the 7- county metro

2014 population (red=greatest)

Figure 1. Total population based on 2014 estimates for cities and townships



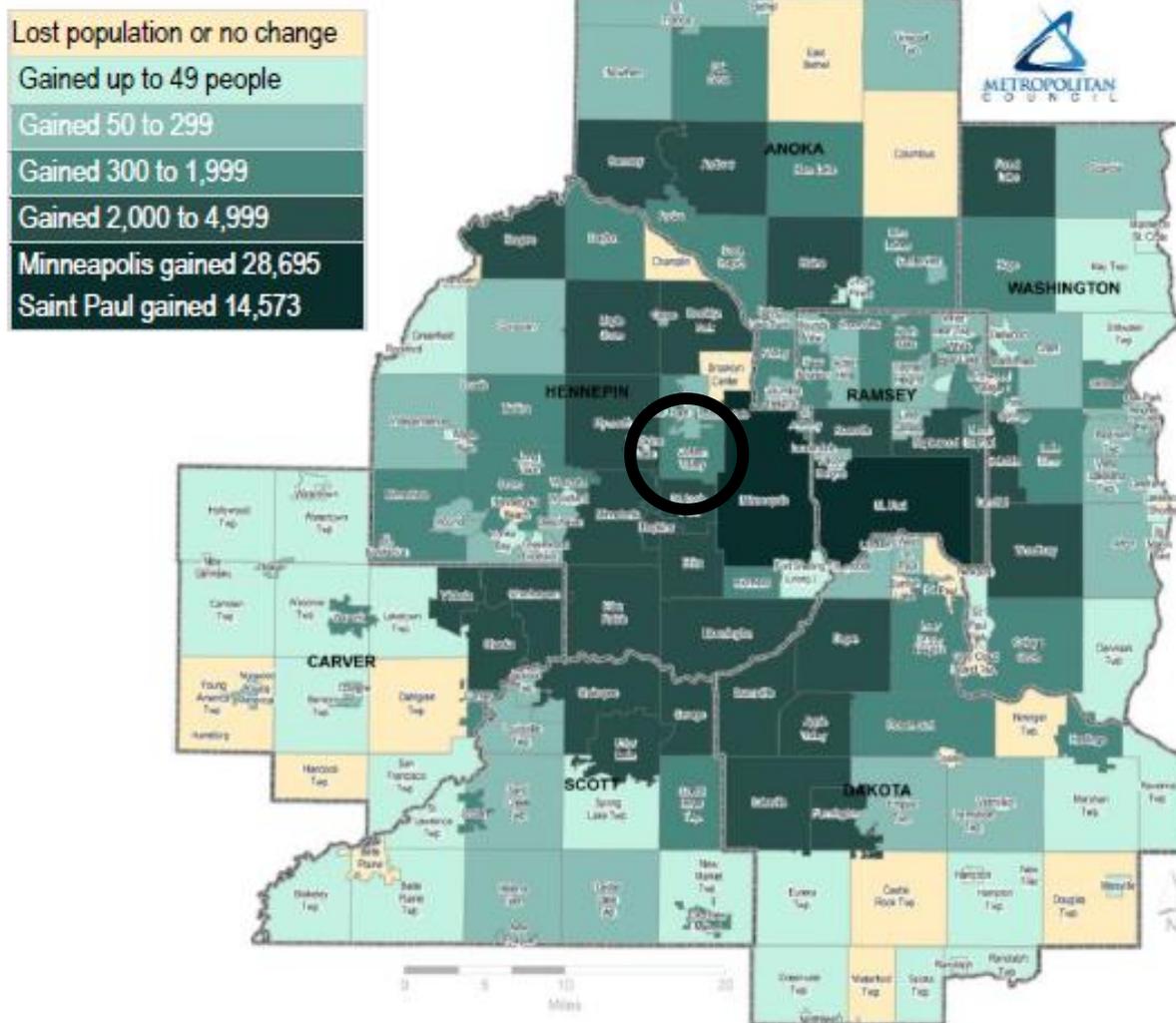
Source: Metropolitan Council's 2014 Population Estimates.



Focus on the 7- county metro

Population change, 2010-2014
(darkest green=greatest)

Figure 3. Population change between 2010 and 2014 for cities and townships



Source: Metropolitan Council's 2014 Population Estimates.

Source: Metropolitan Council's 2014 Population Estimates.

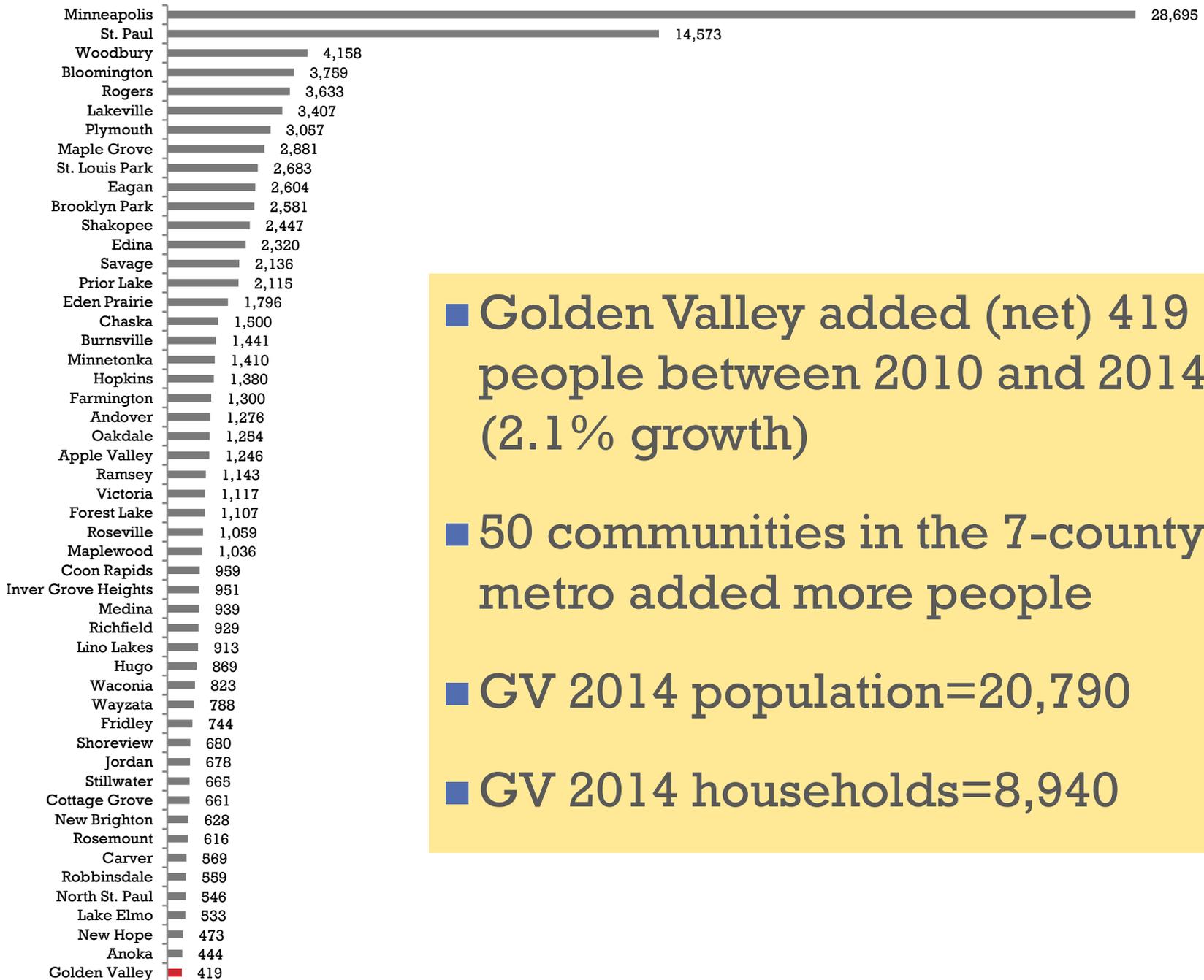


Top 10 Twin Cities (7-county) cities added the most people since 2010

Figure 4. Cities with the largest population growth between 2010 and 2014

	Population April 1, 2010	Population April 1, 2014	Change 2010–2014	Percent Change 2010–2014
Minneapolis	382,578	411,273	28,695	7.5%
Saint Paul	285,068	299,641	14,573	5.1%
Blaine	57,186	62,066	4,880	8.5%
Woodbury	61,961	66,119	4,158	6.7%
Bloomington	82,893	86,652	3,759	4.5%
Lakeville	55,954	59,361	3,407	6.1%
Plymouth	70,576	73,633	3,057	4.3%
Maple Grove	61,567	64,448	2,881	4.7%
St. Louis Park	45,250	47,933	2,683	5.9%
Eagan	64,206	66,810	2,604	4.1%
Subtotal, 10 cities	1,167,239	1,237,936	70,697	6.1%
Region total	2,849,567	2,979,343	129,776	4.6%

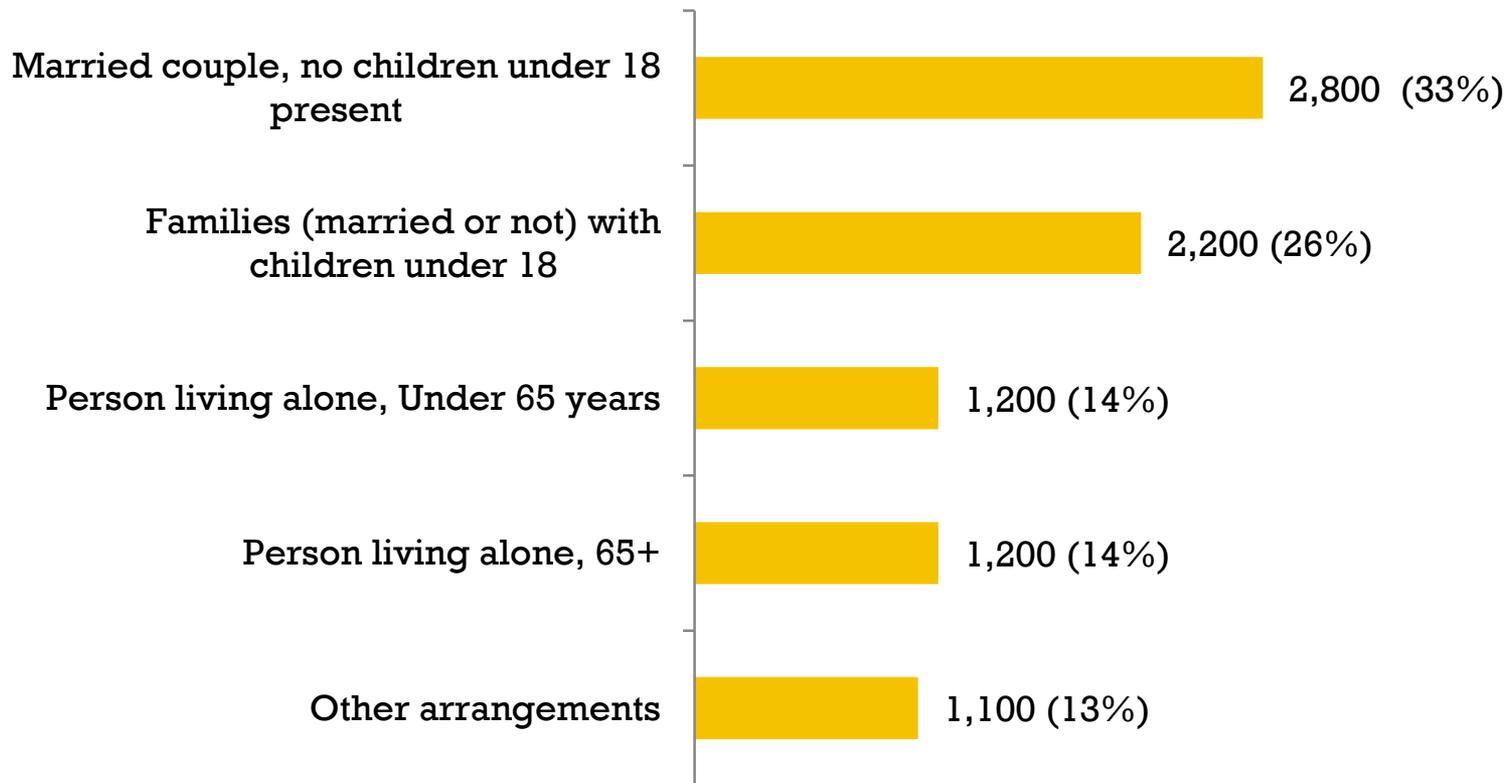
Source: U.S. Census Bureau Decennial Census, 2010 and Metropolitan Council's 2014 Population Estimates.



- Golden Valley added (net) 419 people between 2010 and 2014 (2.1% growth)
- 50 communities in the 7-county metro added more people
- GV 2014 population=20,790
- GV 2014 households=8,940



Golden Valley households by type (about 8,500 total, averaged 2010-14)





Same-sex households (average 2010-2014): Data is tricky

	Golden Valley city, Minnesota	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	8,467	+/-302
Unmarried-partner households:	601	+/-163
Male householder and male partner	63	+/-40
Male householder and female partner	218	+/-104
Female householder and female partner	82	+/-75
Female householder and male partner	238	+/-106
All other households	7,866	+/-332

Unmarried partner households:

- Same-sex: 1-3%
- Opposite-sex: 4-7%

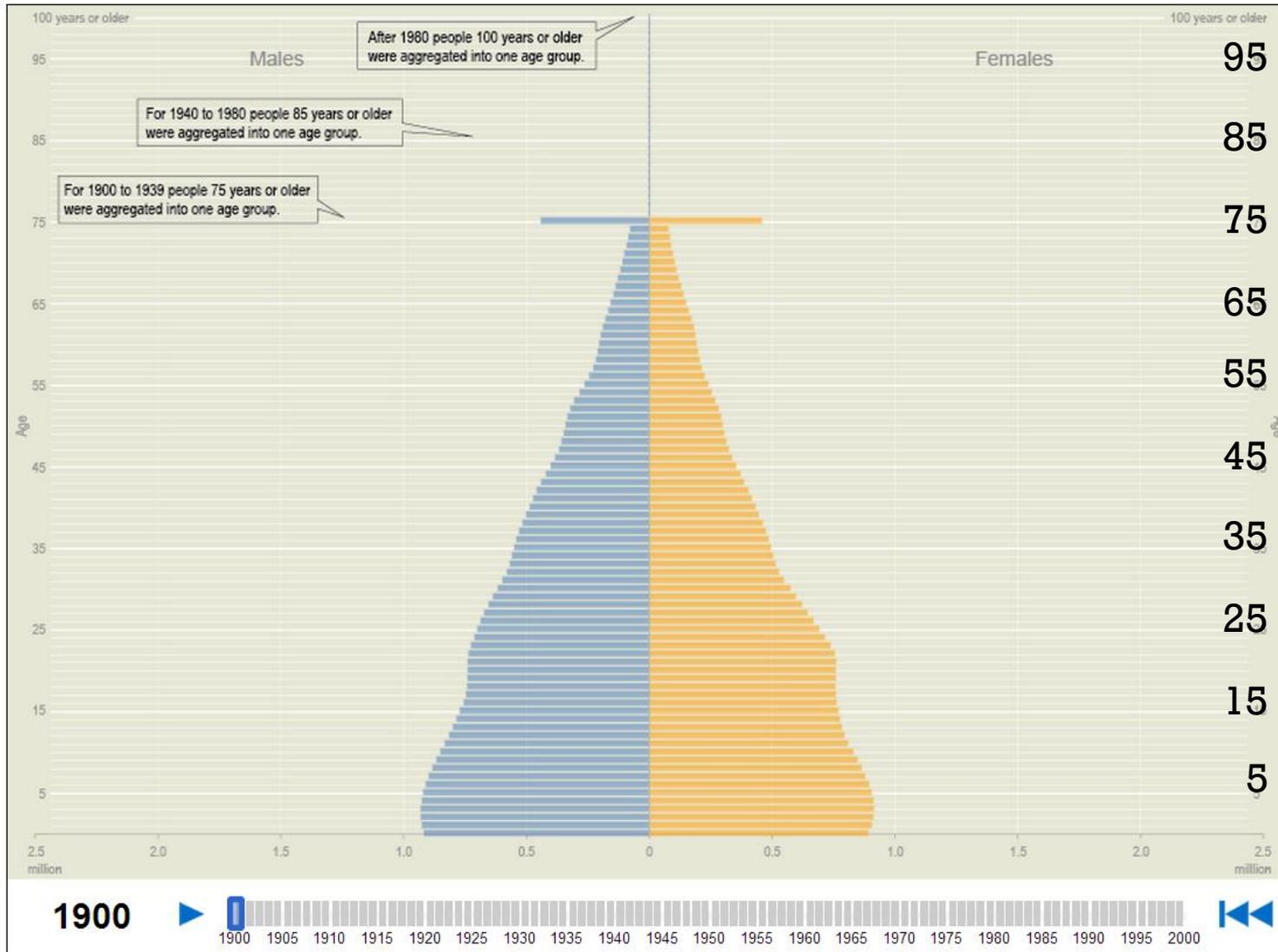
- Latest data: Same-sex households with *unmarried* partners about 145, but may be between 100 and 200
- (2010 Census data: 183 same-sex households, with 20 households raising children under 18)

Aging trends



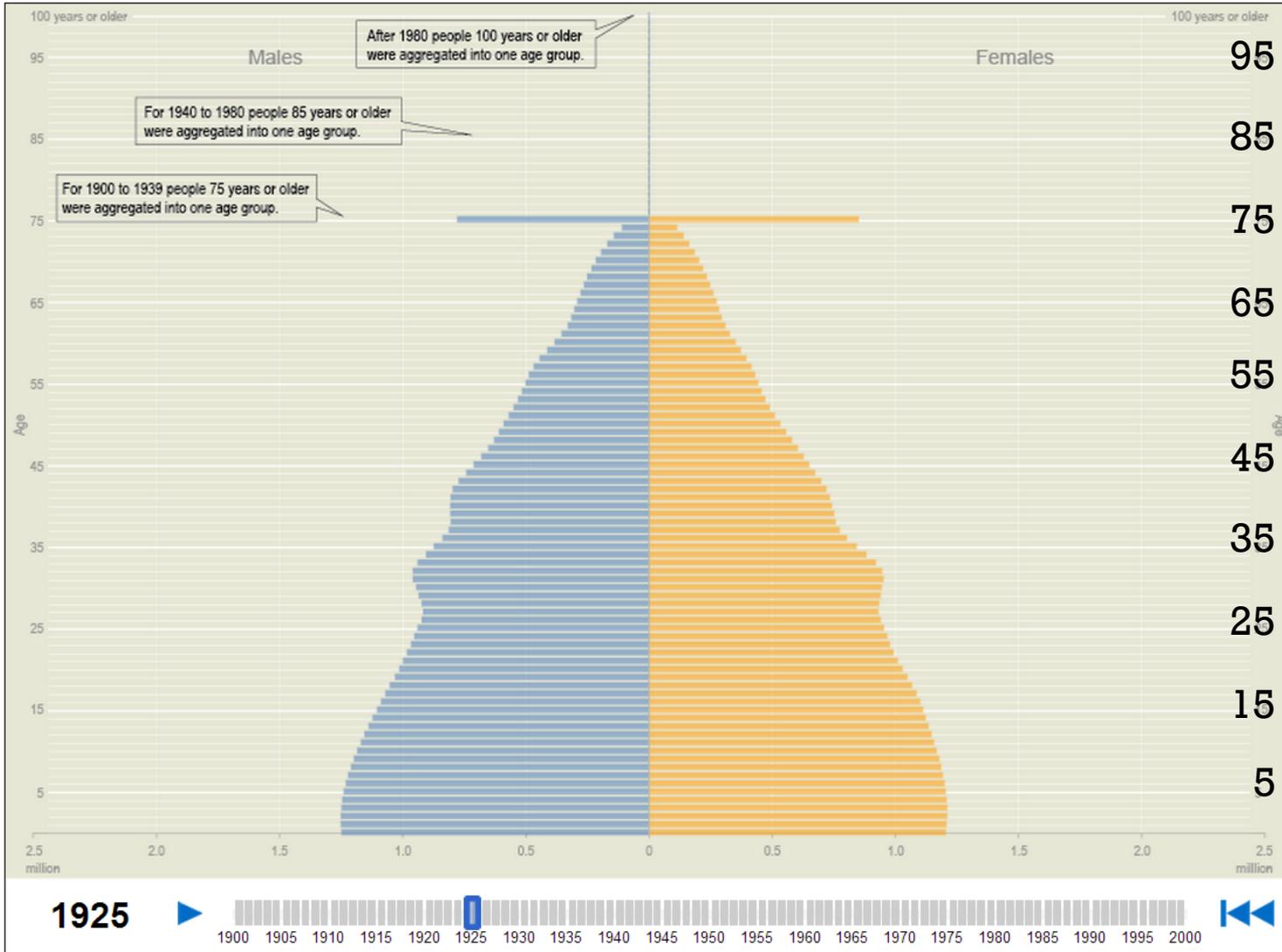


The nation in 1900



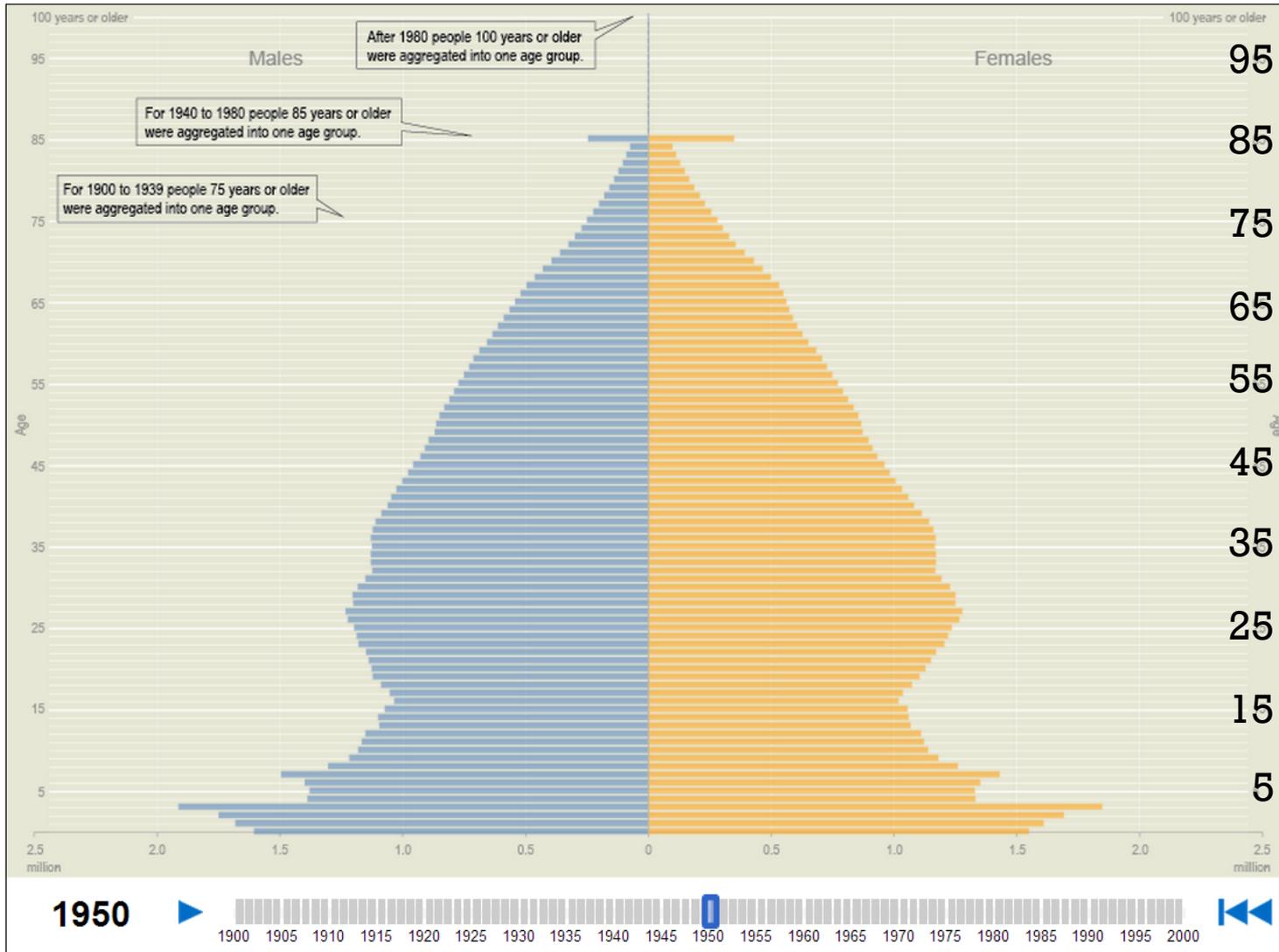


The nation in 1925



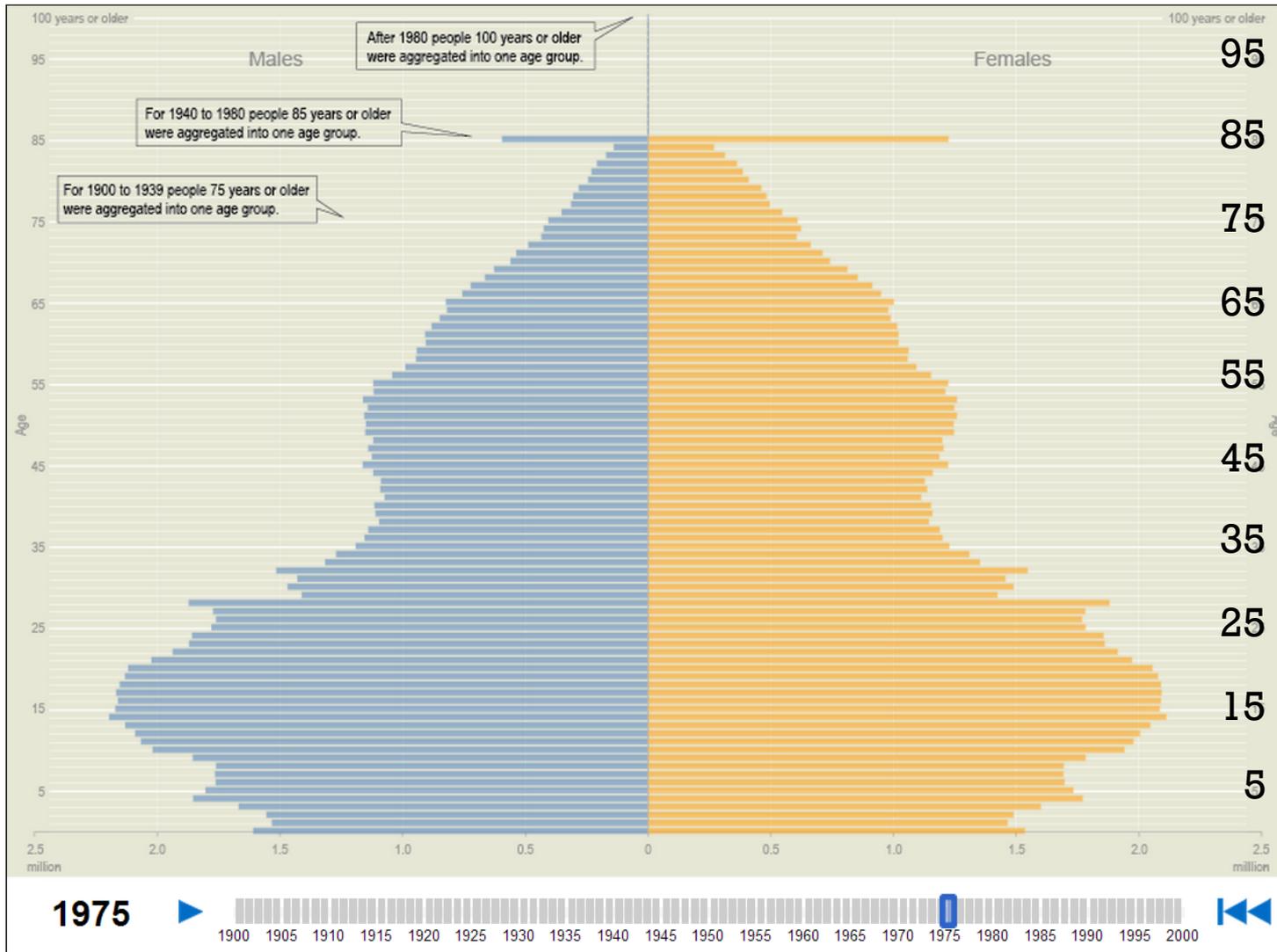


The nation in 1950



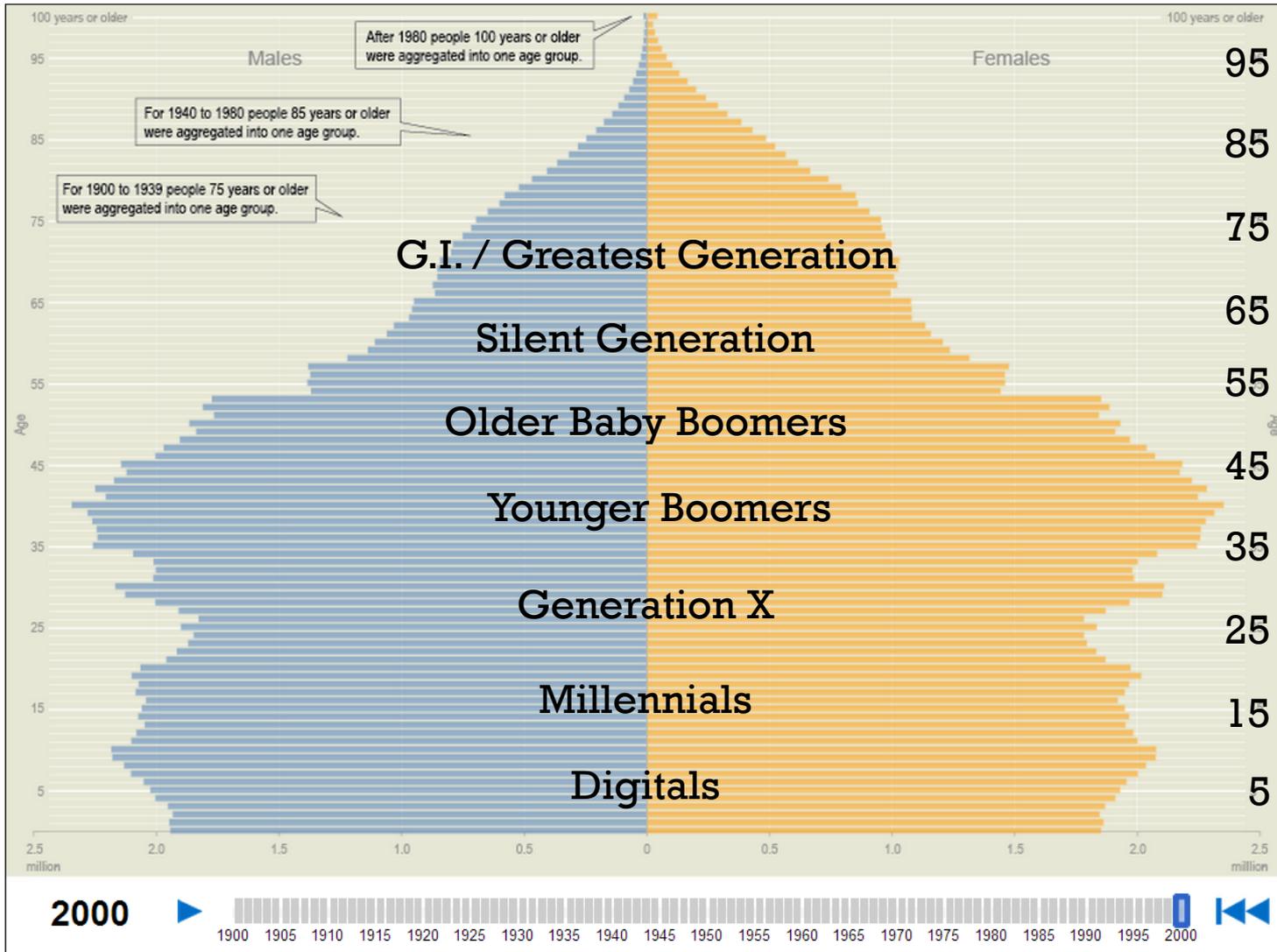


The nation in 1975



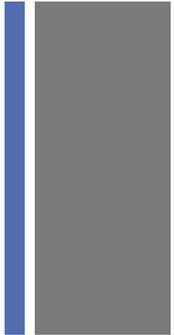


The nation in 2000

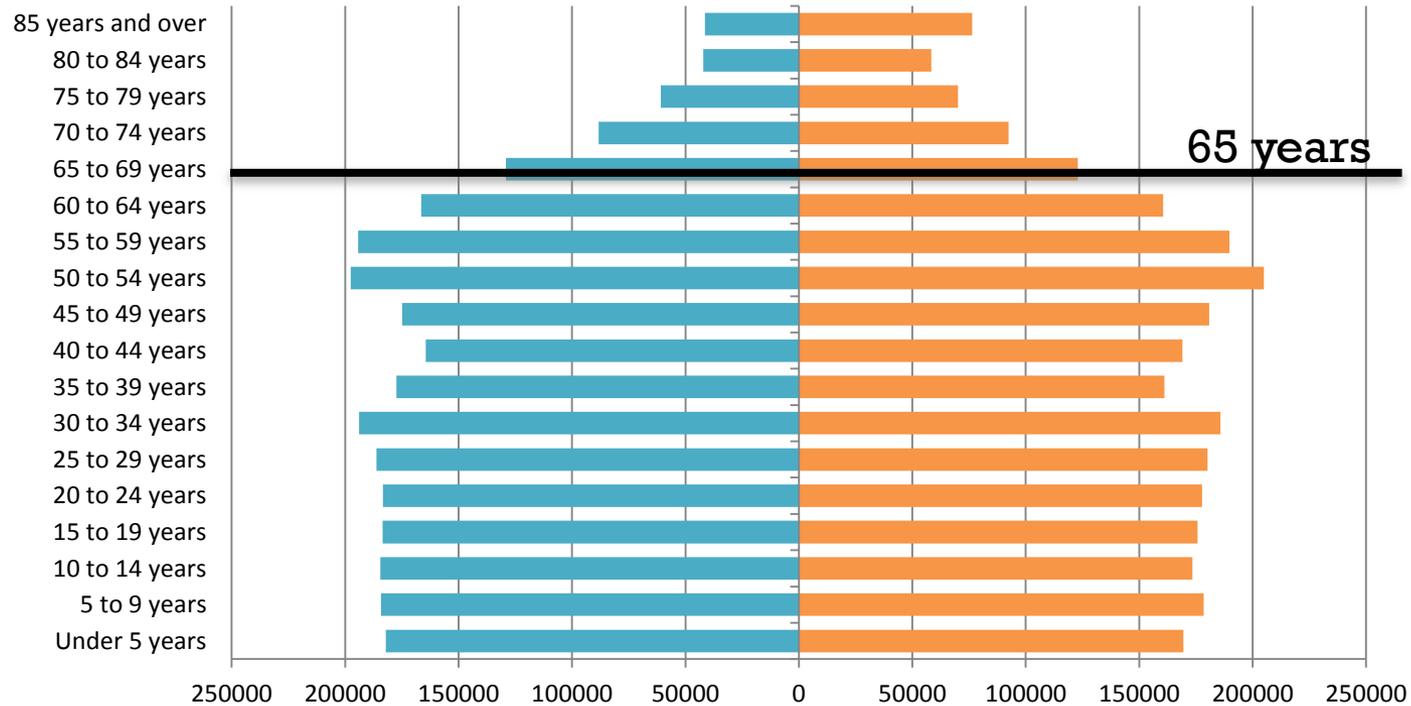




What Minnesota looks like... this year

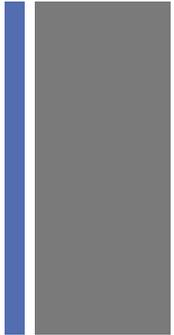


Population by age and sex
Minnesota, 2015

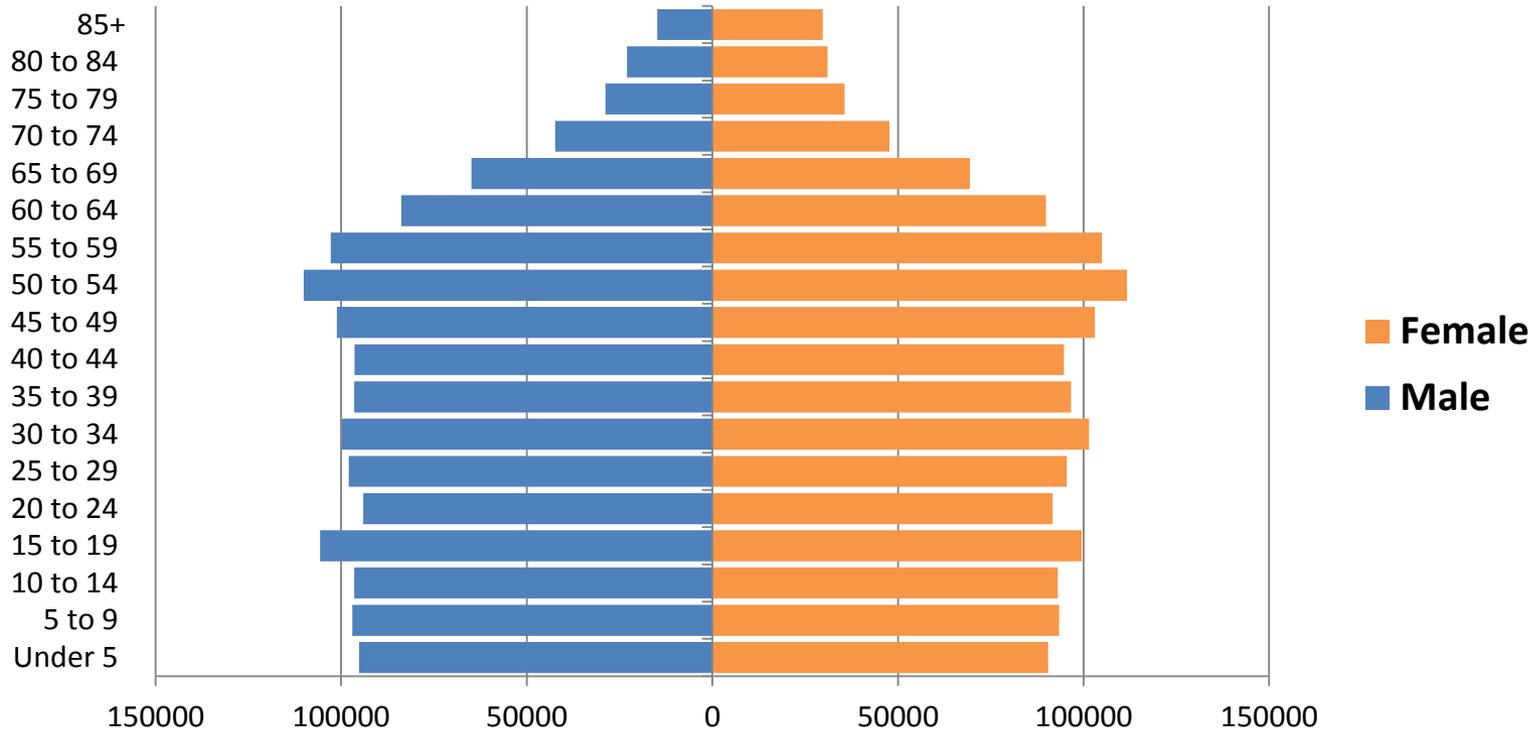




What the Twin Cities 7-county metro looks like... **this year**

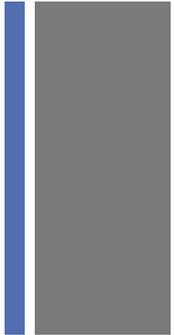


Population by age and sex
7-county Twin Cities metro, 2015

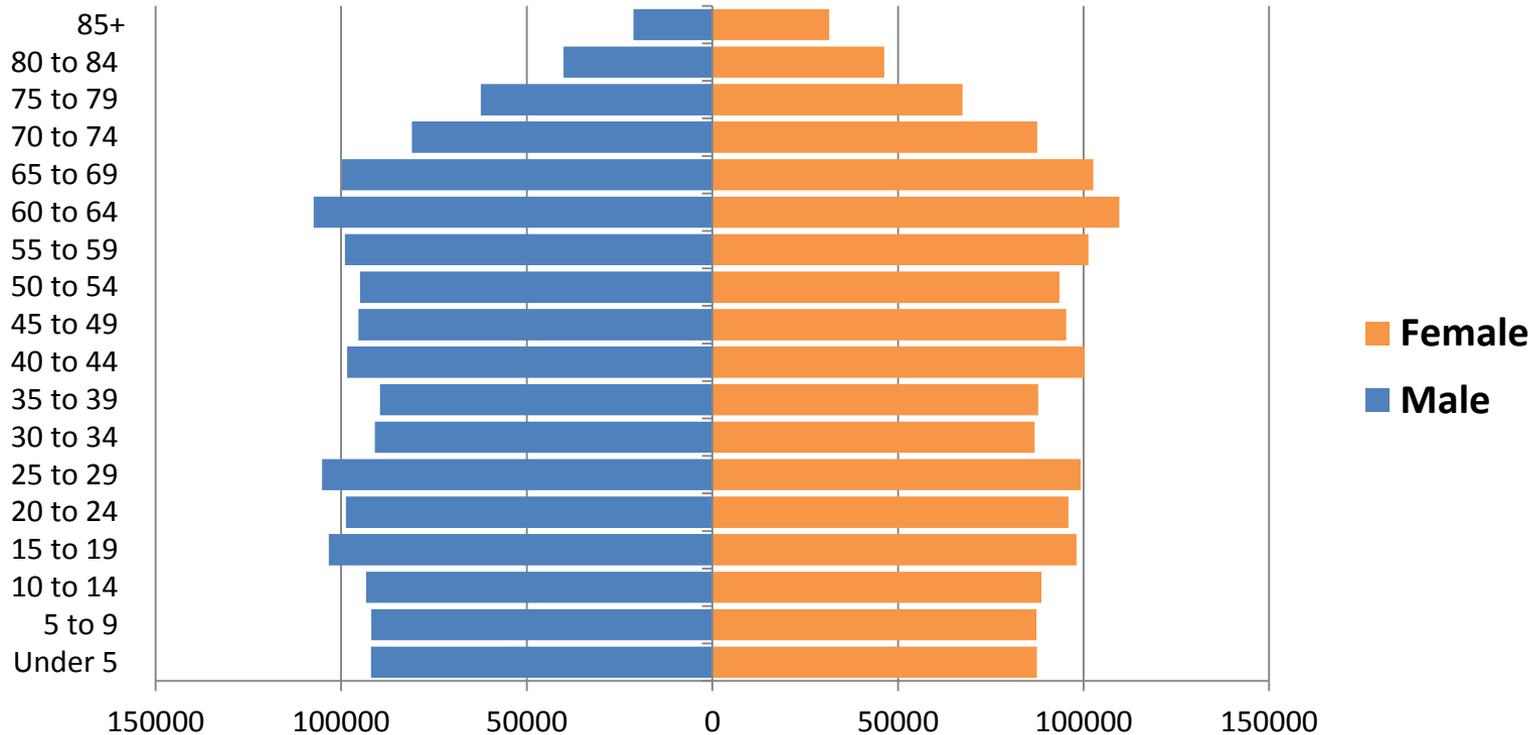




What the Twin Cities 7-county metro will look like... in 10 years

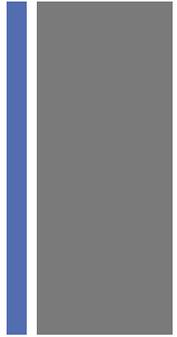


Population by age and sex
7-county Twin Cities metro, 2025

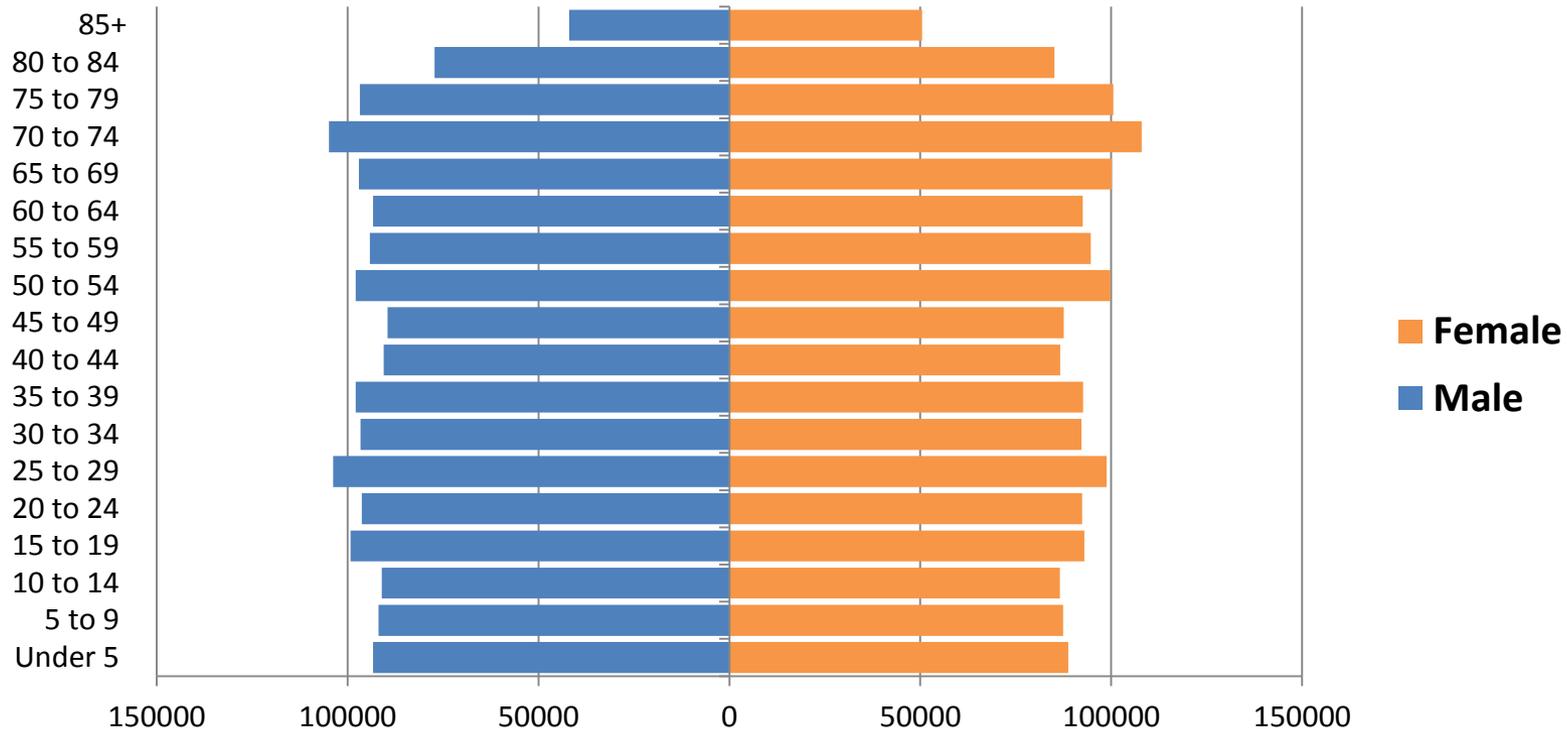




What the Twin Cities 7-county metro will look like... in 20 years

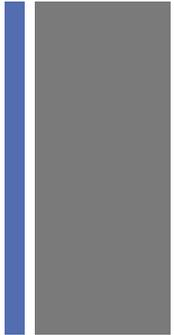


Population by age and sex
7-county Twin Cities metro, 2035

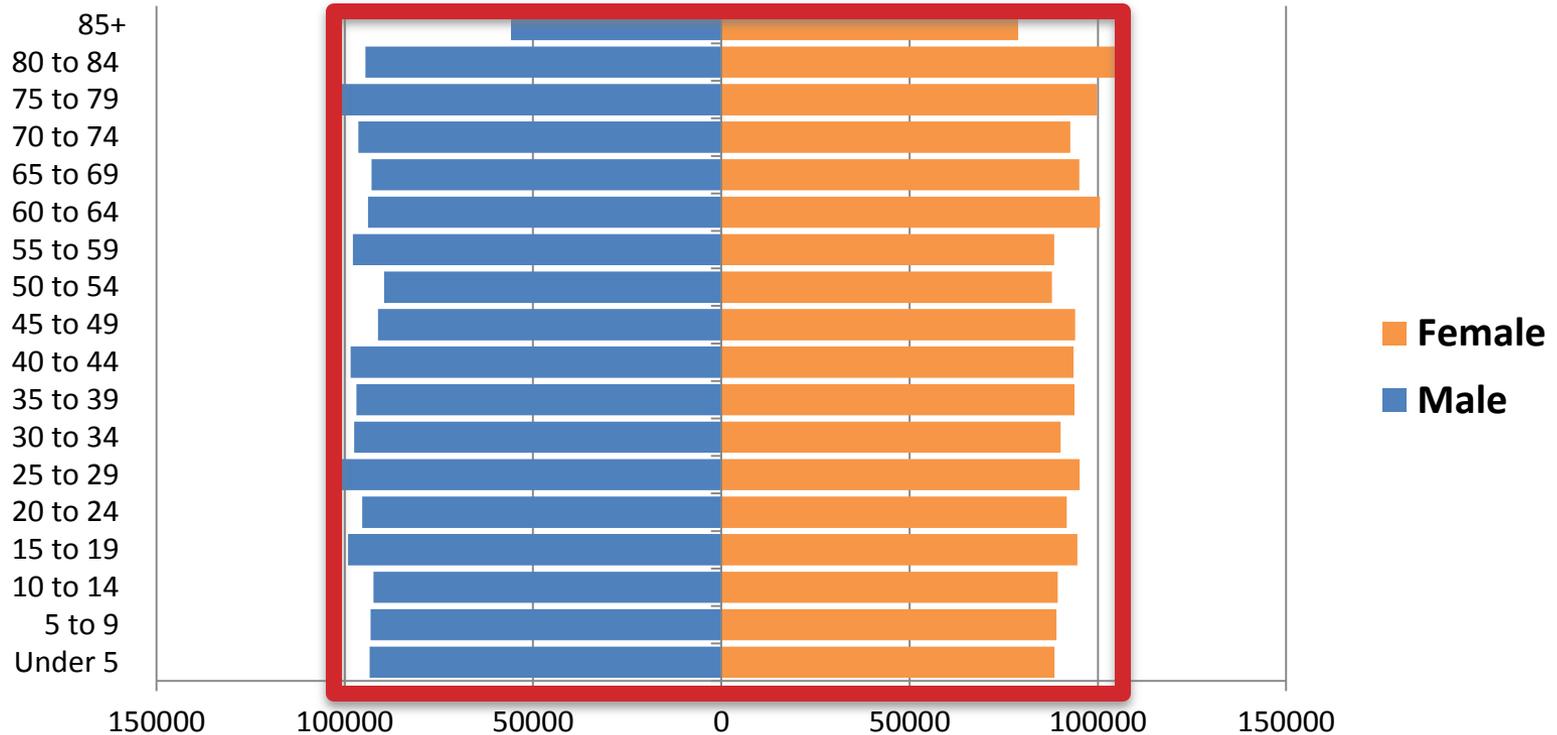




What the Twin Cities 7-county metro will look like... in 30 years

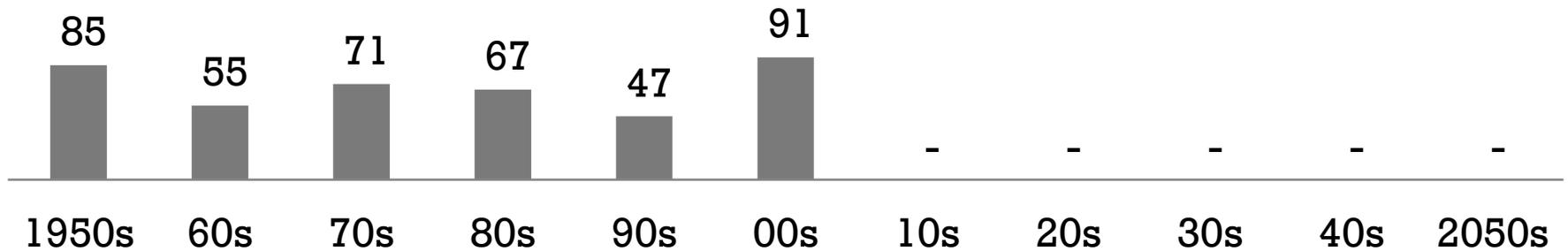


Population by age and sex
7-county Twin Cities metro, 2045



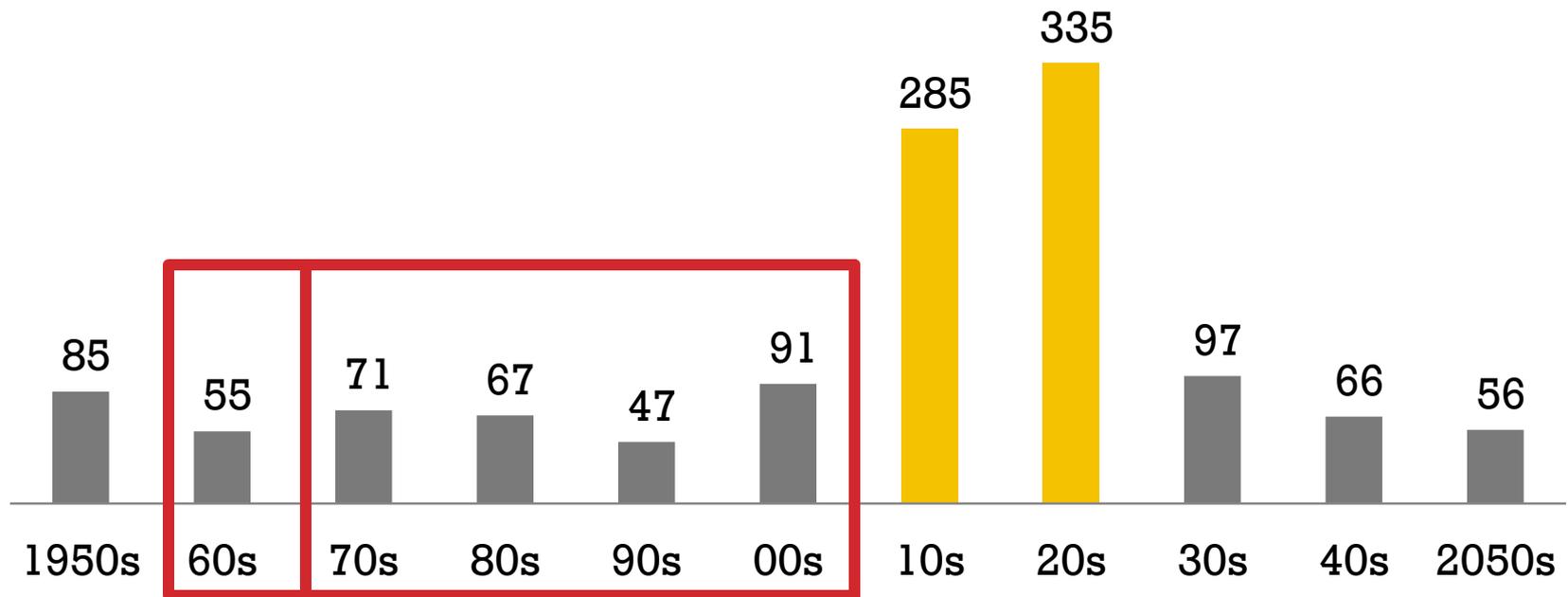
+ How many additional “older adults” will we gain during this decade?

Change in older adults, age 65+ (Thousands)



+ This decade and next: *Unprecedented* increases in MN's 65+ population

Change in older adults, age 65+ (in thousands)





QUIZ QUESTION:

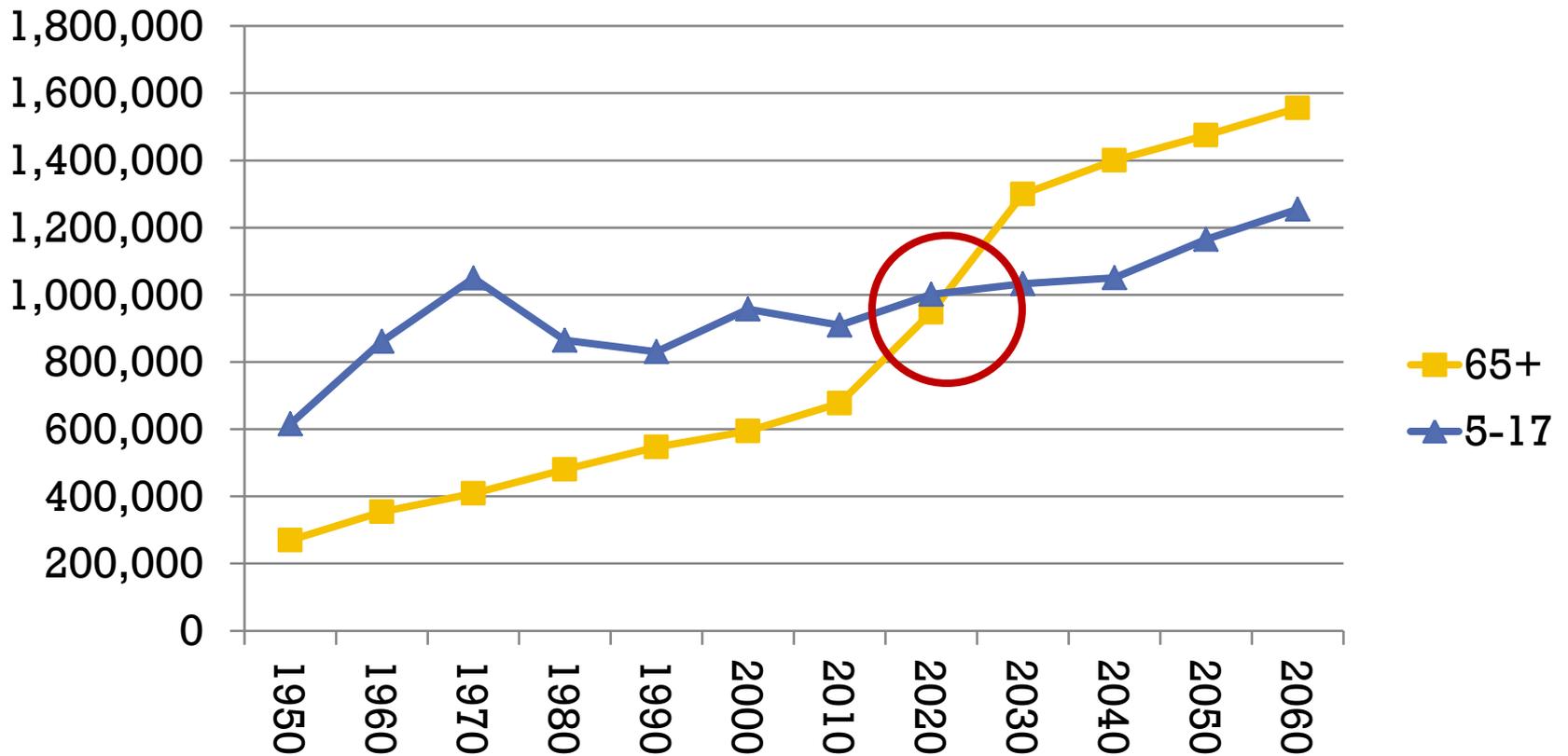


What event is predicted to happen in 2020 that has never before happened in the history of our state?

- A. The Vikings will win the Super Bowl
- B. MN will have more immigrants than U.S.-born residents
- C. MN will have more 65+ residents than school-age children, 5-17

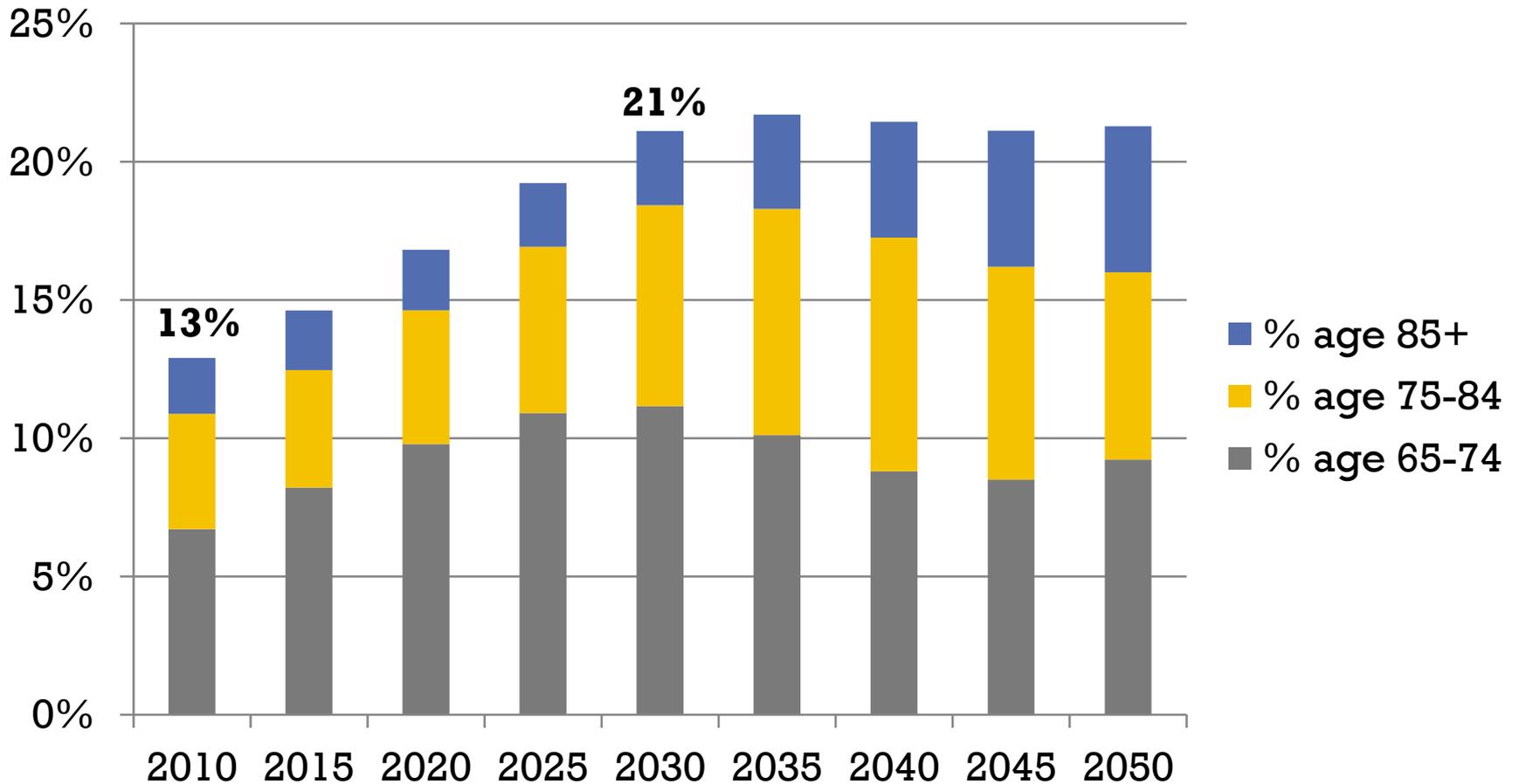


For the first time in MN history: More 65+ than school-age by 2020



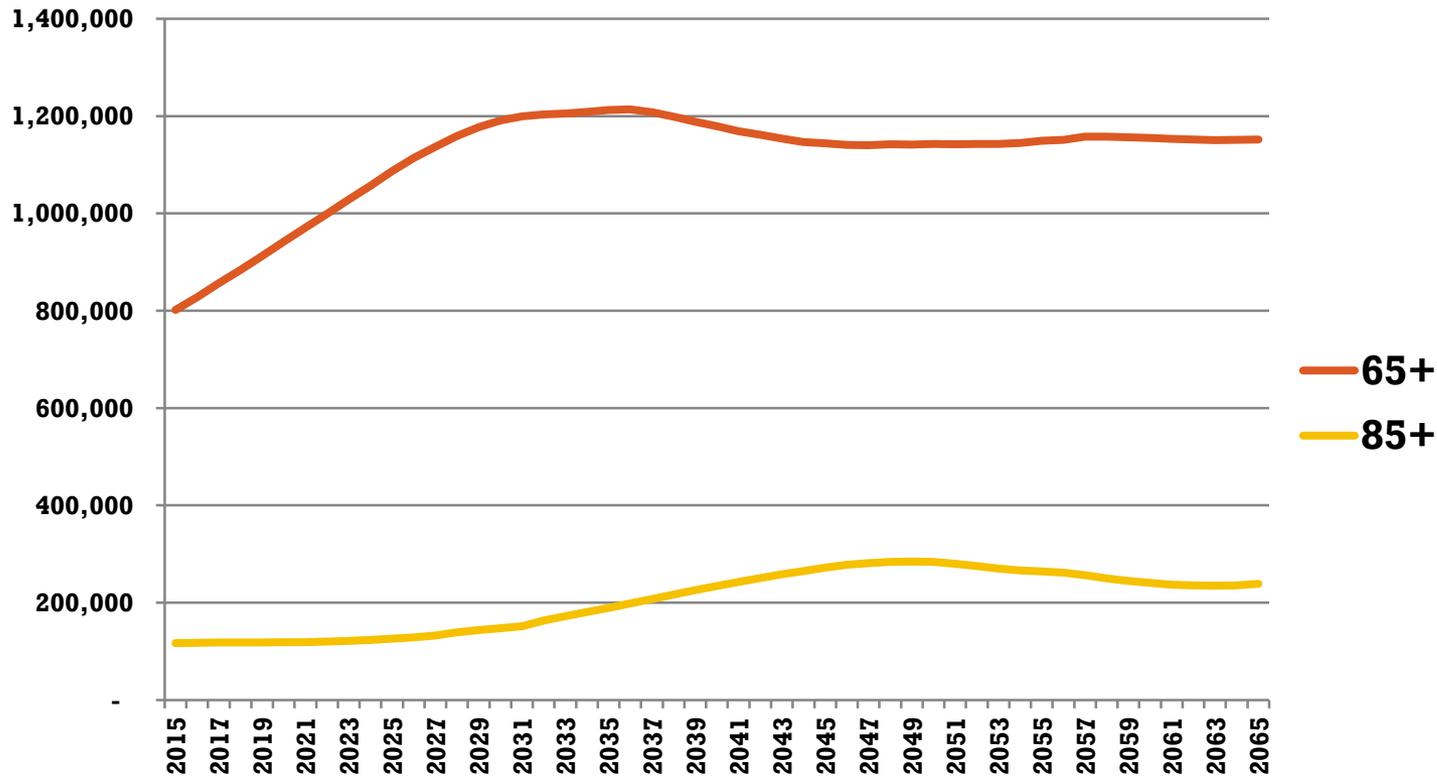


By 2030, more than 1 in 5 Minnesotans will be 65+, including all Baby Boomers





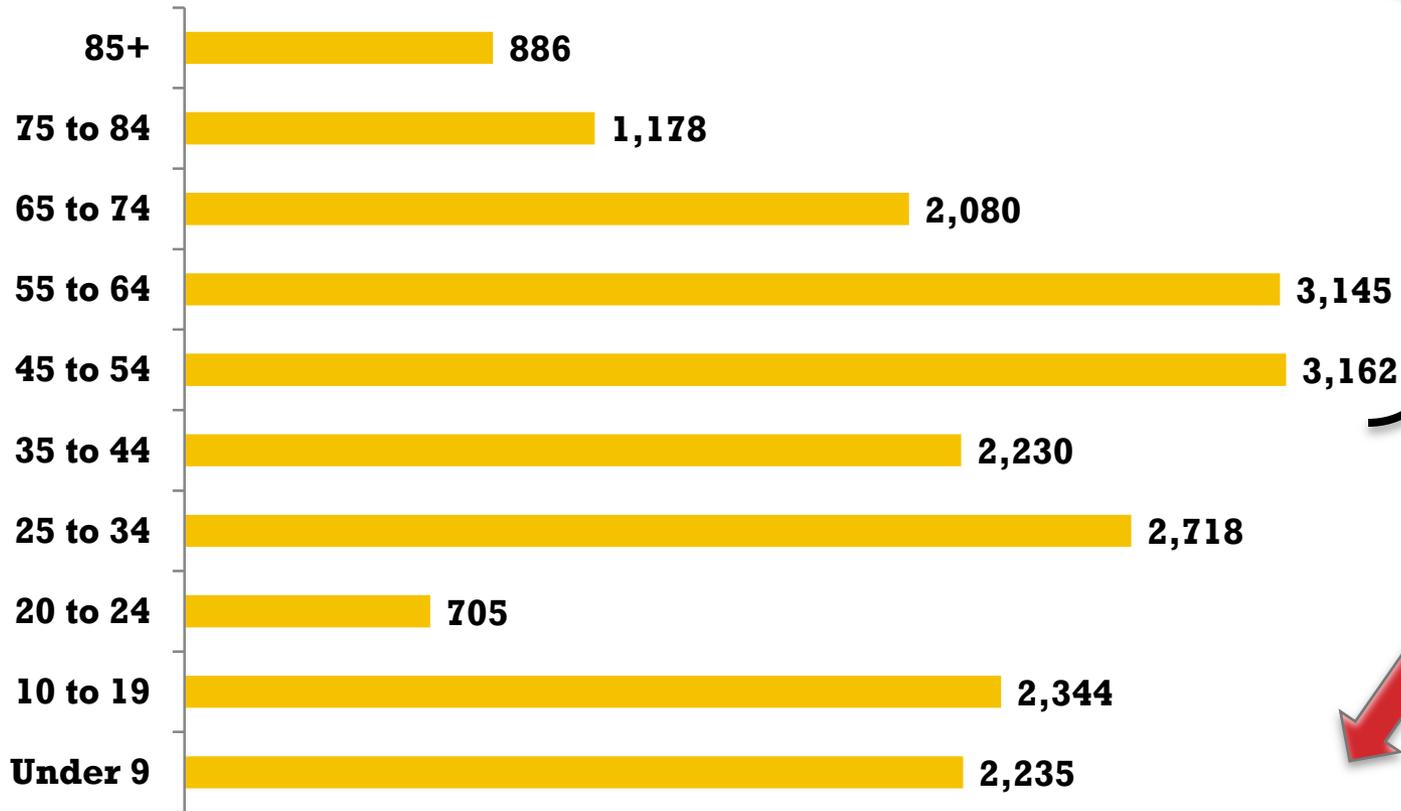
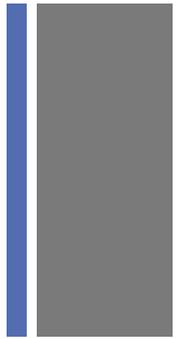
An “older Minnesota” is here to stay, not a near-term challenge



Sources: Minnesota's total population, age and sex projections from 2015-2070, Minnesota State Demographic Center, August 2015.
<http://mn.gov/demography/projections>



Golden Valley population by age (2010-14 averaged)



30% of the population is 45-64, and another 20% is 65+





QUIZ QUESTION:



Which places are the “oldest”?

The median age of **Minnesota** is **38**.

The median age of Golden Valley is **45**.

The median age of Minneapolis is **32**.

The median age of St. Louis Park is **36**.

The median age of Minnetonka is **45**.

The median age of Plymouth is **40**.

The median age of Crystal is **39**.



Aging: Assets of our older population

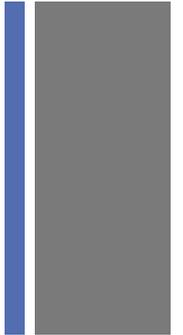
- Minnesota's older adults are healthier, living longer, and working longer than prior generations
 - Life expectancy for Minnesotans age 65 now is 20.1 more years (15.6 years in good health)
 - Minnesota's Boomers and older adults volunteer in record numbers, strengthening our communities in countless ways
 - Opportunities to mentor in business and educational settings





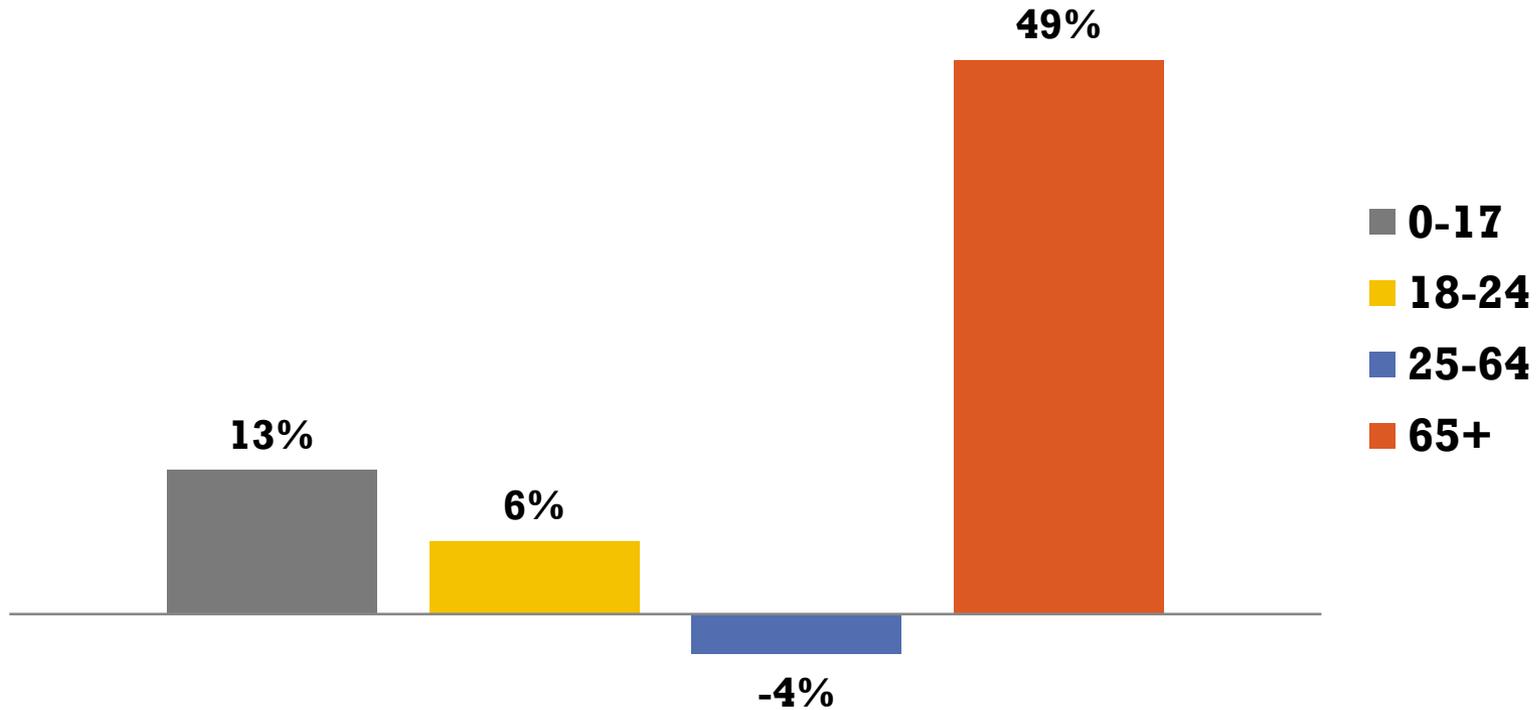
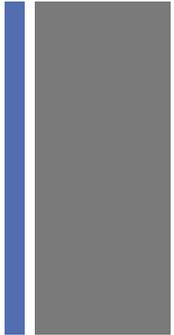
Challenges related to our aging population

- Will we have or create sufficient **infrastructure** for more transportation, caregiving, health care, and social support needs, as **health challenges and disabilities increase**, especially when children live far away?
- Will we be able to **finance needed services**, especially long-term care? Private and public medical expenses will increase considerably.
- Will we have the workers to form a strong, skilled, highly **productive labor force** as the Boomers retire — for economic growth, tax revenues for needed services, and maintaining a high quality of life in MN?



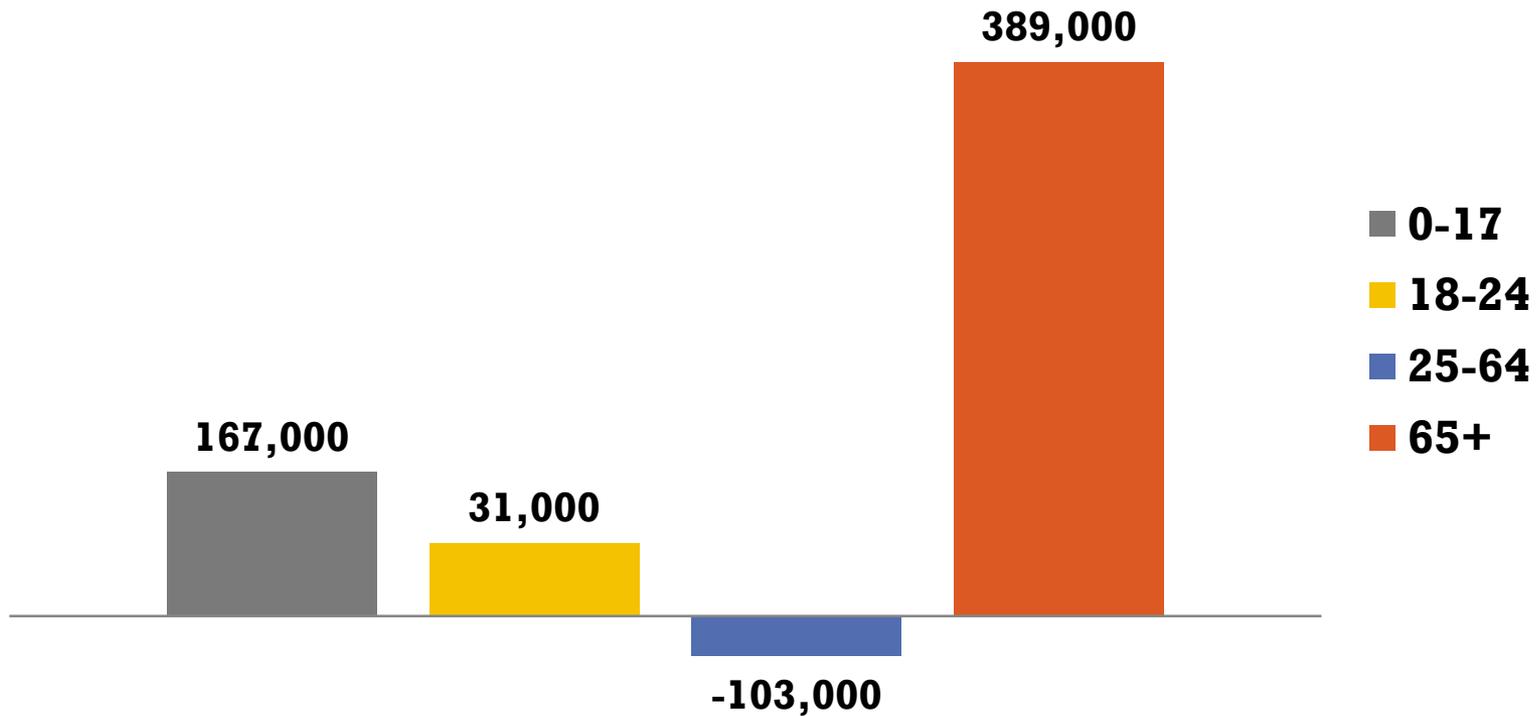
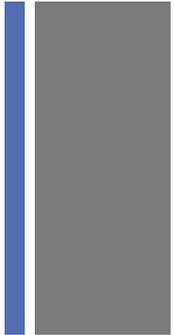


Change in MN age groups between 2015 and 2030 (percent)





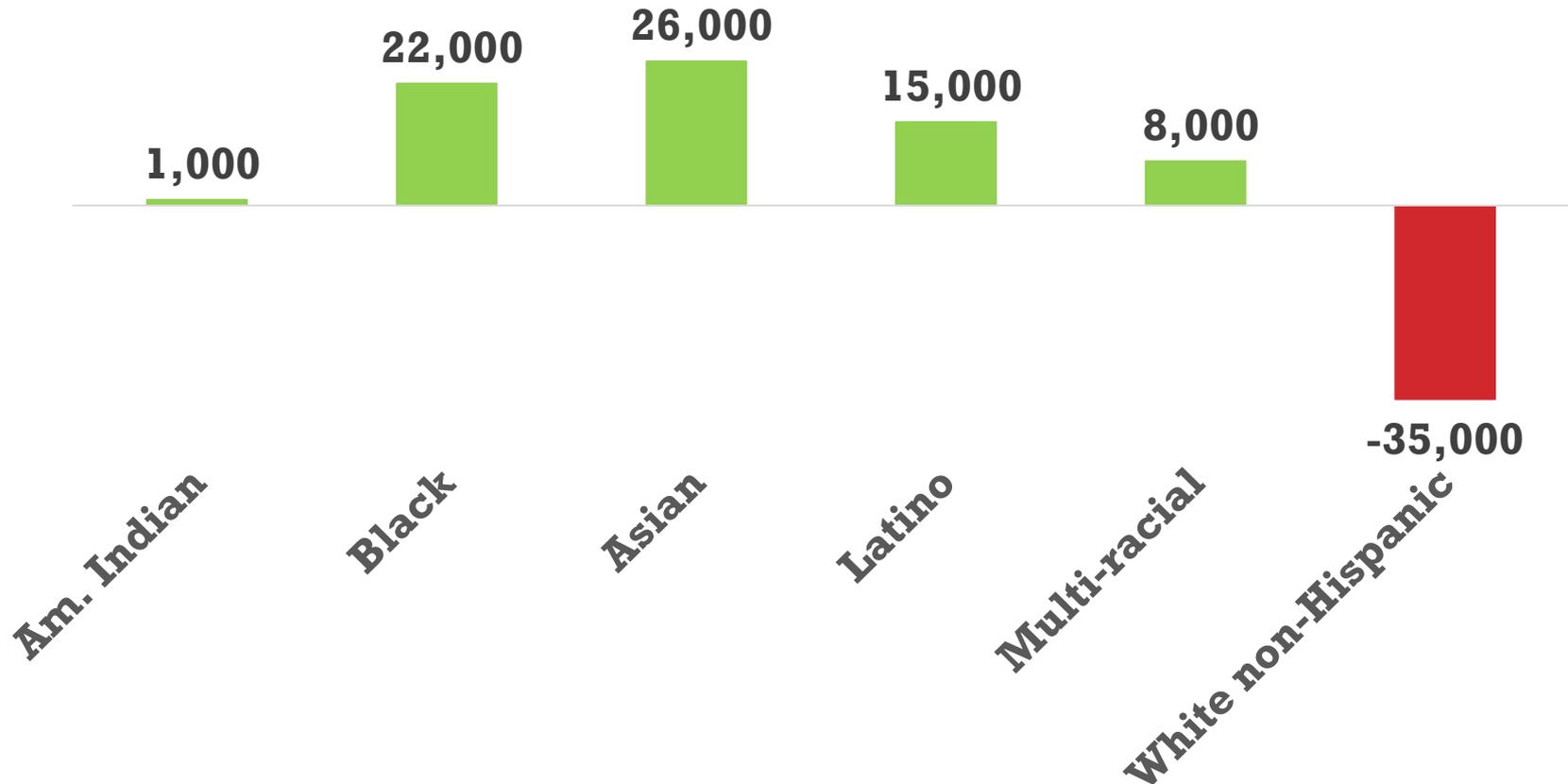
Change in MN age groups between 2015 and 2030 (people)





White working-age losses, but growth in all other groups since 2010

Change in MN population 15-64, 2010-2014



Growing Diversity

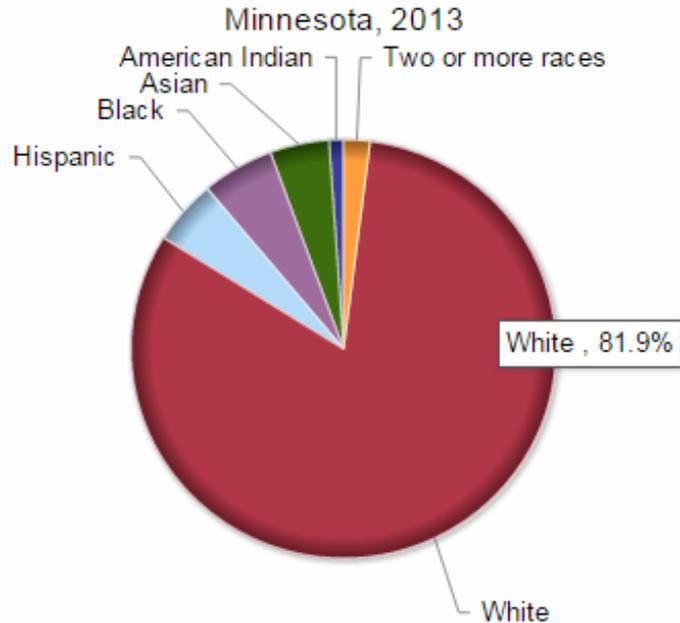


See our “Minnesota on the Move” special report on migration –
<http://mn.gov/admin/images/mn-on-the-move-migration-report-msdc-jan2015.pdf>



MN today by race/ethnicity (Hispanics removed from all other race groups)

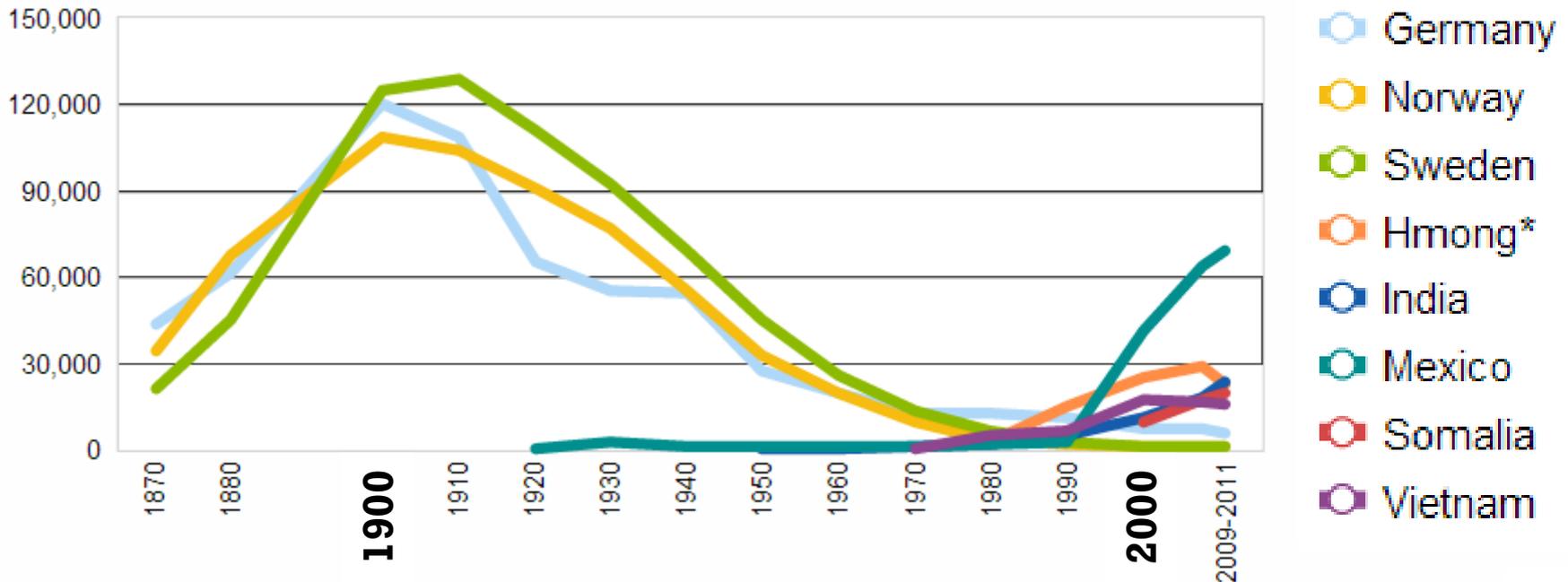
Population by racial and ethnic group



- 82% White
- 6% Black
- 5% Hispanic
- 5% Asian
- 2% Multiracial
- 1% American Indian

+ By late 1800s, German, Norwegian and Swedish immigrants began to arrive in MN in great numbers

Foreign born population by birthplace
Minnesota, 1870-2011

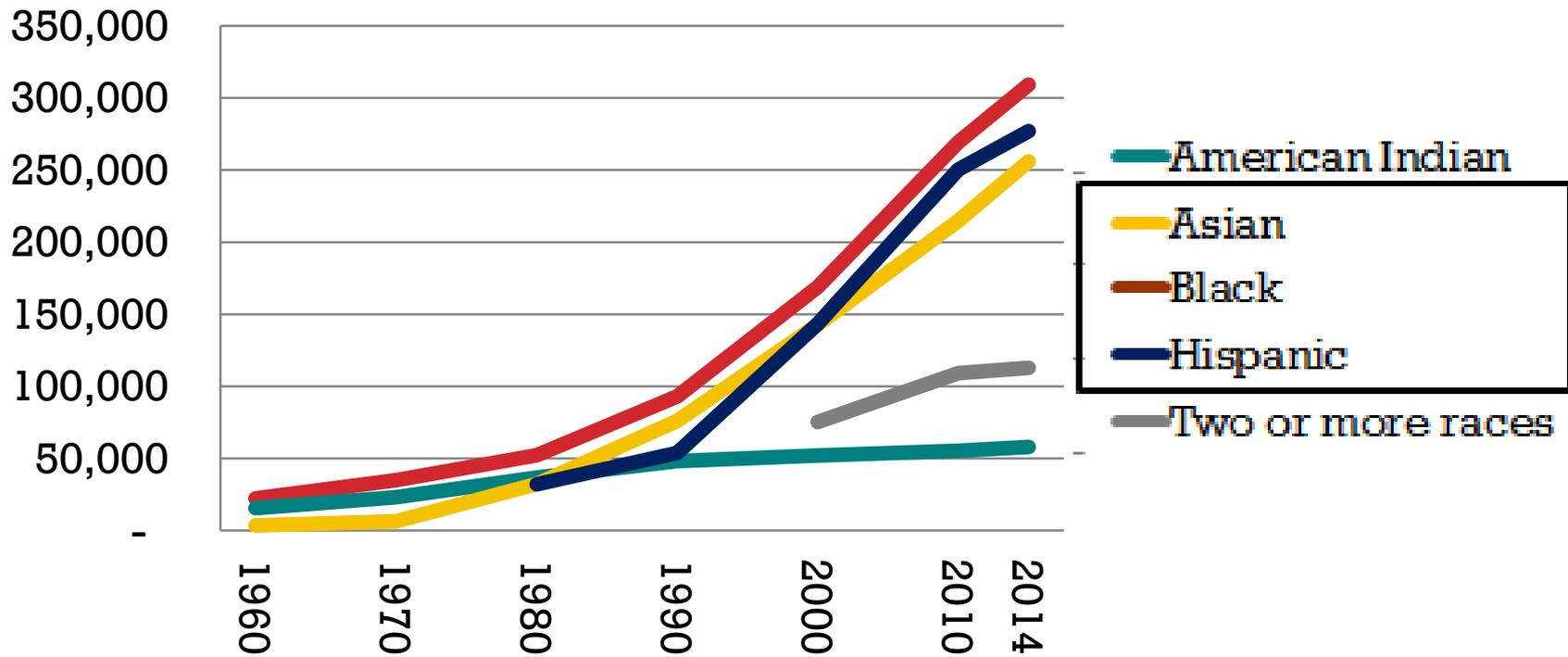


Compiled by
Compass



Populations of Color now total 1 million in MN, 19% of the population

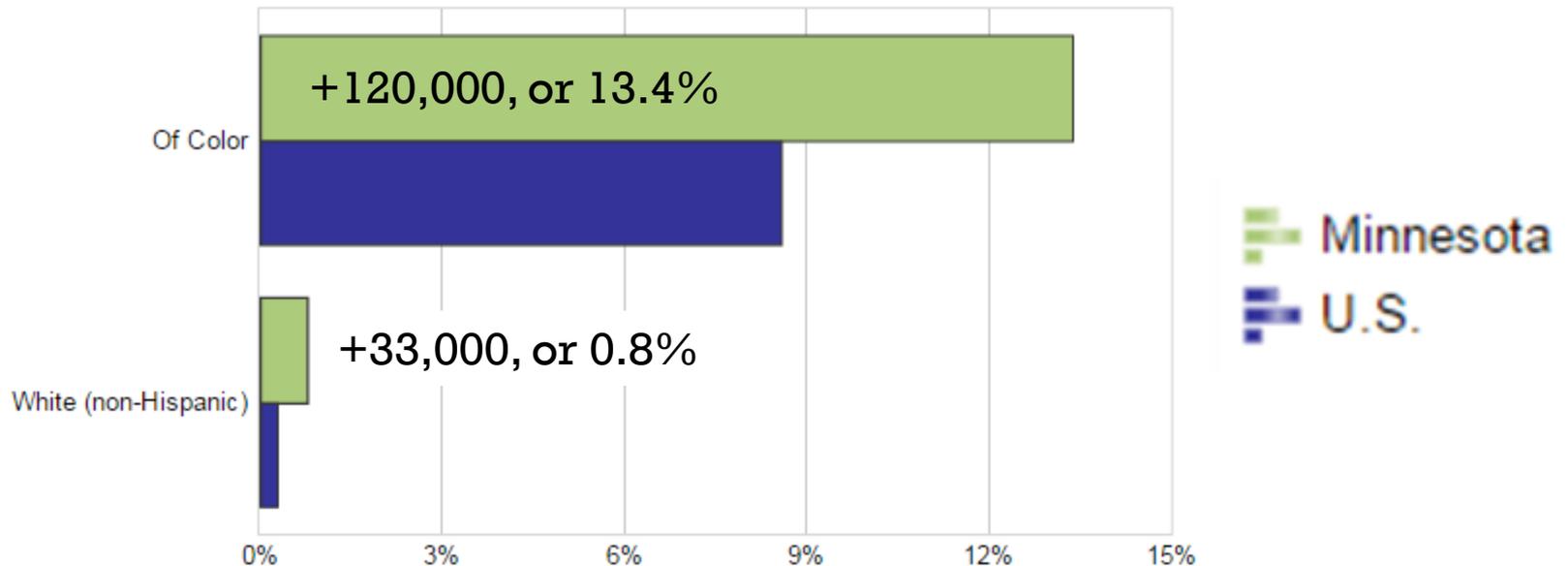
Populations of color in Minnesota



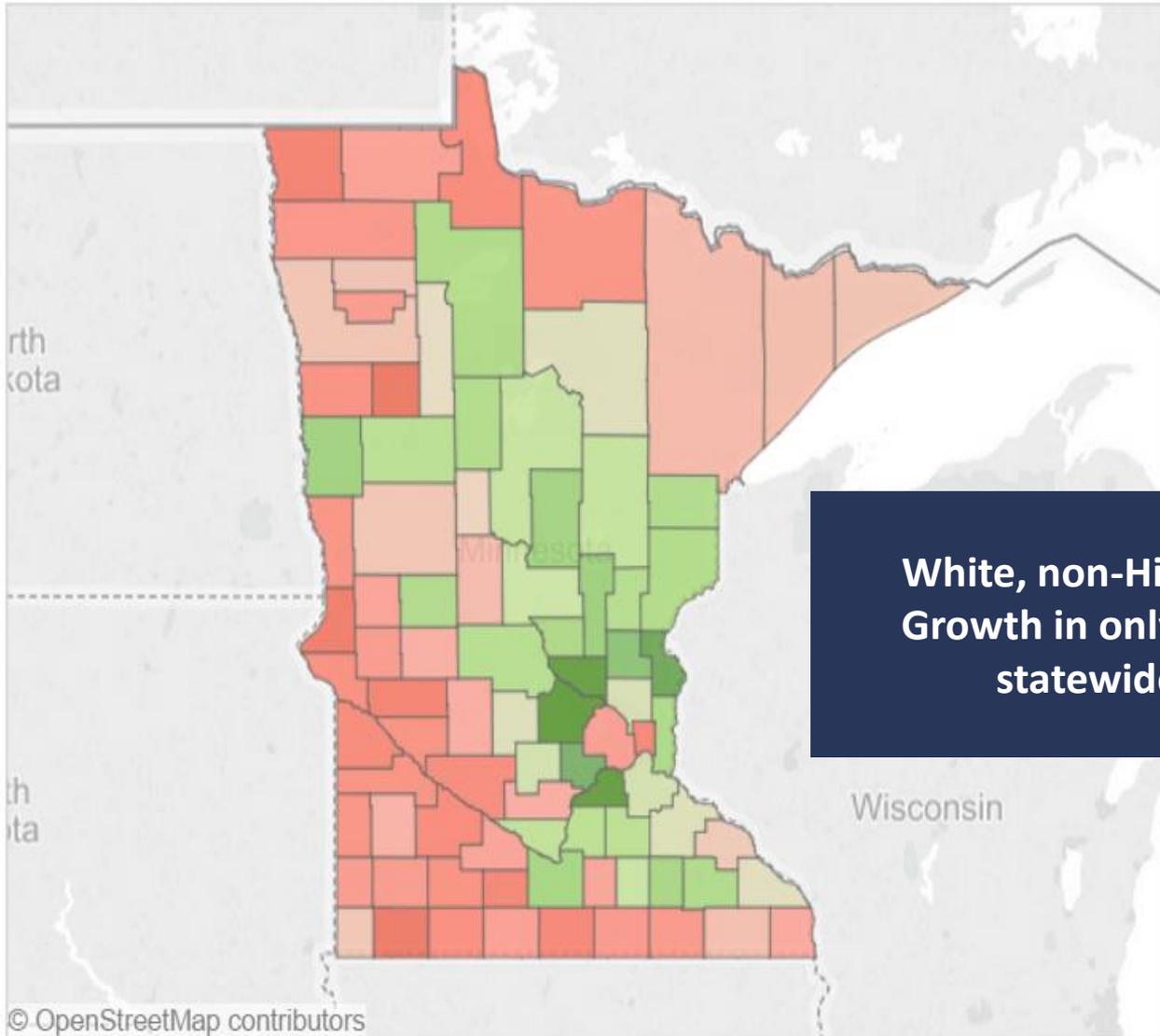
+ Populations of Color are driving growth in MN & US (shown since 2010)



Population change by race
Minnesota and U.S., 2010-2014



Compiled by
Compass



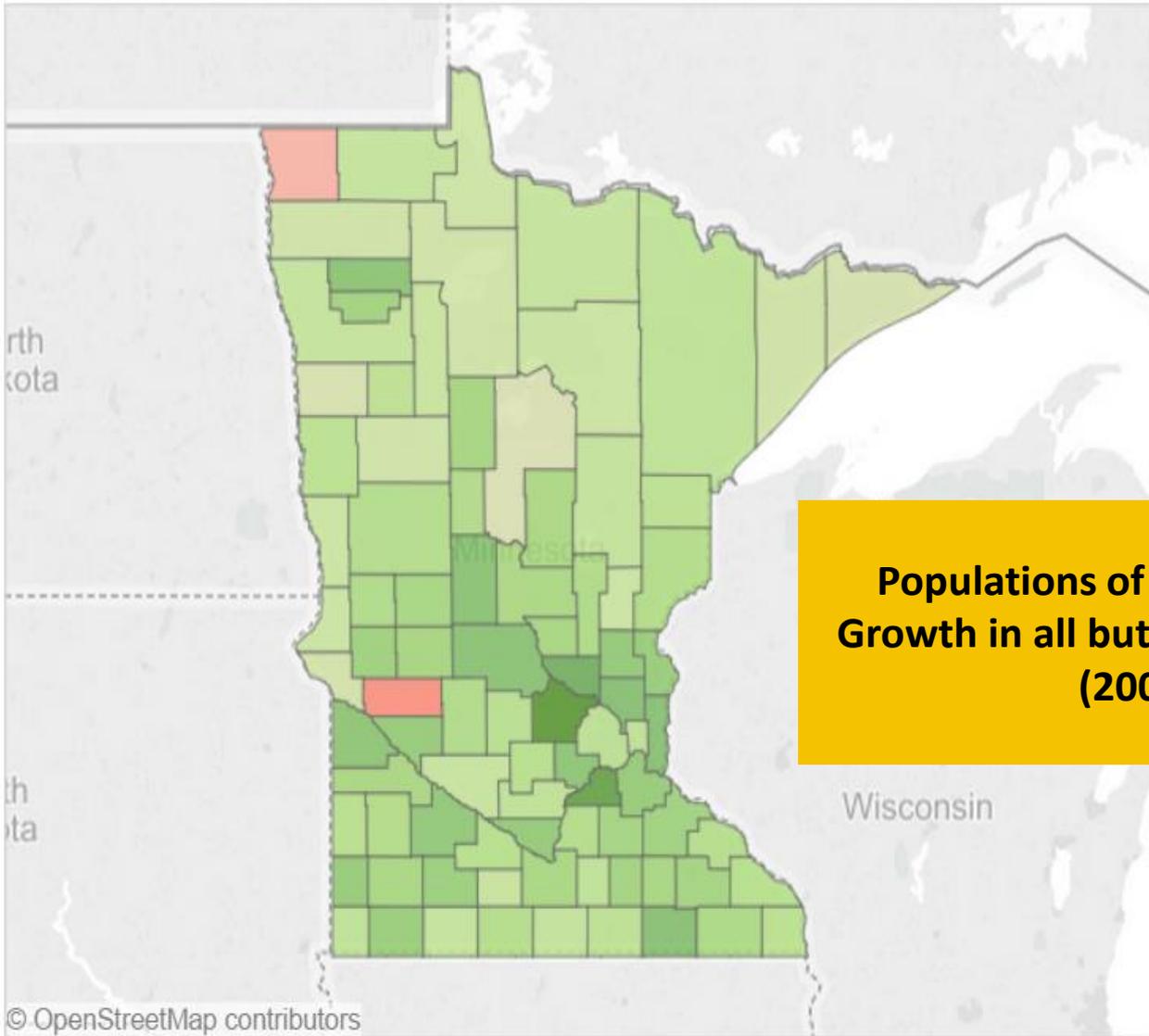
% Change, 2000-2010

-17%  33%

**White, non-Hispanic population:
Growth in only 37 of 87 counties
statewide (2000-2010)**

© OpenStreetMap contributors



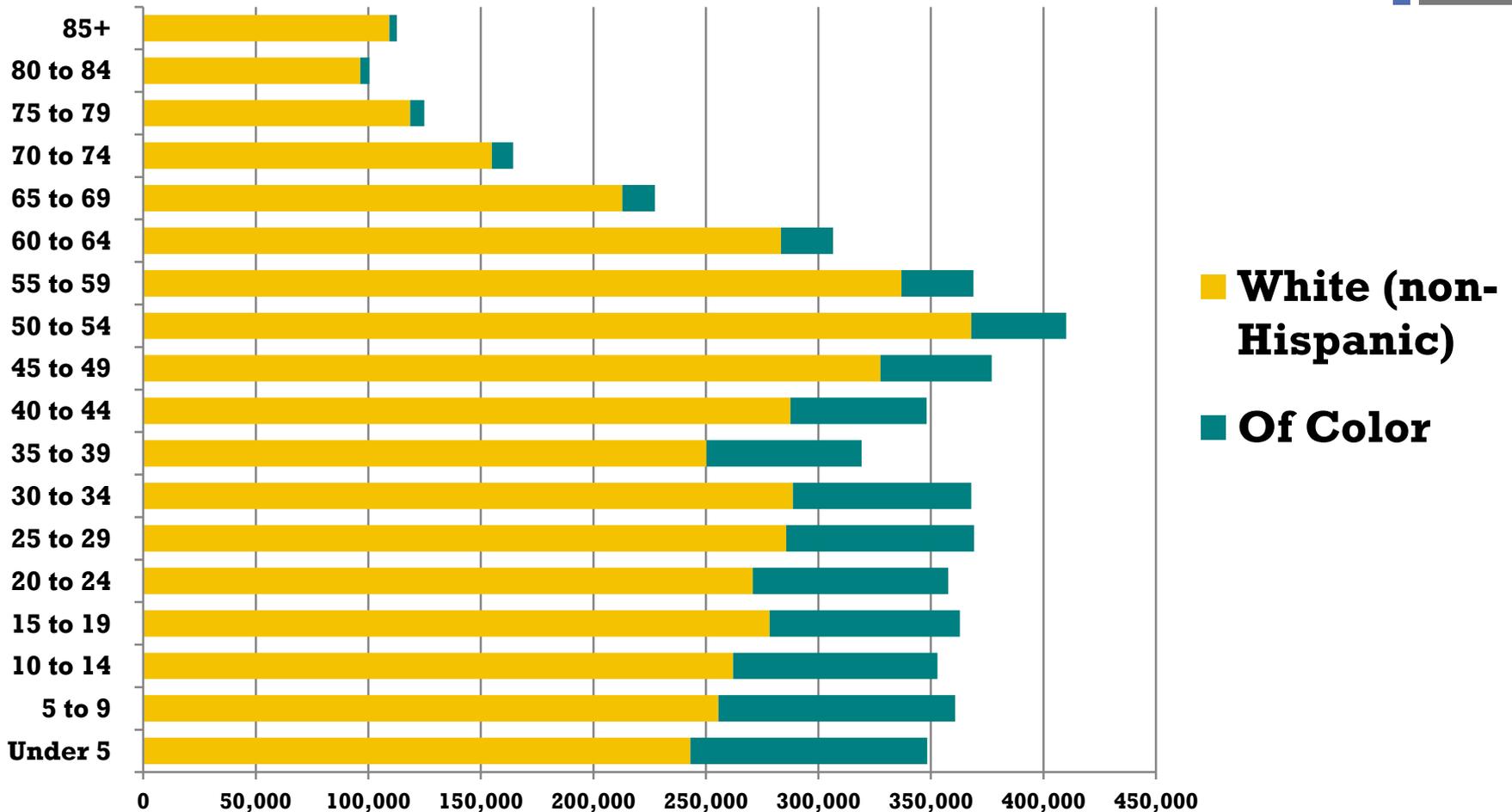


**Populations of Color (non-White):
Growth in all but 2 counties statewide
(2000-2010)**





Minnesota's population by age and race groups





An increasing share of Minnesota's babies are children of Color

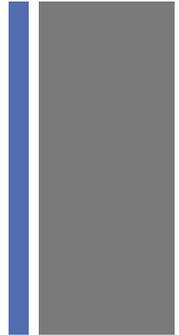
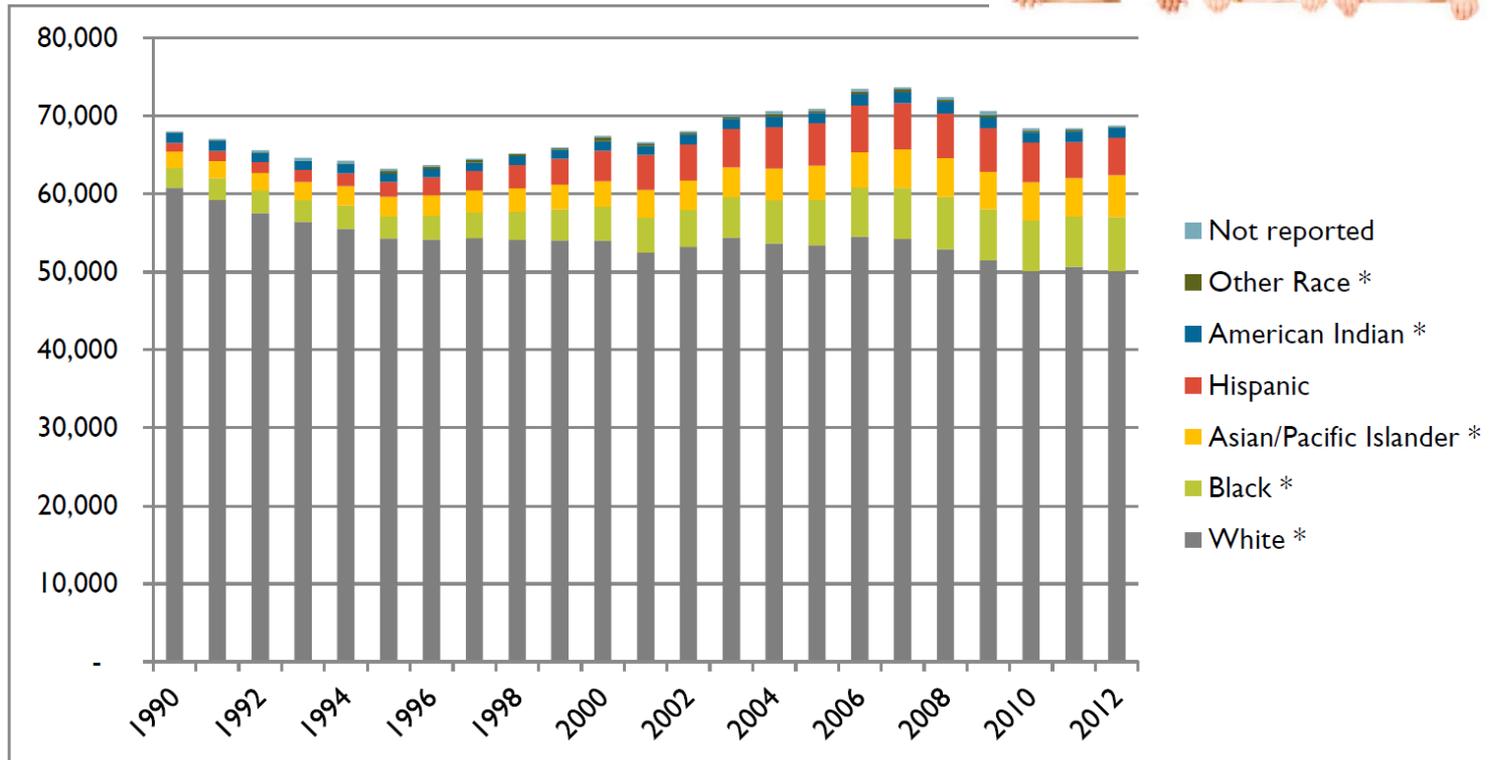


Figure 4: Total Births by Race of Mother, Minnesota, 1990-2012



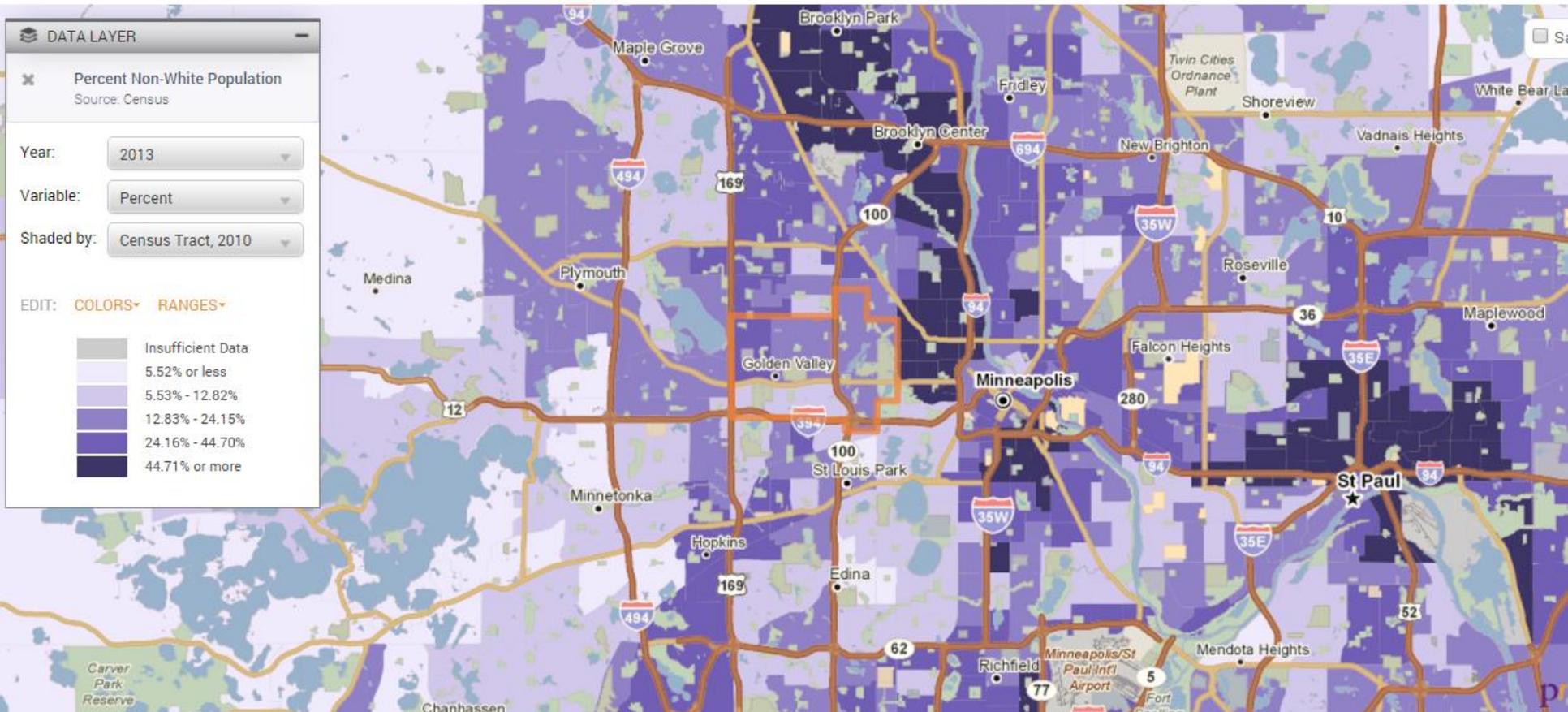
Source: Minnesota Department of Health, Vital Statistics; U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates.



% of population that self-identifies as White (light areas = more)

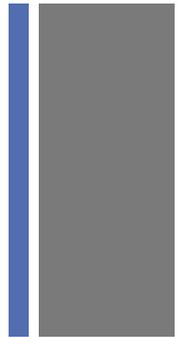


Estimated percent of all people who were of a race other than White between 2009-2013. ▾

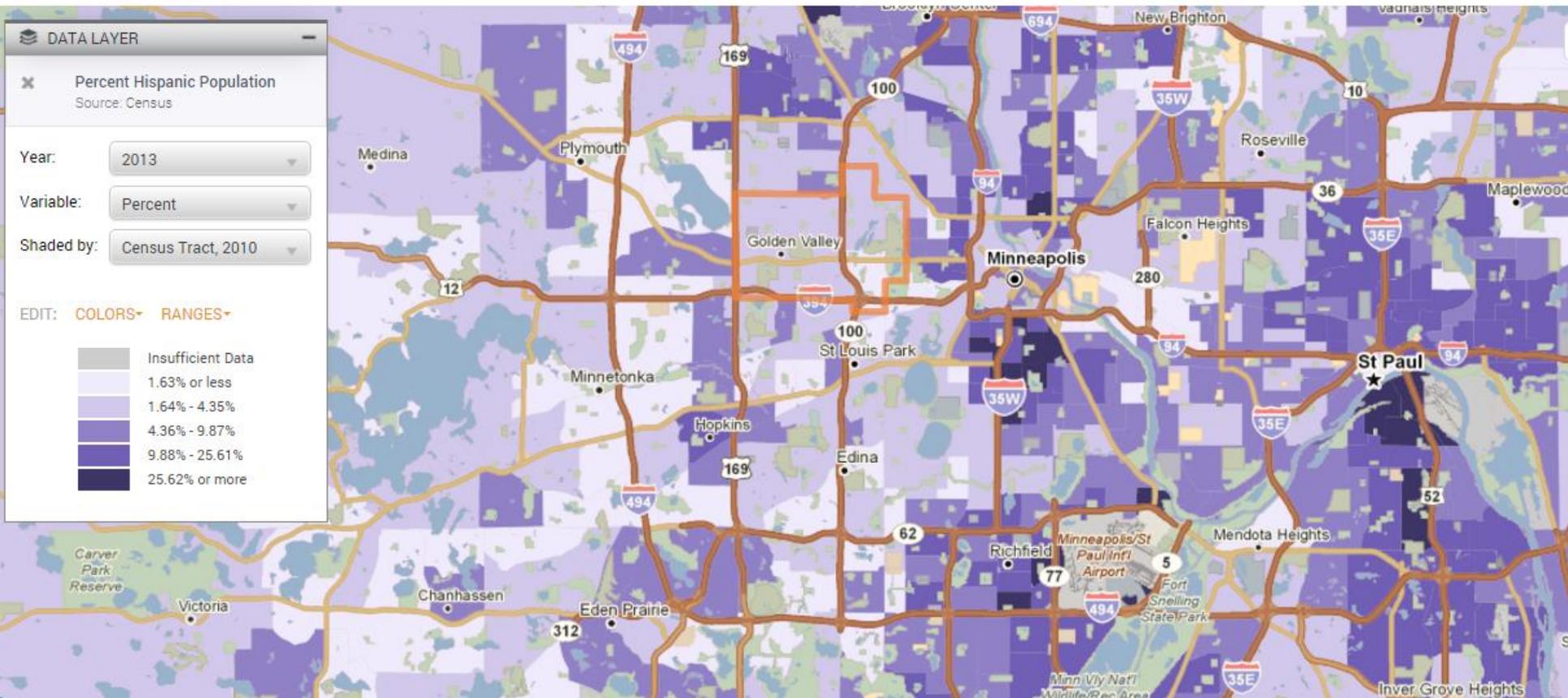




% of population that self-identifies as Hispanic/Latino (dark = more)



Estimated percent of all people who were Hispanic between 2009-2013. ▾

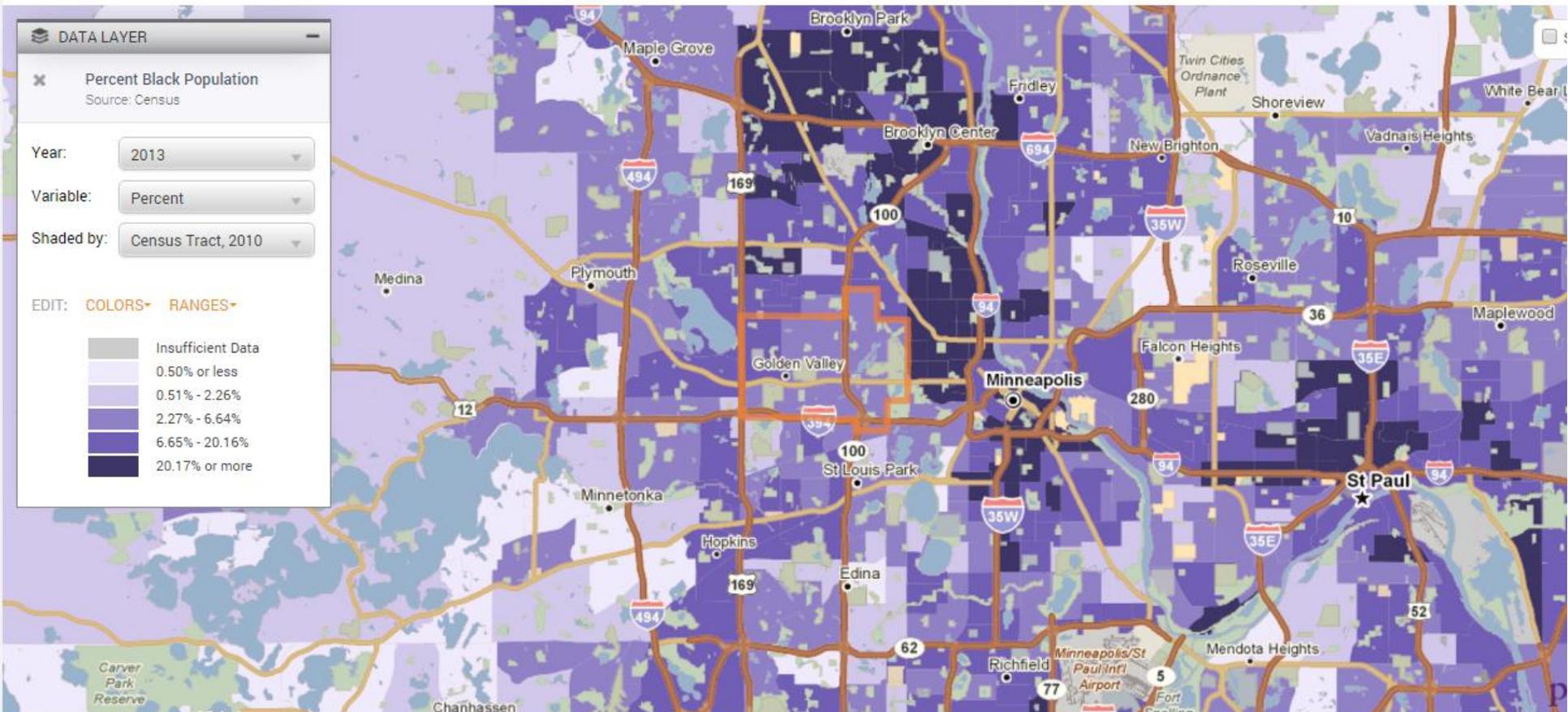




% of pop. that self-identifies as Black/African-American (dark = more)

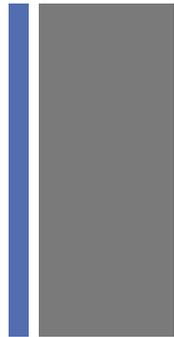


Estimated percent of all people who were African American between 2009-2013. ▾

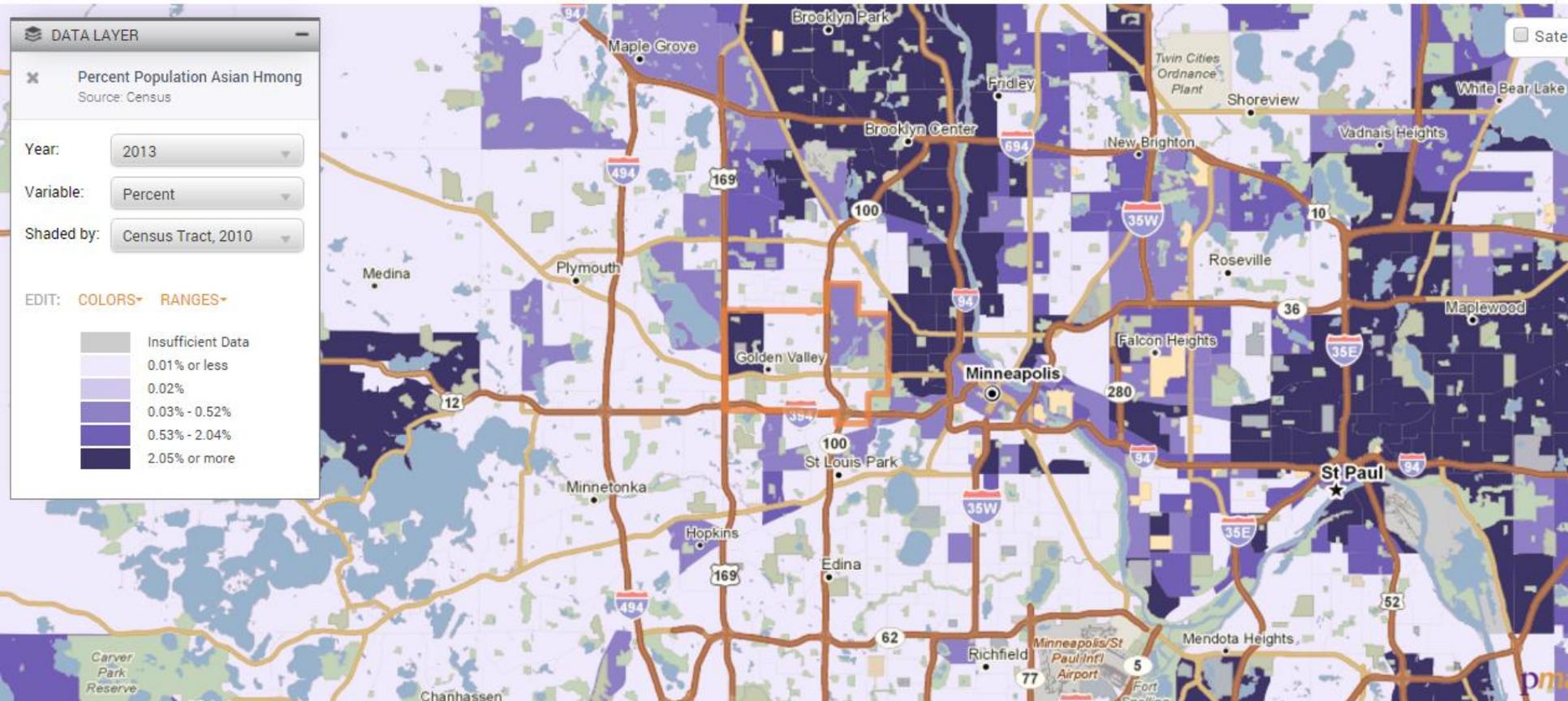




% of pop. that self-identifies as Asian, Hmong (dark = more)



Estimated percent of people who are Asian Hmong or people of Hmong descent between 2009-2013. ▾

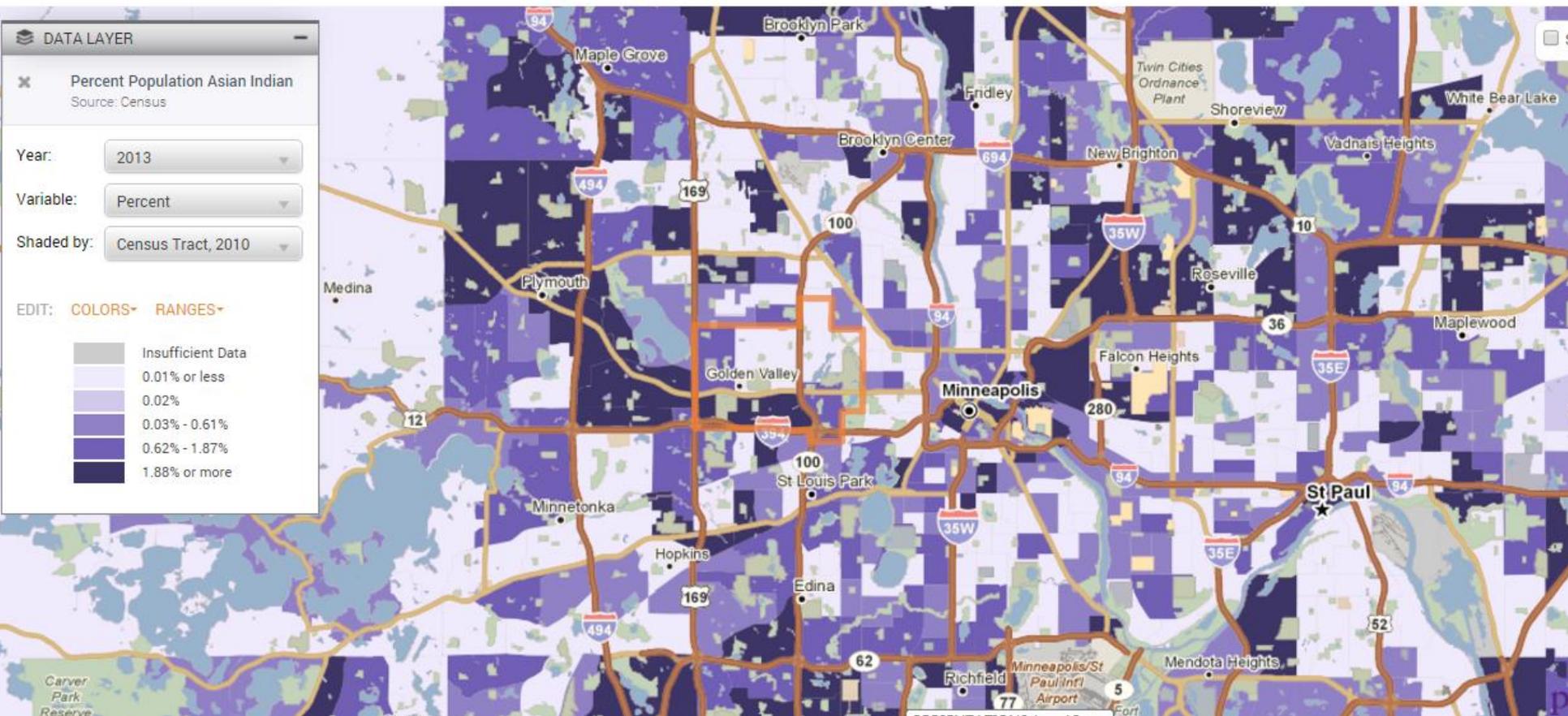




% of pop. that self-identifies as Asian, Indian (dark = more)

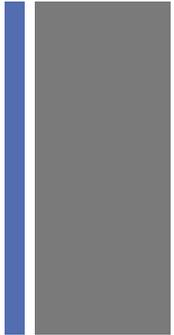


Estimated percent of people who are Asian Indian or of Asian Indian descent between 2009-2013. ▾

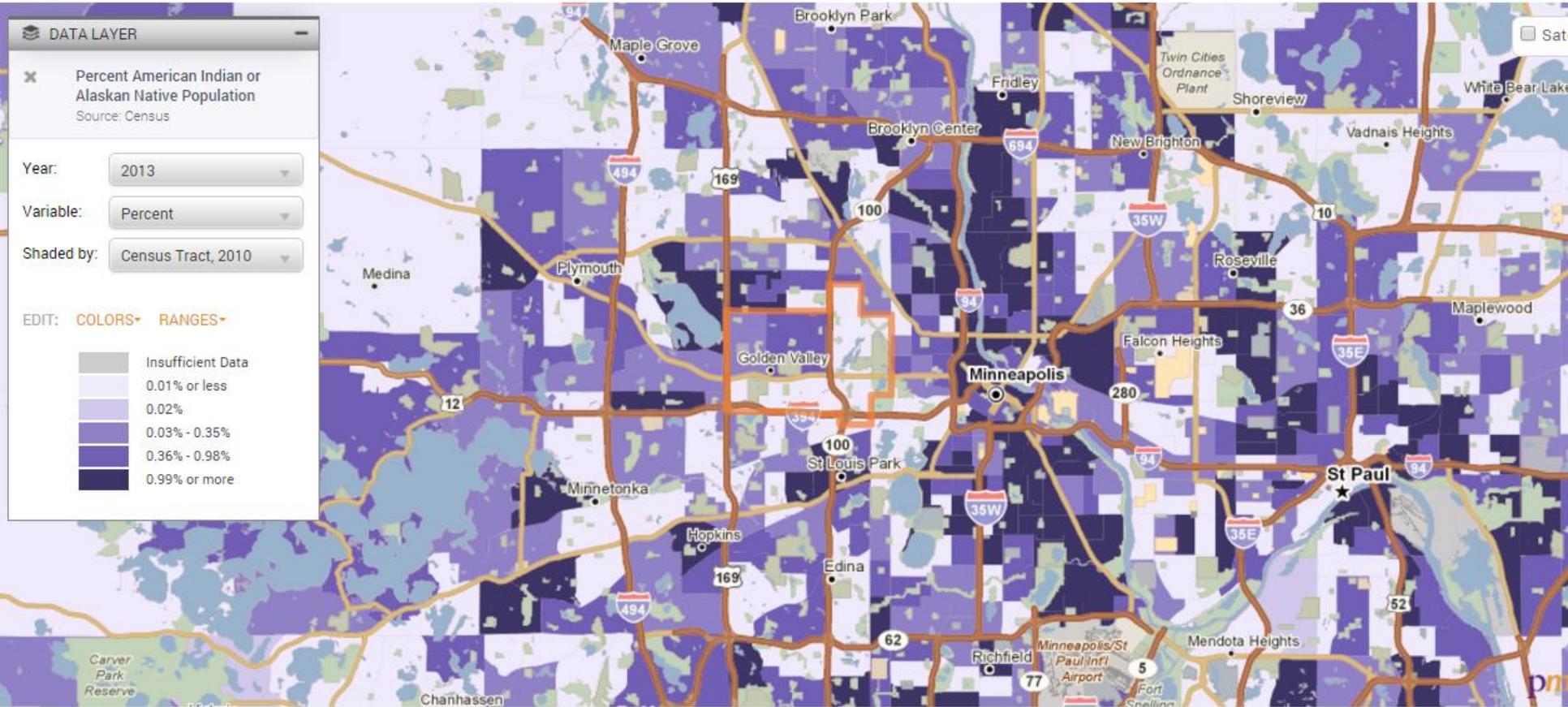




% of pop. that self-identifies as American Indian (dark = more)



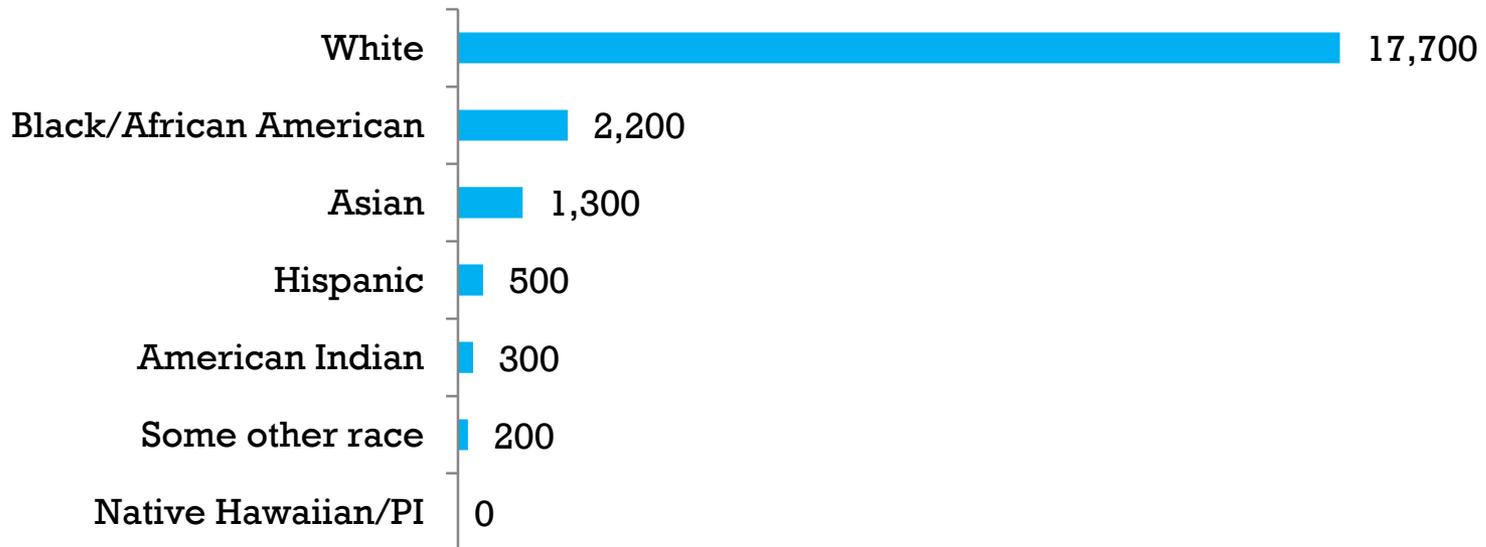
Estimated percent of all people who were American Indian or Alaskan Native between 2009-2013. ▾



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 American Community Survey, via PolicyMap



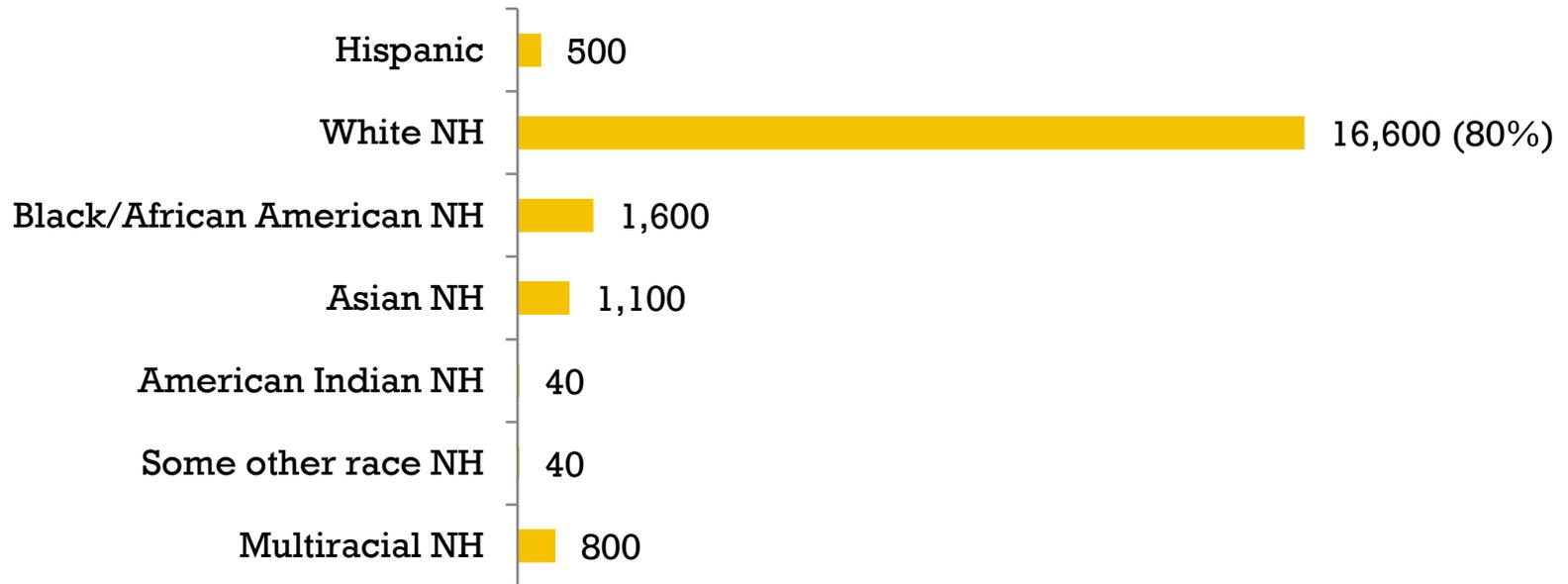
GV by broad race/ethnicity groups (alone or in combination for all)



- Note: People sum to slightly more than total population because multi-racial people are represented in ALL race/ethnicity groups they identified. Margins of error exist around all estimates but are not shown.



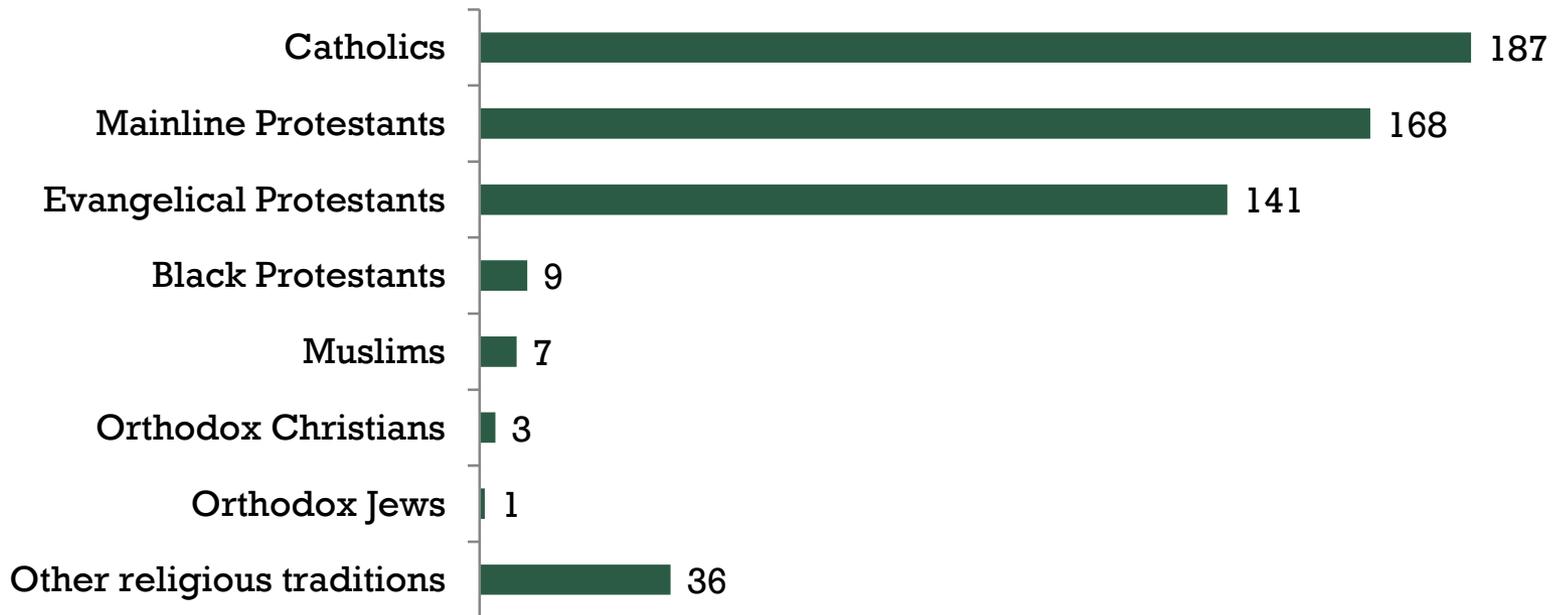
GV by single race groups and ethnicity (Hispanic or Non-Hispanic)



- Note: People are counted in only one bar above. Hispanics, regardless of race, appear in the first bar. All other race groups are non-Hispanic (NH). Multi-racial people appear in the final bar only. Margins of error exist around all estimates but are not shown.

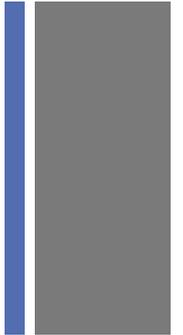


Religious adherents in Hennepin County per 1,000 people in 2010





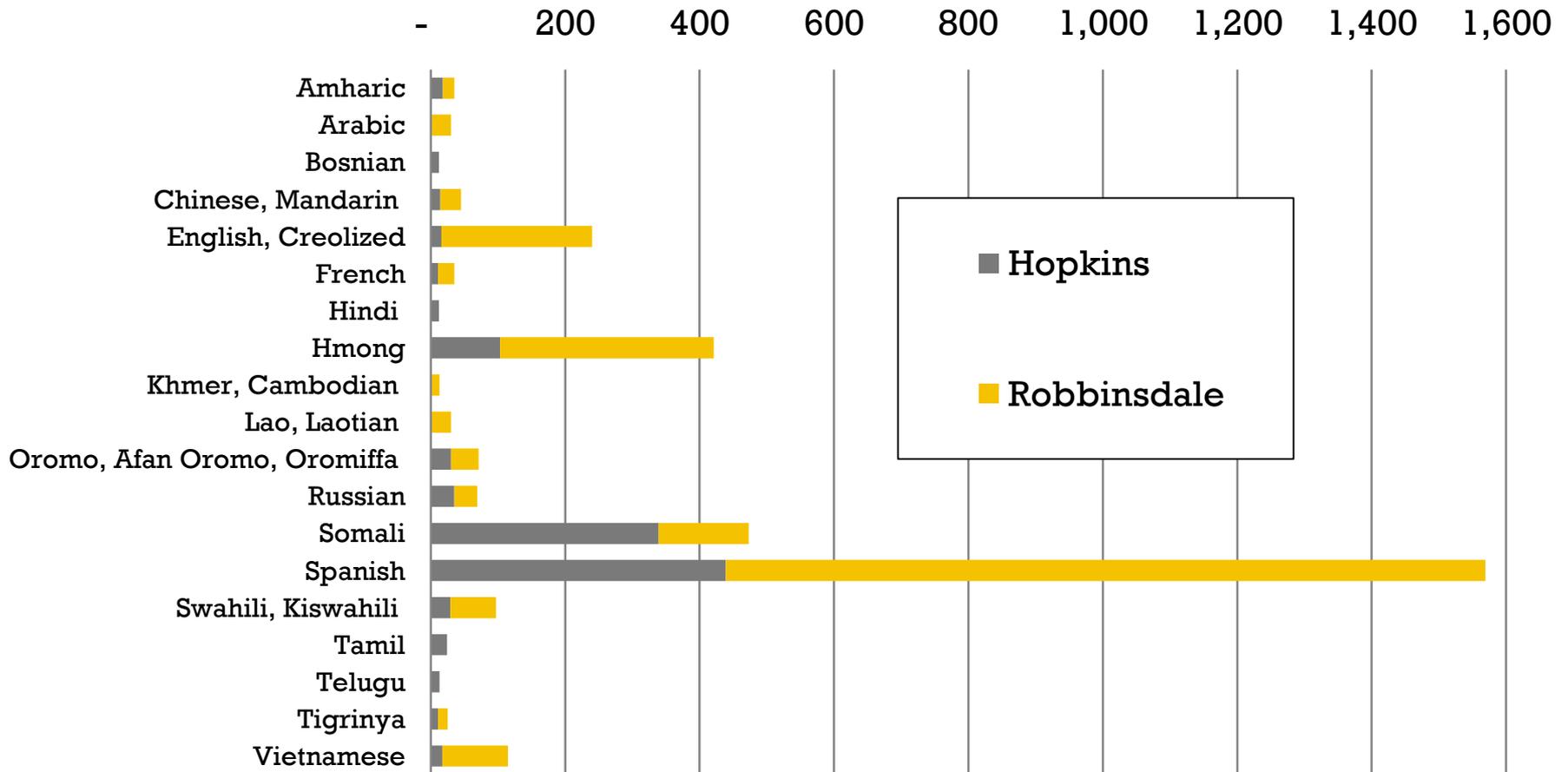
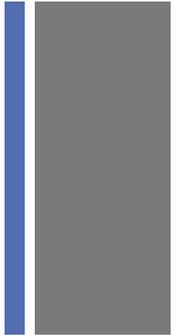
Foreign-born in Golden Valley (2010-2014 averaged)



- About 1,500 – 2,220 residents were born outside of the United States
- About 7% - 11% of all residents in Golden Valley



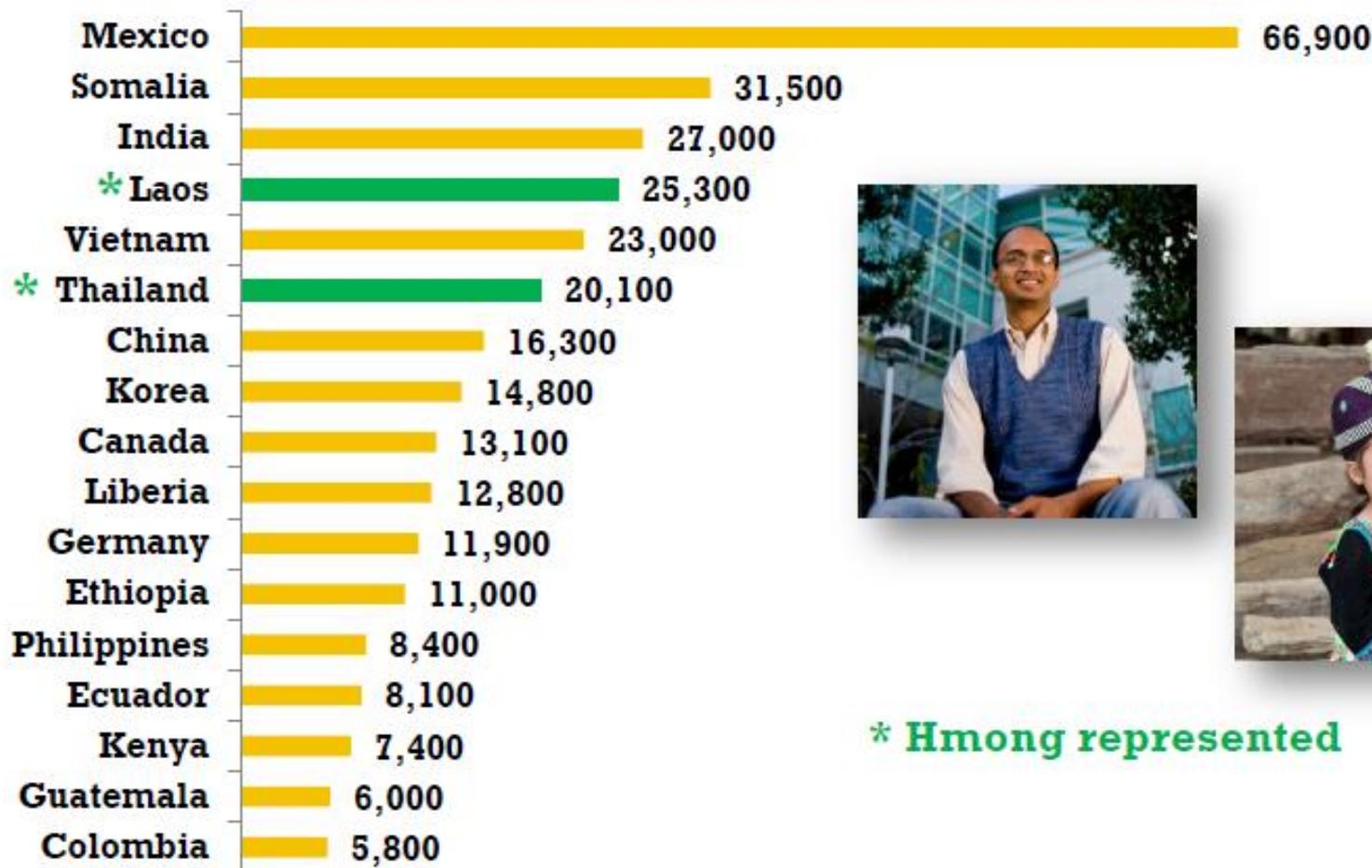
Students by Primary Home Language, Hopkins & Robbinsdale districts, 2014-15



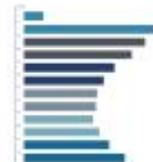
Source: Minnesota Department of Education. Languages spoken by less than 10 students are not shown.



MN foreign-born populations: Largest groups by country of birth, 2013



* Hmong represented





Percent of MN young people who are “children of immigrants”



Under age 20, it's 1 in 6

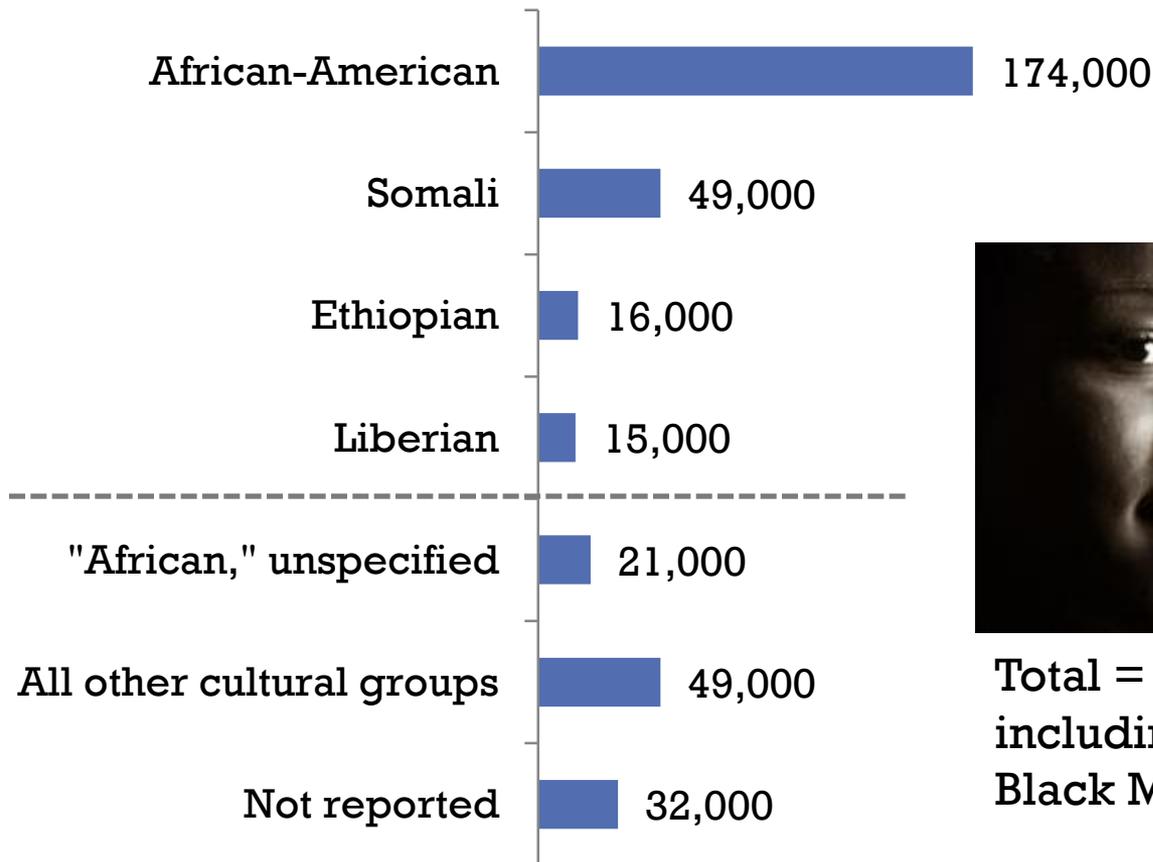
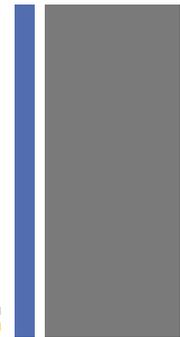


Under age 5, it's 1 in 5

“Children of immigrants” are foreign-born themselves, or have one or two foreign-born parents

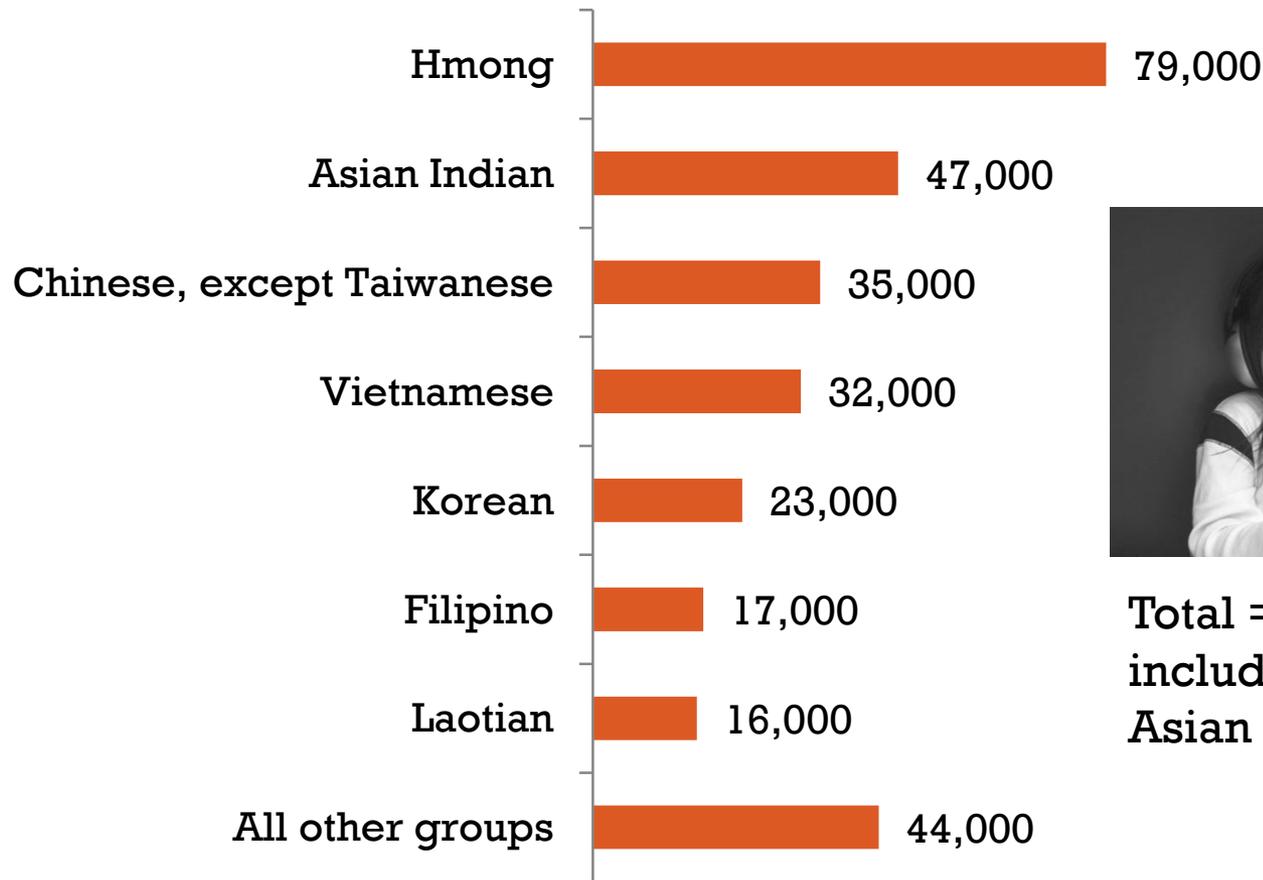


Largest cultural groups reported by Black Minnesotans



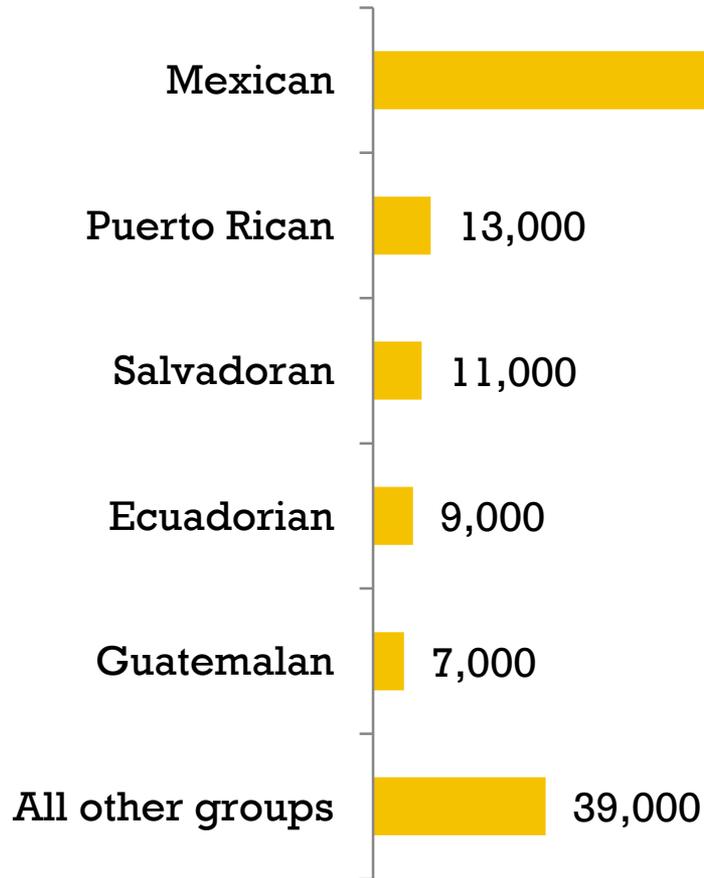
Total = 359,000 including multi-racial Black Minnesotans

+ Largest cultural groups reported by Asian Minnesotans



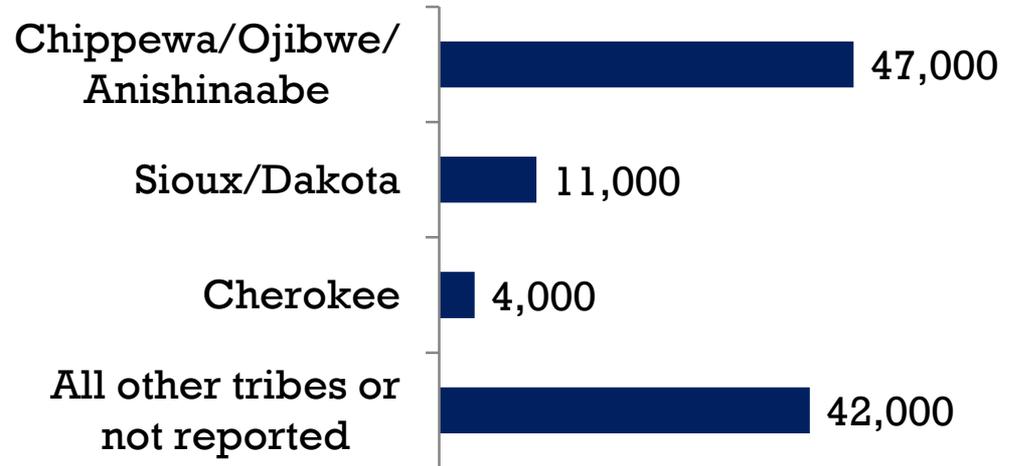
**Total = 293,000
including multi-racial
Asian Minnesotans**

+ Largest cultural groups reported by Hispanic/Latino Minnesotans



Total = 276,000
Hispanics of any
race or origin

+ Largest tribal groups reported by American Indian Minnesotans



**Total = 104,000
including multi-racial
American Indians**

The Economic Status of Minnesotans

A Chartbook With Data For 17 Cultural Groups

JANUARY 2016



mn.gov/demography

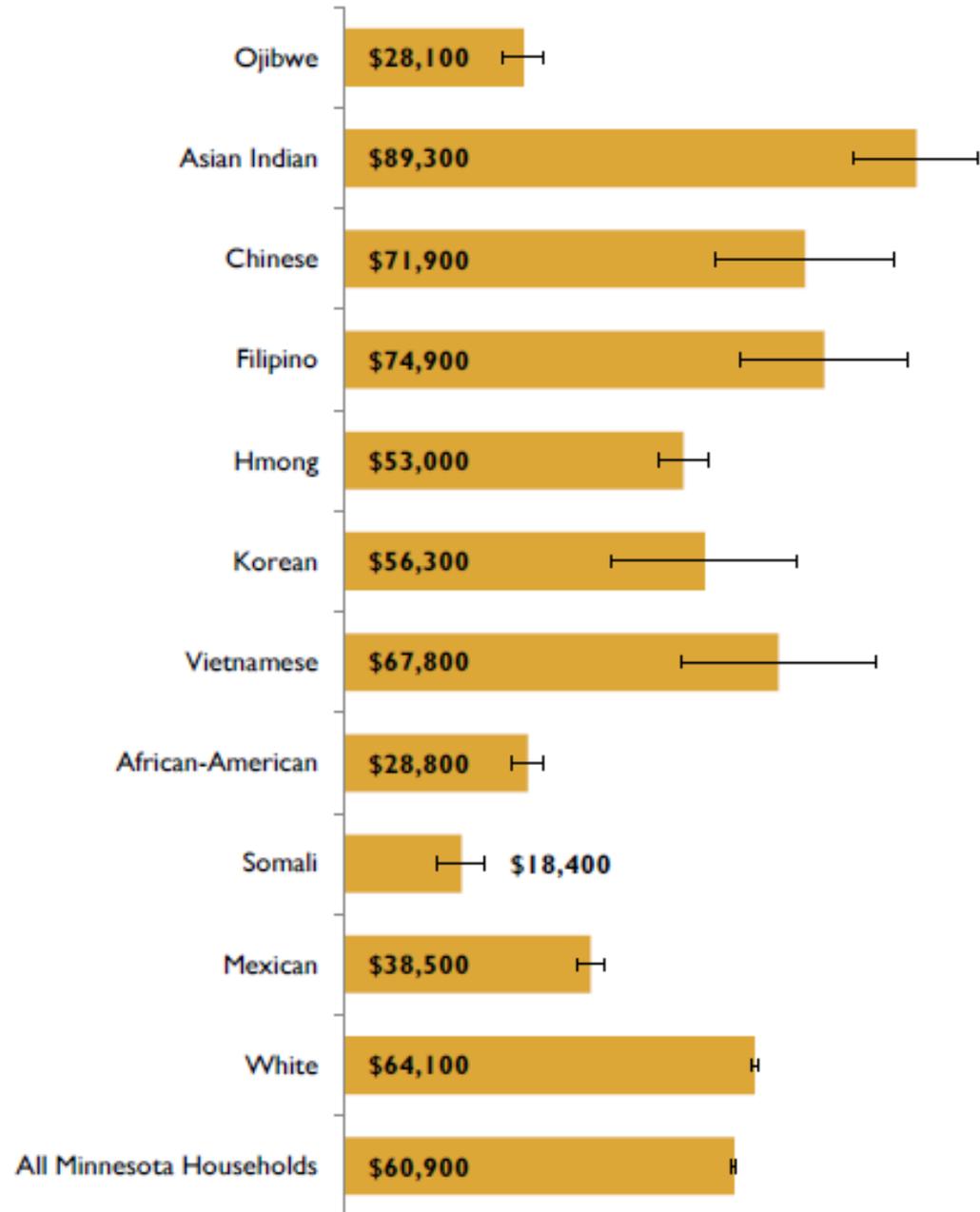
All data in the report refer to the annual average during years 2010 to 2014. Report is available off our homepage at mn.gov/demography or direct at <http://bit.ly/1OKVT5I>



Median household income very low for many populations of color

Median household income in Golden Valley is \$82,300

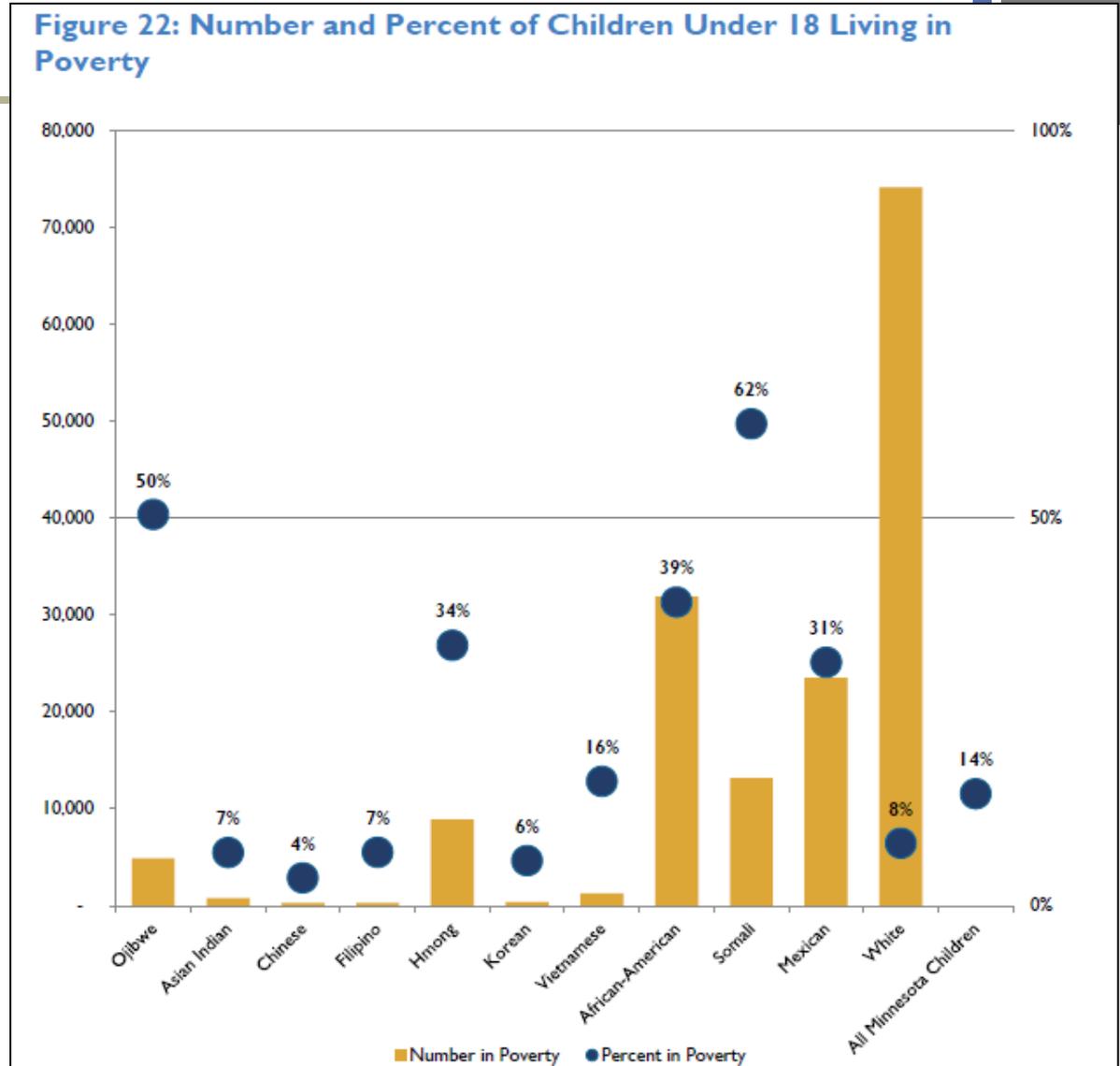
Figure 19: Median Household Income (in 2014 dollars)





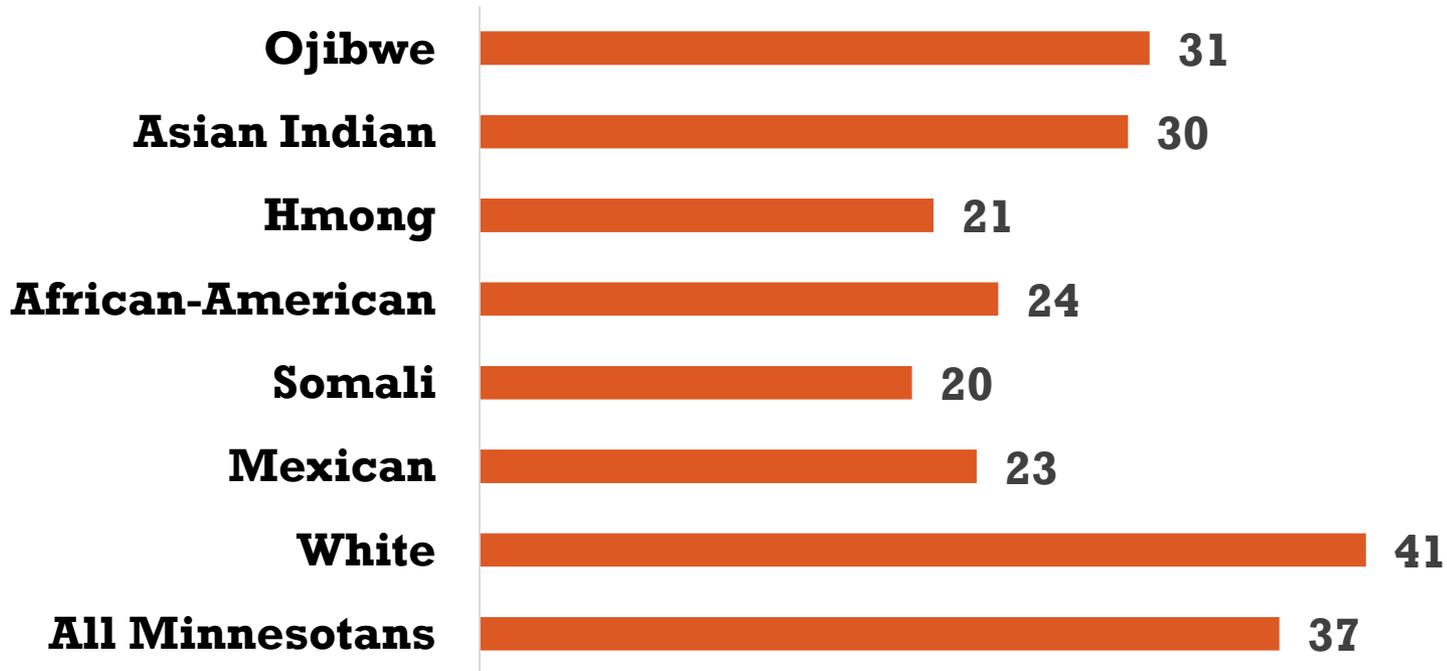
Child poverty across Minnesota

- Even deep into economic recovery, child poverty all too common in MN



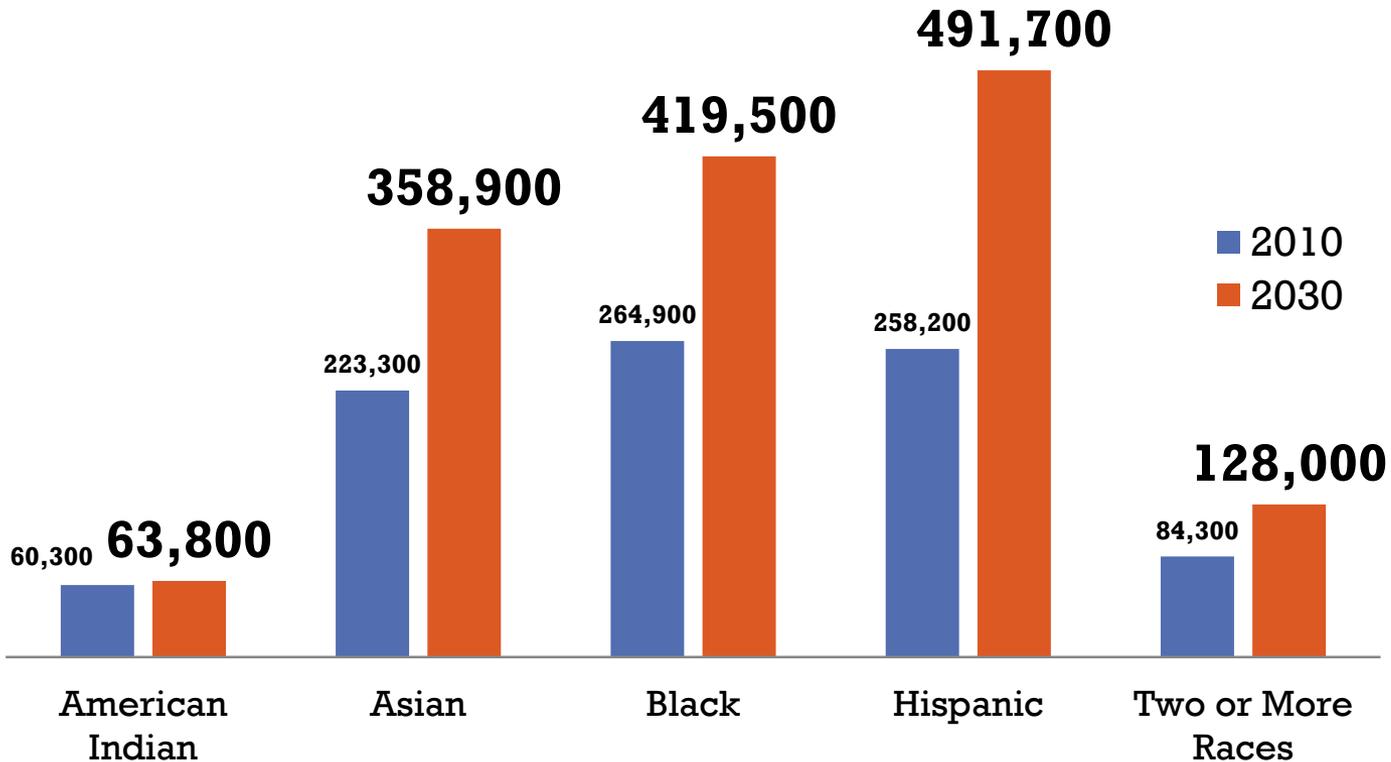
+ Hmong, African-American, Somali & Mexican Minnesotans Are Young

Median Age of Minnesotans,
2010-2014 average





MN: Largest growth among Asian, Black and Hispanic groups by 2030



Source: Minnesota State Demographic Center projections.



Which MN kids are leaving high school in 4 years with a diploma? (2015 data)

- 82% of all public high school students
- 52% of American Indian students
- 83% of Asian students
- 66% of Hispanic students
- 62% of Black students
- 87% of White students

Two fastest growing demographic groups in MN



+ Take-away thoughts for those contemplating these trends

- All areas of the state will feel the effects of an aging population. **Health care and long-term care** will become cost-drivers of public budgets. How will we balance this with other public needs?
- However, older adults transitioning out the workforce will **positively shape our communities** with volunteerism, mentoring and advancing their own solutions to the challenges of aging.
- **As Baby Boomers retire, a tightening labor force** will create new opportunities for workers, but will place strain on employers. The search for skilled hands and minds will intensify (here and across much of the globe). Fewer workers relative to older adults puts a premium on **developing, retaining, and attracting skilled workers and business leaders** — to fuel continued economic growth.
- Minnesota's **communities, workplaces, and markets for business will grow more diverse** in the decades to come. The success of populations of Color is essential for our state's overall success—and present disparities are large.

+ And Finally...

Community leaders will need to be brave, creative, collaborative, and adaptive in responding to these demographic changes.

You are part of the solution!



Links to more Census data for Golden Valley (averaged 2010-2014)

- Social characteristics:
<http://1.usa.gov/1mVa0tD>
- Economic characteristics:
<http://1.usa.gov/1oF8iyd>
- Demographic characteristics:
<http://1.usa.gov/1VBUw9P>
- Birthplace of foreign-born:
<http://1.usa.gov/1QYSg8E>
- Ancestry of all:
<http://1.usa.gov/1XKVLf5>



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